

Breakfast Table Tax is Boosted

**FIRST
SECTION**

The Fort Wayne Sentinel

Only Evening Newspaper in Fort Wayne Receiving the Associated Press Dispatches

ESTABLISHED 1833.

THURSDAY EVENING, MAY 31, 1917.

-16 PAGES. -2 CENTS.

**WEATHER FORECAST FOR
FORT WAYNE AND
VICINITY.**

GENERALLY FAIR AND COOLER
TONIGHT AND FRIDAY.

Denounce Draft Law as Immoral and Illegal

PEACE TERMS AND DEMOCRACY CROWD USE STRONG WORDS

Conference in New York Raises Its
Voice Against Conscription
in Defiant Tones.

WANTS FEDERAL OFFICERS TO LISTEN

New York, May 31.—The conscription act was characterized both immoral and unconstitutional at the first American conference on democracy and terms of peace which was again in session today at Madison Square Garden with socialists and pacifists in attendance.

The speaker was Daniel Kiefer, of Cincinnati, who was introduced after Dr. Judah L. Magnes, one of the organizers of the conference had referred to newspaper dispatches from Washington telling of the purpose of the department of justice to take stenographic notes at peace meetings and prosecute those who infringe the law.

"I don't know whether this is the kind of meeting the department of justice means," said Mr. Magnes, "but if it is and there are stenographers here, I would like to invite them to this platform, where they may see and hear everything that transpires. In Prussia, at political meetings, the stenographers are seated on the platform. They take notes and report to the government. Inasmuch as we are very rapidly becoming Prussianized we should follow the Prussian example at our meeting."

Dr. Magnes pointed out that the organizers of the conference had resolved that proposed adoption of any action contrary to the law would be declared out of order, but that they regarded as "perfectly within the law and favored all discussions as to the wisdom and unwisdom of existing laws."

GIGANTIC PLOT OF PROPAGANDA IS UNEARTHED

Columbus, O., May 31.—A gigantic propaganda plot, with national headquarters in this city, organized to induce young men of military age all over the United States to refrain from registering for conscription next Tuesday, has been uncovered by state and government secret service agents, according to announcement made this afternoon by James M. Cox. Details of the plot which was said to have extended into many states, became known when United States Marshals raided a print shop and office at 111½ South High street, where practically all of the propaganda literature was printed and distributed. It was stated that the plot appeared to be well financed and well organized.

SMALL BUYERS GET CHANCE AT LIBERTY BONDS

New York, May 31.—Small investors today were given an opportunity to subscribe their bit to the liberty loan through the purchase of \$10 participation certificates, which were placed on sale in department stores and banks. Advance orders for them insured a wide distribution throughout the city. Bankers and bond brokers are watching the certificate experiment, which is said to have been successful in France and England, and it may be tried in

SEEK PEACE IN MEETING

German Delegates to the
Stockholm Conference
Not Kaiser-Marked.

MAJORITY WILL
SPEAK OWN MINDS

Teutonic Delegates Are Ex-
pected to Help End
War.

Copenhagen, May 31.—Via London.—The program of the German majority socialist delegates to the Stockholm conference evidently,

(Continued on Page 2, Column 5.)

SAYS GERMANY SEEKS NO LAND

A Semi-Official Newspaper
of Berlin Denies Plan
of Conquest.

FUTURE SECURITY
IS OBJECT OF WAR

New President of Lower
House of Austria is
Against Grabs.

Amsterdam, May 31.—The declaration is made by the semi-official Norddeutsche Allgemeine Zeitung of Berlin that Germany desires no extension of territory for the purpose of aggrandizement or of political or economic accretion of power. Germany wishes solely to defend her own territory against foreign plans of conquest, the newspaper says, and moreover demands such guarantees as will serve for the best purpose of her future defense and self-protection.

These statements are made in commenting on the recent speeches by Lord Robert Cecil, British minister of blockade, and H. H. Asquith, former British premier. The newspaper says that, apart from the imputations in Mr. Asquith's speech, the principles expounded coincide with those of responsible German quarters, both formerly and during the present war.

(Continued on Page 2, Column 3.)

GERMANS CROWD LINE TO OBTAIN ZONE PERMITS

New York, May 31.—Unaware that the time had been extended to June 8, several hundred Germans formed in line in the federal building early today anxious to make application for permission to live or travel in the zones about forts, navy yards and armories. Even when informed of the extension of time, a majority remained in line until their cases could be heard by Marshal McCarthy and his assistants. Investigation of the applications already filed began today. In Hoboken, N. J., where a third of the population of 68,000 is German the United States marshal's office was besieged all day yesterday by applicants for permits. It was estimated that 1,500 applications were made up to the time the office closed. In Brooklyn last night more than 1,000 Germans were in line when Marshal Power closed his office after registering 5,000 applicants. At Manhattan, a majority of the unsuccessful ones remained in line and waited until Marshal Power reopened his office this morning.

AMNESTY GIVEN TO THE FINNISH FOR OLD CRIME

Petrograd, via London, May 31.—(3:40 a. m.)—The provisional government, on the proposal of the Finnish senate has proclaimed the complete or partial remission of sentences pronounced on all Finnish citizens for crimes or offenses committed prior to March 20, 1917.

The government has also decreed repressive measures against the abuse of alcohol. Persons getting drunk or drinking to excess in public places are liable to eighteen months' imprisonment. Persons convicted of acts of violence or other offenses will be liable to penal servitude for six or eight years.

PROWLER NEAR A RAILWAY BRIDGE SLAIN BY GUARD

Chicago, May 31.—An unidentified man, lurking near a railroad bridge on the outskirts of Chicago early today, was shot and killed by a private in an Illinois National guard regiment. The man was shot after he had knuckled down with a brick another guardman who ordered him to approach for identification.

ALL BLAME ON WESSEL

Officials Question John Alt
and Miss Potthoff for
Two Hours.

ALT DENIES HE HAD
\$200 OF CITY FUND

Wessel Had Told That Board
Knew He Was Using
Money.

"Wessel was the whole works," said Mayor W. J. Hosey, Thursday noon, after a two hour conference between city officials and city light employees, regarding the recent shortage in the city light funds. Frank Dix, superintendent of the department; John Alt, treasurer, and Miss Mary Potthoff, secretary, were called into the mayor's office for questioning.

"The matter will be dropped if the books of the light department are found to be correct by the accountants, I think," said Mayor Hosey. "Wessel is the man who caused all the woe."

"When Wessel took large sums of money he told Alt that the board of works knew that he was making use of the funds," Mayor Hosey says that he learned from Alt. "Alt was only a subordinate and trusted the motives of Wessel. So far I do not see how we can claim any evil intentions on Alt's part."

(Continued on Page 2, Column 3.)

TWO KILLED BY BLAST ON SHIP NEAR HONOLULU

Honolulu, May 31.—Two members of the crew were killed when the steamship Hamakau, carrying explosives, burned yesterday off island of Maui of Hawaiian group, according to word received here today. The vessel was a total loss. George Nystrom, first officer, was killed while directing the fighting of the flames. The boatswain is missing and is believed to have perished. Captain Wichert stated the fire was caused by an explosion, which blew off the hatches and caused the ship to be enveloped in flames almost immediately. The gasoline drums on the ship's deck exploded shortly after, making impossible a successful fight against the fire. Captain Wichert said the cause of the explosion was a mystery. The Hamakau, owned by the Inter-Island Steamship company, of Honolulu, was of 646 gross tons.

CENSORSHIP IS UP IN HOUSE IN FINAL ATTEMPT

Washington, May 31.—The long drawn out contest over the question of a newspaper censorship was renewed in the house today with the fate of the proposal somewhat in doubt.

The question arose when the house took up for adoption the conference report on the espionage bill containing the new compromise censorship provision. Both opponents and friends of the censorship proposal made eleventh hour canvasses among members to win support to their side. Should the provision be rejected, as predicted by many senate and house leaders, a separate censorship bill may be presented by the administration.

**The "Teeth"
—OF—
The Army and Navy
Uncle Harry Explains
The Importance of Dental
Work Among Soldiers and
Sailors
On Page 5**

NEGRO RIOTS ARE ABATING

After Five Days of Dis-
order East St. Louis
More Quiet.

JUST A LITTLE
SHOOTING DONE

Mob Eludes Troops and is
Having a Nigger Hunt
on the Quiet.

East St. Louis, Ill., May 31.—Anti-negro riots, which began Monday night, have recurred each night, but with decreasing violence and Col. C. E. Clayton, commanding the six companies of Illinois National Guardsmen, now on duty, today declared he believed the officials had the situation well in hand and that there would be little more disturbance.

Last night, despite the fact that the city was patrolled by police, special deputies and National Guardsmen, fifty men massed shortly after the saloons closed at 6 o'clock and began a search for negroes. One was shot and wounded, while two others were beaten with fists and clubs and warned to leave town.

The mob congregated near a negro section in the outskirts of the city and the shooting attracted the National Guardsmen, who soon dispersed it. There was no further trouble until early today when three shots were fired from second story windows of a

(Continued on Page 2, Column 2.)

SPAIN IS AGAIN FACING A CRISIS DUE TO THE WAR

Madrid, May 31.—(Via Paris, 4:50 a. m.)—According to the newspapers the constitutional guarantees will be suspended again in two or three days. Former Premier Count Romanones has declined to an intimate friend that he regretted he was not invited to the mass meeting held by pro-ally sympathizers last Sunday. He said that if he had been present he would have maintained the declarations made in his letter to King Alfonso at the time he resigned. He added that many liberals who were partisans of the allies would also have liked to have been present. Discussing the same subject with the correspondent of a French newspaper Count Romanones said:

"The meeting was of enormous importance. It will perhaps exercise a greater influence on foreign than on home policies."

WAR PIE WEDGE AT NICKEL RUN TO A SEVENTH

Chicago, May 31.—Pies cut in seven pieces confronted lovers of that pastry who lunched in moderate priced restaurants today. A few years ago a quarter of a pie could be had for a nickel. Then they began cutting it into five pieces, and a few weeks ago the angle end became more acute and they made it six. The restaurant proprietors claim the wholesale price of pies has been raised from 18 to 25 cents within a week and that they are obliged to make seven divisions in order to obtain any profit at a nickel a cut. A few restaurants have restored the quarter portion and are charging 10 cents.

THE MARCH KING ENLISTS IN NAVY TO FORM A BAND

Great Lakes, Ill., May 31.—John Philip Sousa, who held the rank of Lieutenant when he was director of the United States Marine band at Washington, today became an enlisted man in the United States navy. He began the organization of the Great Lakes Naval training station band, which he hopes to develop into one of the best.

TEA, COFFEE AND SUGAR TO RAISE A GREAT REVENUE

Staples of American Breakfast Table
Designed by Senate to Produce
Some Eighty Millions.

HOUSE RATES ARE JUST ABOUT DOUBLED

Washington, May 31.—The senate finance committee today decided to provide in the war tax bill to raise \$80,000,000 by consumption taxes of two cents a pound on coffee, five cents on tea, one-half a cent on sugar and three cents on cocoa.

Another important change agreed upon was the elimination of the present tax of 12½ per cent. on war munitions now ranking \$25,000,000. Substitutes for tea and coffee also will be taxed.

(Continued on Page 2, Column 5.)

ASSAULTS ON FRENCH FAIL

Germans Launch Frequent
Heavy Attacks in the
Champagne.

BIG SHELLS AND
GAS BOMBS USED

Crown Prince's Troops Do
Not Gain Much—British
Loss Heavy.

Paris, May 31.—Noon: The Germans attacked the French lines in the Champagne with extreme violence at several points last night. The attacking forces were checked at some places, by the French fire and at others at the point of the bayonet, the Germans retiring each time after heavy losses, the war office announced.

The fighting was particularly desperate in the region of the Teton, the Casque and Mont Haut, the attack being launched in four successive waves after a heavy bombardment from large calibre guns and suffocating gas shells.

The French took prisoners during the fighting including two officers.

(Continued on Page 2, Column 4.)

GERMANY'S PLAN TO STOP EDUCATIONAL METHODS OF FOES

Havre, May 16.—(Correspondence of the Associated Press.)—A fine of ten thousand marks and three years' imprisonment are the penalties imposed by the German authorities on Belgians who dare pick up proclamations or objects of any nature dropped by allied aviators in invaded territory. The inhabitants are forbidden to approach any flying machine that may be observed in Belgian territory.

lets fall any object whatever to notify the burgomaster, who in turn, must report immediately to the commandant.

This measure is supposed in Belgium to be intended to put an end to propaganda by the aviators of the Belgian, French and British flying corps, who have until now succeeded in keeping the Belgians remaining in occupied territory more or less posted on the military situation.

LIVING WALLS ENCASE ROUTE

Fifteen Thousand People
View Grand Memorial
Day Parade.

TRIBUTE TO DEAD; HOMAGE TO LIVING

Services Held in Lindenwood
Surrounded by Decorated
Graves of Heroes.

To the martial tread of music, the grand Memorial day parade, consisting of veterans of the civil war, military organization of all kinds and other recently formed societies passed through the streets of Fort Wayne Wednesday afternoon. The line of march was encased by a living wall, and it is estimated that fifteen thousand people viewed the procession. There were approximately six thousand people in the parade.

Success crowned every detail of the observance. Decoration day when tribute in its highest form was paid to those who died that liberty and others might live and when homage was paid to those who still survive to tell of the hazardous tales which surrounded the events of '65, when the first country in the world was kept intact.

The program was carried out as planned in Lindenwood cemetery immediately after the arrival of the procession. Hon. Harry H. Higemann gave the address which stirred the emotions of the thousands of people who crowded about the speaker's stand. Here, surrounded by the decorated graves of heroes, the thrilling and emotional story of the reason of the day's celebration was imparted to all.

The orator of the day spoke in words of highest praise in whose memory and honor the day was being nationally observed. And as the time and occasion could not help but remind everyone of the world-wide war into which the Stars and Stripes have now been drawn, the speaker touched upon the subject for a few minutes.

Lawton Park Services. Immediately after the patriotic organizations of the city had concluded the work of decorating the graves of departed comrades Wednesday morning, services were held at the monument in Lawton park.

Attorney Lee J. Hartzell was the speaker at this service. In addition to delivering a stirring address on the sacredness of Memorial day he told the reason for the celebration of the day in the following words:

WILL ORGANIZE RED CROSS AT MONROEVILLE

Much Interest Has Been
Aroused in That Section
of the County.

Following an agitation extending for several days a meeting will be held Friday evening in the auditorium of the new high school building at Monroeville for the purpose of organizing an auxiliary to the Fort Wayne Red Cross chapter.

Dr. H. E. Steinman has been the chief promoter of the movement and he has succeeded in arousing the citizens of that part of the county to the importance of the Red Cross society in the present war and the tremendous demands that will be made upon it until the war is ended and peace has been declared.

WALLEN RESIDENT DROPS DEAD AT WORK

W. S. Ludwick Stricken With
Apoplexy While Plant-
ing Potatoes.

While engaged in planting potatoes, W. S. Ludwick, aged 56 years, a resident of Wallen, was stricken with apoplexy and died almost instantly. Accompanied by his eight-year-old daughter he left the home about 7 o'clock Wednesday evening. A short time afterward the little girl looked up from her work and saw her father totter and fall. She rushed to his side, but life was already extinct. The little girl fled to her home. Coroner J. E. McArdle was called and after an investigation pronounced death due to a stroke of apoplexy.

Try Sentinel Want Ads.

STORMS KILL HALF A SCORE

Tornadoes in Missouri Do
Much Damage and Take
Many Lives.

ONE VILLAGE IS ENTIRELY RAZED

Fifty Persons Injured in
the Area Where Storm
Passed.

St. Louis, May 31.—Tornadoes in Missouri and southern Illinois yesterday caused the death of at least ten persons and the injury of fifty or more, according to advices today from the various communities over which the storm passed.

At Mineral Point, Mo., four were killed and thirty injured; at Palmer, three are known to be dead and a number injured, and at Eye one man was killed; in Alexander county, Illinois, two men were killed and another fatally hurt. Four other Missouri towns, Graniteville, Bonne Terre, Diehlstadt and Elsmark, were reported struck by the storm, but definite information has not come from those points.

Only School House Spared. The twister which took four lives at Mineral Point, flattened every structure in the village with the exception of the school house.

Much property damage was done in Alexander county, Illinois, where two men lost their lives. One of the freaks of the Illinois storm occurred near Mounds, when a ten ton steam roller was lifted and whirled for fifty feet. An automatic block signal on the Iron Mountain railroad, near Mineral Point, put into operation by the wind, warned a Memphis-St. Louis train, carrying 400 passengers, who watched the storm destroy the village and then gave aid to the injured. The victims were placed on the train and taken to De Soto, where they were cared for at the Railroad Y. M. C. A.

Freaks of the Storm. A number of freaks were reported, one being the experience of the station agent, who was standing with his arms about the shoulders of Thomas Lemasters, conductor, when the Mineral Point station was demolished. The agent escaped unhurt, but Lemasters was killed instantly.

A thrilling race with the tornado was won by the engineer of the Mississippi and Bonne Terre railroad, near Mineral Point, and possibly saved the lives of 100 passengers. When the twister became visible the conductor ordered the engineer to put on full steam in an effort to outrun it. The storm followed the train for more than a mile before it changed its course.

MILD FIRE LOSS FOR FIFTH MONTH

Eleventh Hour Blaze Adds
\$150 to Account of
Flames.

Two hundred dollars was added to the Fort Wayne fire loss for the month of May by a midnight blaze Wednesday night. The automobile standing in the frame garage at the home of Paul Gillett, 2517 South Harrison street, was ignited by its overheated engine. Gillett had just climbed into bed when a neighbor called "fire" before his home. The small garage was partially destroyed and the automobile badly damaged. Loss to the automobile \$50 and to the building \$150.

Total fire loss for the month of May is \$5,405. That is \$2,000 more than was suffered during the fifth month of 1916. There were thirty-two fires during May of this year. There were 22 runs in the same month a year ago.

NEGRO RIOTS ARE ABATING

house near a negro district at a group of guardsmen, who were standing under an arc light. None of the guardsmen was hit. The disturbances, which started Monday night, grew out of a protest against the importation of negro labor from the south, made by labor leaders at a meeting of the city council.

Sentinel Want Ads. Bring Results.

RATES REDUCED

On Loans of
\$5 TO \$100

Our fourth reduction in rates since this office was established. No one need go without the money they want at our present low rates.

It is economy to borrow from us and pay cash for what you buy. It pays to borrow from us when you need money for any purpose.

Easy to pay our way, in small weekly or monthly installments to suit your convenience.

If you are keeping house or have steady employment, we advance money on your own note. Private and courteous attention at all times.

Indiana Loan Co.

211-212 Shoaff Bldg., 2d Floor. Established 1895. Phone 995.

THE RUSSIAN COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF.



GENERAL MICHAEL ALEXIEFF.

Gen. Michael Alexieff, commander-in-chief of the Russian armies, who now that the internal matters of Russia are adjusted, is expected to show a stiffer front to German attack. Military experts hardly expect a new drive, but hope that Germany will be forced to bring back some or all of the forces recently transferred to the western front.—(Copyright, Underwood & Underwood.)

CAPTAIN T. F. RYAN AND AIDS LEAVE FOR EAST

Will Aid Recruiting in Baltimore For Two Weeks.

Capt. Thomas F. Ryan, at the head of Indiana's recruiting forces, left Fort Wayne for the enlistment invasion of Maryland and Delaware Thursday afternoon. Captain Ryan, who is in charge of the Fort Wayne recruiting station, is accompanied by six of his deputies.

The Indiana recruiters will be in Baltimore, Md., and vicinity for two weeks. Their action is due to an order issued by the regular army complement of the eastern states. Captain Ryan and his men were first called out because of the phenomenal recruiting record made by the Fort Wayne station.

Ray Kabisch, York Lackey and Hayle Drago are the latest Fort Wayne recruits. They signed up for cavalry service on Wednesday. Forty men were enlisted on Memorial day.

SAYS GERMANY SEEKS NO LAND

(Continued From Page 1.)

Lord Robert Cecil said in the house of commons on May 16 that Great Britain could not commit herself to a policy of returning German colonies and Turkish provinces in which the natives had been mistreated and asked whether such a policy should be adopted in the case of Poland, Alsace-Lorraine, and Italy. Irrespective of the case, Germany should make reparation for depopulating Belgium, Serbia and Northern France and destroying merchant ships. Mr. Asquith said that if the war were to end in an honorable peace there must be annexation, continuing the emancipation of populations laboring under despotism and such retention of strategic positions as safeguards against future attacks as might be necessary.

Austria Is Moderate.

Amsterdam, May 31.—Dr. Gustav Gross, leader of the German National league, has been elected president of the lower house of the Austrian parliament, according to a Vienna dispatch. In his opening address, Dr. Gross promised freedom of speech and impartiality in debate. He urged the house to see to it that the expectations of Austria's enemies that great dissensions would develop during the session should remain unfulfilled.

"We are in our unshakable determination," he said, "to continue the fight which was forced on us, to the greatly desired honorable peace which will guarantee our safety and independence in the future."

"At the same time nothing is further from our thoughts than suppression of other nations."

After the policies of various parties had been stated by their representatives, Premier Count Clam-Martinić said the government would make a declaration in regard to all the questions raised in one of the first sittings after the speech from the throne. The next sitting was fixed for June 5.

Commenting on the meeting of the Austrian parliament the Tagblatt of Berlin says divergencies of opinion were marked, especially between the Germans and the Czechs, and that the Austrian government has done nothing to improve this situation. It continues: "The fact is that the government appears before the house without a majority behind it and it may easily happen that the government will find itself in the minority."

Various successors to Count Clam-Martinić already are mentioned.

ALL BLAME ON WESSEL

(Continued From Page 1.)

Did Not Take \$200. When asked if there was truth in the rumor to the effect that Alt had made use of \$200 at one time, John Alt stoutly denied any grounds for the assertion.

"I never made use of as much as \$10 at a time of the city money and never for more than a few days," Alt is said to have told the city officials. "When there were small personal bills presented to me and I did not have the money with me I sometimes made out slips for very small sums. I returned the money promptly."

Mayor's Statement.

Mayor Hoesy was authorized by the board at the end of the conference, Thursday morning, to give out the statement in behalf of the city officials.

"There is absolutely no evidence that Alt or Miss Potthoff benefited in any way from use of the city funds."

SEEK PEACE IN MEETING

(Continued From Page 1.)

from the statements of Dr. Eduard David, one of the leading delegates, carries no endorsement by the German government.

Dr. David clearly intimated that the action of the delegation is only binding upon its party and that the envoys have no definite pledges or authorization from the administration at Berlin.

The hopes of the delegates that the German government ultimately will be found amenable to the majority of the peace movement are based partly upon the party's strength in Germany and partly upon the indefinite statements of that master phrase maker, Chancellor von Bethmann-Hollweg, like his declaration that the government is ready to conclude a peace, "which will leave no stone to crumble."

"Dr. David does not hope that peace will result directly from the Stockholm movement. The utmost he expects is that the conference will lay a basis for a peace movement on which peace lovers in all countries can unite. If the conferences prove abortive, Dr. David declares that Germany has perfected its organization so as to live on what it takes and will continue the struggle without weakening. In answer to a question regarding the present German attitude toward America, the socialist leader said that there was no one in Germany who did not regret the break with the United States, and that it was the general hope that the war would be concluded before America's participation in the conflict could become actual."

ASSAULTS ON FRENCH FAIL

(Continued From Page 1.)

BRITISH LOSSES ENORMOUS.

London, May 31.—(11:30 a. m.)—British casualties as published in May show a total of 5,902 officers and 106,331 men.

The British offensive on the Arras front, involving some of the severest fighting of the war, naturally has resulted in large winter casualties. Casualties for the last few months have not been received, but in February the total report was only 1,243 officers and 17,185 men. The assertion of the British that their losses are fifty per cent smaller than in the battle of the Somme, notwithstanding the fact that larger forces are engaged, is not borne out by the figures, although in the absence of the casualty report for April, early in which month the offensive was launched, the showing is not conclusive. The casualties reported in the first three months of the Somme drive were 307,169 officers and men. In August of last year, the second month of the Somme battle, the casualties were 127,945, as compared with 112,423 for May, the second month of the Arras battle.

RAIDERS DRIVEN OFF.

London, May 31.—"A hostile raiding party was driven off early this morning south of Arras," says today's official report on the Franco-Belgian front operations. "We secured a few prisoners."

There was considerable artillery activity on both sides during the night in the neighborhood of Bullecourt and on the right bank of the Scarpe."

KAISER ON WEST FRONT.

Copenhagen, May 31.—(Via London, 10:50 a. m.)—The German emperor on his recent visit to the western front was received at Douai by General von Below. General von Below was formerly in command of the German forces on the Monastir front and has recently been brought across Europe to command one of the armies on the Arras front.

REWARD FOR U-BOATS.

Nice, May 31.—H. C. Barol, an American resident here, has given 125,000 francs to the ministry of marine as prizes for officers and gunners on merchantmen who sink submarines. The money is to be distributed in prizes of 5,000 francs.

VESEL TAKEN BY GERMANY.

Amsterdam, May 31.—According to the Maasbode, the Dutch steamer Pomena, bound from Copenhagen to Amsterdam, has been taken into Swinemunde. The Pomena is a small vessel of 736 tons owned in Amsterdam.

RUSSIA WANTS MONEY.

Petrograd, May 31.—Via London.—The provisional government today approved the proposal of Temporary Finance Minister Teretschenko to raise 200,000,000 rubles and take steps for securing for the treasury "the supply of paper money which already has become indispensable," the Official News Agency announced.

The government's approval of the measure was unanimous, it is stated.

NEW ADVANCE IN ALBANIA.

Rome, May 31.—Via London, 4:46 p. m.—Italian troops in Albania have occupied the villages of Cerevoda, Velizest, Isoja and Cafa, the war office announced today.

The towns occupied by the Italians are in the central part of southern Albania. This extension of the Macedonian front westward to Avlona, on the Adriatic, long has been held by Italian forces. Their advance is reclaiming more of Albania from Austrian influence.

TEA, COFFEE AND SUGAR TO RAISE A GREAT REVENUE

(Continued From Page 1.)

munitions' tax was estimated to yield \$25,000,000, treasury experts told the committee it would be much smaller next year.

Another provision adopted today by the committee would exempt from taxation alcohol reclaimed by refining beer and reducing its alcohol content in the making of "near beer" when such alcohol becomes denatured for commercial purposes.

The committee did not discuss the proposed postal increase on second-class publications.

EARTH SHOCKS FELT.

Cleveland, Ohio, May 31.—Earth shocks were recorded at St. Ignace college observatory early today. Beginning at 4:03 a. m. they reached the maximum at 4:10 and subsided at 5:10 a. m. No estimate as to distance or location is given.

THE STORE THAT DOES THINGS



A Hartmann Wardrobe Trunk

will prove a great convenience and assure the proper packing of your wardrobe.

Separate compartment for all your clothes; hang there as in your closet at home. Open when destination is reached. Clothes in perfect condition.

\$22.50 to \$85.00

Complete Line of Suitcases and Traveling Bags.

Patterson - Fletcher Co.

WAYNE AND HARRISON.

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The hopes of the delegates that the German government ultimately will be found amenable to the majority of the peace movement are based partly upon the party's strength in Germany and partly upon the indefinite statements of that master phrase maker, Chancellor von Bethmann-Hollweg, like his declaration that the government is ready to conclude a peace, "which will leave no stone to crumble."

"Dr. David does not hope that peace will result directly from the Stockholm movement. The utmost he expects is that the conference will lay a basis for a peace movement on which peace lovers in all countries can unite. If the conferences prove abortive, Dr. David declares that Germany has perfected its organization so as to live on what it takes and will continue the struggle without weakening. In answer to a question regarding the present German attitude toward America, the socialist leader said that there was no one in Germany who did not regret the break with the United States, and that it was the general hope that the war would be concluded before America's participation in the conflict could become actual."

ASSAULTS ON FRENCH FAIL

(Continued From Page 1.)

BRITISH LOSSES ENORMOUS.

London, May 31.—(11:30 a. m.)—British casualties as published in May show a total of 5,902 officers and 106,331 men.

The British offensive on the Arras front, involving some of the severest fighting of the war, naturally has resulted in large winter casualties. Casualties for the last few months have not been received, but in February the total report was only 1,243 officers and 17,185 men. The assertion of the British that their losses are fifty per cent smaller than in the battle of the Somme, notwithstanding the fact that larger forces are engaged, is not borne out by the figures, although in the absence of the casualty report for April, early in which month the offensive was launched, the showing is not conclusive. The casualties reported in the first three months of the Somme drive were 307,169 officers and men. In August of last year, the second month of the Somme battle, the casualties were 127,945, as compared with 112,423 for May, the second month of the Arras battle.

RAIDERS DRIVEN OFF.

London, May 31.—"A hostile raiding party was driven off early this morning south of Arras," says today's official report on the Franco-Belgian front operations. "We secured a few prisoners."

There was considerable artillery activity on both sides during the night in the neighborhood of Bullecourt and on the right bank of the Scarpe."

KAISER ON WEST FRONT.

Copenhagen, May 31.—(Via London, 10:50 a. m.)—The German emperor on his recent visit to the western front was received at Douai by General von Below. General von Below was formerly in command of the German forces on the Monastir front and has recently been brought across Europe to command one of the armies on the Arras front.

REWARD FOR U-BOATS.

Nice, May 31.—H. C. Barol, an American resident here, has given 125,000 francs to the ministry of marine as prizes for officers and gunners on merchantmen who sink submarines. The money is to be distributed in prizes of 5,000 francs.

VESEL TAKEN BY GERMANY. Amsterdam, May 31.—According to the Maasbode, the Dutch steamer Pomena, bound from Copenhagen to Amsterdam, has been taken into Swinemunde. The Pomena is a small vessel of 736 tons owned in Amsterdam.

RUSSIA WANTS MONEY. Petrograd, May 31.—Via London.—The provisional government today approved the proposal of Temporary Finance Minister Teretschenko to raise 200,000,000 rubles and take steps for securing for the treasury "the supply of paper money which already has become indispensable," the Official News Agency announced.

The government's approval of the measure was unanimous, it is stated.

NEW ADVANCE IN ALBANIA.

Rome, May 31.—Via London, 4:46 p. m.—Italian troops in Albania have occupied the villages of Cerevoda, Velizest, Isoja and Cafa, the war office announced today.

The towns occupied by the Italians are in the central part of southern Albania. This extension of the Macedonian front westward to Avlona, on the Adriatic, long has been held by Italian forces. Their advance is reclaiming more of Albania from Austrian influence.

SEEK PEACE IN MEETING

(Continued From Page 1.)

from the statements of Dr. Eduard David, one of the leading delegates, carries no endorsement by the German government.

WORLD WAR ARRESTS BUILDING PROJECTS

Many Plans Are Abandoned

and May is \$500,000 Short.

Because of financial uncertainty and high price of building products due to the war, many building plans have been dropped by business men and even home builders in Fort Wayne. The accompanying slump drops the month of May \$471,684 below the record of the fifth month of 1916.

Falling off, largely due to the drop in the records for the month of May, is \$40,255 for the first five months of this year in comparison with 1916. Sixty-six more permits had been issued at the close of May, 1916, than this year has brought out. The figures are: May, 1916, 102 permits issued, \$897,225 expended for building; May, 1917, 79 permits, \$225,541 spent for construction.

For the first five months the totals are: For 1916, 354 permits and \$1,300,686 expended; for 1917, 288 permits, with \$1,260,391 spent for building.

ADMIRAL UPSHUR OLDEST OFFICER OF NAVY PASSED

Washington, May 31.—American naval officers everywhere today were mourning the death of Rear Admiral Uphur, who until his death here last night of heart failure, was the oldest living graduate of the naval academy and dean of the flag officers. He was 94 years old, and his naval career had included service with Commodore Perry in the historic voyage to Japan, service in the civil war with Porter and many important commands with the newer navy.

"We, however, looked towards you with trusting sympathy; we felt that the great fatherland of land, the noble democracy, which offered its hospitality to all the peoples of Europe without distinction of race, of religion or of languages, and granted to all of them the protection of the same just and humane laws could not remain indifferent. You bring all the enthusiasm of your national youth to science and to labor."

JULY WHEAT 89 CENTS DOWN IN A SHORT TIME

Chicago, May 31.—July wheat today went under \$2 a bushel and touched \$1.94, which is 89 cents lower than the price which immediately preceded restorative regulations by the board of trade here two weeks ago.

Flour prices have to a large extent followed the lead of wheat. No agitation has developed among bakers to reduce bread prices, however. At the top of the market the six-cent loaf was advanced to ten cents and the fifteen cent loaf made its appearance. This was attributed largely to the advance of wheat and flour. Good crop reports from Texas and Oklahoma were influential in the decline in wheat.

Summary of the Day's War News

Desperate attempts by the Germans to push back the French from the vantage ground won in the recent attacks by Gen. Petain's forces in the Champagne region have been renewed. As a whole the French line remained intact until the successive severe blow dealt it early today in a sustained effort of an extremely violent and sanguinary character, gas shells being liberally employed. The front was dented at only one point and this but slightly, the crown prince's troops gaining a footing in some advanced trenches northeast of Mont Haut.

At the Teton the Casque positions northwest of Auberville and at Mont Blond, on the front, against which the attacks were launched, the net German gain was nil, the valuable ground which the French need for the pushing of a further offensive, particularly for observations, being retained intact.

Along the British line in France the comparative quiet continues, broken only by trench raids. Increasing artillery activity from the Arras battle front, however, is reported today near Bullecourt and further north along the Scarpe, east of Arras. British losses of men in the Arras battle are reflected in the figures of casualties published during May, which total 112,233, including 5,902 officers.

The political situation in Spain is being closely watched, particularly in view of today's newspaper

ONLY BIG
CIRCUS
COMINGFORT WAYNE,
FRIDAY, JUNE 1HAGENBECK-WALLACE
Circus

DIRECTION OF ED. BALLARD

1,000 PEOPLE
3 R. R. TRAINS
400 ARTISTS
500 HORSES

BIGGEST ZOO ON EARTH
GIANT OF TENTED INSTITUTIONS
EARTH'S MOST AMAZING ACTS
\$1,000,000 INVESTED DAILY EXPENSE \$7,500

50 CLOWNS
80 MUSICIANS
60 RIDERS
60 AERIALISTS

PARADE AT 10 A. M. PRECEDING THE FIRST PERFORMANCE
SHOWS OPEN AT 1 AND 3 P. M. PERFORMANCES BEGIN AT 2 AND 8 P. M.
ONE 50c TICKET ADMITS TO ALL Shows Only 10 Cents Plus Price

Reserved and admission tickets on sale Circus Day at the D. & N. Pharmacy. Same prices as charged on the show grounds. 5-19-26-31

LATEST PHOTOGRAPH OF GEN. PETAIN,
COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF OF THE FRENCH

GENERAL PETAIN

A new photograph of General Petain, generalissimo of the French army and supreme commander of the allied forces operating in northern France. (Copyright, Central News Service.)

BE PATRIOTIC AND FILL OUT

THIS BLANK AND MAIL TODAY

NATIONAL FOOD RELIEF COMMITTEE, Fort Wayne Branch, 310 Clinton St., Fort Wayne, Ind.

Gentlemen: In consideration of you, as lessee, using the ground for the purpose of aiding the cause of National Food Production, I hereby lease to you, for the growing season of the year, 1917, the following described real estate, to-wit:.....

in the City of Fort Wayne, Indiana, on the..... side of..... street and between..... streets.

Date.....

Now is the time to order your Krudop Anthracite Coal in all sizes. Have taken the output of two mines in Pennsylvania.

PHONE 135 OR 3022

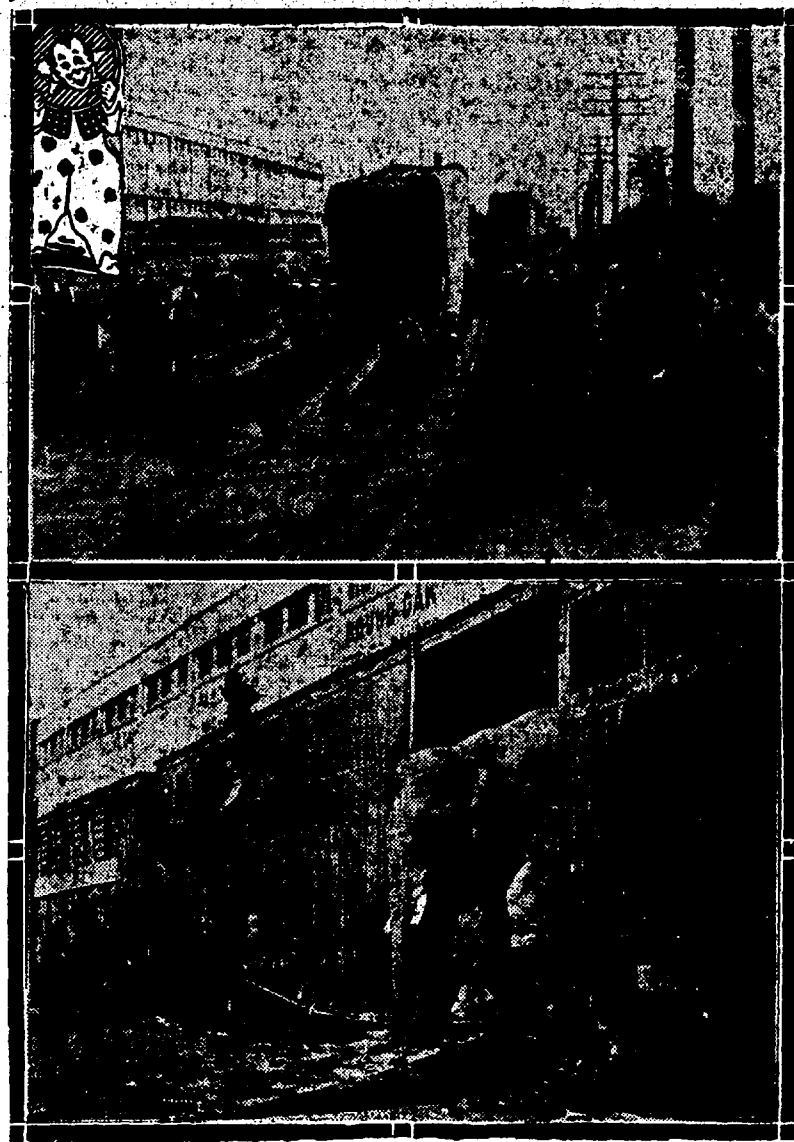
Some People Do Find Good Servants

They may be "lucky," of course. But perhaps it's more like good management than good luck.

Most of the good servants are found through "WANT ADVERTISING" or through answering ads. The patient advertiser, who tries again and again—is sure to find, as a reward of persistence, a servant who will be all the trouble of the quest.

Phone Your "Wants" to The Sentinel—173.

Try Sentinel Want Ads.

HAGENBECK-WALLACE DAY WITH RED
WAGONS AND ELEPHANTS, ALMOST DUE

CIRCUS DAY SCENES

CIRCUS DAY AT A GLANCE.

SHOW LOT—Old circus grounds. **ARRIVAL**—In three sections over the Wabash railroad early Friday. First section expected before daylight. All cars unloaded by 8 o'clock. **PARADE**—Leaves show grounds at 11 A. M. and will pass through the principal downtown streets. **TICKETS**—On sale Friday for both performances by a special circus representative at the D. & N. Pharmacy at same prices as charged on the show grounds. **PERFORMANCES**—Two and 8 P. M. Doors open an hour earlier. **DEPARTURE**—Soon after Friday midnight for Winchester, Ind. Show grounds illuminated at night by special plant carried with circus.

Novelty

will be the keynote of Friday's Hagenbeck-Wallace circus, the best elements of the dear old-time circus, with the newest things in the way of European thrills. Monotony and repetition have been eliminated, it is said.

Three trains of double length railroad cars, twice the size of the ordinary car, are used to transport the Carl Hagenbeck-Wallace circus. The first section, known in the parlance of the circus as the "flying squadron," is scheduled to leave Adrian, Mich., where the show plays today, soon after midnight. The dining tents with its conveyors will inaugurate the encampment at the fair grounds, and food will await the hungry hundreds when they reach the circus grounds.

The circus parade will make its start from the show grounds at 11 o'clock Friday morning or as near that hour as conditions will permit. The pageant stretches three miles in length and its beauty, promise is given, will surpass the expectations of the young and old. A score of camels will tread the route, and of camels, zebras, sacred cattle, yaks and other "odd" animals there will be legion. Dozens of open cages will disclose their jungle inmates and trainers. More than 600 equines, ranging from the powerful plumed draft and Percherons and Clydesdales, thoroughbred chariot racers and ring horses to the sturdy little Shetland ponies, ever dear to the hearts of the children, will display themselves.

The allegorical and tableau floats and other appearances with the pageant are resplendent with gold leaf and all represent the best efforts of distinguished designers, sculptors and decorators. Eight bands and two steam callioles will give ceaseless brass harmony and the nonsense clowns will pervade the long line.

The circus performance will begin promptly at 2 o'clock in the afternoon and at 8 o'clock at night, and the Hagenbeck-Wallace management announces that their mammoth new arena tent is waterproof. It is 540 feet in length and is declared to be nothing short of an Aladdin-like canvas palace.

The menagerie comprises an equipment and includes, with few exceptions, every beast, bird and reptile mentioned in natural history. The zoological department represents the monument of the late Carl Hagenbeck, who at the time of his death last year, was the recognized "animal king" of the world. The work of securing new and rare specimens for the traveling zoo still goes on at the European headquarters of the Hagenbeck-Wallace circus.

The trained wild animals number 400 and appear under the personal direction of Philip Hagenbeck, assisted by almost a score of trainers, many of international fame. The beasts perform in a massive steel-girded arena weighing many tons. Among the performing animals will be lions, tigers, jaguars, pumas, leopards and the largest collection of white Polar bears ever seen together at one time.

The circus performance is replete with novelties. Almost every civilized country has furnished a star. There are 400 performers, who work in three rings, two elevated stages and on the quarter of a mile hippodrome track. Among the artists best known to circus goers is Miss Delle Julian, an Australian bareback rider of fame in many civilized countries. Although Miss Julian is only 19 years of age, she has accomplished what few male bareback riders have done, the forward and backward somersault on a running horse.

Among the novelties is the Ward troupe, who hail from the North and

cus, Amsterdam, Holland. Paul Fischer twice daily courts death while performing the triple somersault. As far as it is known in circus history, Fischer is the only person who has successfully mastered the intricate trick of a triple revolution in the air. His act puts to rout some of the so-called laws of gravitation as advanced by learned men. In every other department efforts have been made by the management of the show to secure the most skilled performers in their lines.

The comedy end is looked after by 50 funmakers headed by Arthur Borella, Fred Egner and Lon Moore. The youngest clown is Harold Brady, 4 years old, and "Pop" Arnsen, of three score and ten years, is the oldest of the funmakers. The clown department of the Hagenbeck-Wallace circus has been long noted as supreme and this year it is even larger.

Tickets will be on sale for both performances all day Friday by a special representative at the D. & N. pharmacy at the regular prices charged on the show grounds. By advance purchase, intending patrons will avoid the expected crowds at the scene of the exhibition sale.

Telephone Clint Willson: 893, and order tornado policy. Don't wait until your home is blown down.

4,500 PEOPLE FROLIC
AT PARK WEDNESDAY

Weather is Not Favorable
But Crowds Have a
Happy Time.

Robison park was officially opened to the public Wednesday and approximately 4,500 people enjoyed the pleasure resort on the opening day. The weather was a hindrance to larger crowds, but those who made the trip reported having had a happy time.

Misfortune or ill luck marked the opening day. William Crowell, who was to have made a balloon ascension, was suddenly taken ill Tuesday evening and consequently could not make the flight. He will take the trip into the air next Sunday.

The band which was to have given an afternoon concert marched in the Decoration day parade. The ponies failed to arrive from Indianapolis due to shortage in shipping facilities. The monkeys that inhabited the cage last year died during the winter and although Mr. Williams sent for five more they also died before the opening day. The chutes have been torn down due to lack of support and the small oriental designed building which occupied an important and conspicuous place half way up the large hill has also disappeared because the law has put a ban on fortune telling.

Despite all this ill luck the natural beauty of the park remains. Everything in the park has been repainted and the entire place has put on a very neat appearance. There will be plenty of attractions before the season ends.

Dancing proved to be the popular pastime of the people Wednesday. The large pavilion was crowded the entire afternoon and evening. Although the weather did not warrant them summer gowns were much in evidence as were also the neatly designed consignment of spring hosiery.

HOME DECORATING
HINTS.

Let us help you with paint advice. No surface too large or too small to receive our careful attention. Acme Quality Paint Store, corner Main and Clinton.

Scratch tablets—just the thing for school children, 2 for 5c and 5c each, at Sentinel office.

Try Sentinel Want Ads.



Outdoor Eye Ease

You can enjoy outdoor recreation, motor, golf or fish with perfect ease if you trust your eye-aids to Meigs. Anything from a closed-in auto goggle to a specially made golf glass ground to suit your eyes.

Optically perfect protectors that cannot injure the eyes cost but a few cents more than the other kind and you take no chances. We have them from 25c to \$3.50.

If you wear glasses constantly, let us show you NEUTRO LENSES, made exclusively by us. They "look white, but kill the light," and have all the advantages of dark colored lenses.

1012 Calhoun
Street.MEIGS
Optical SpecialistLyric Theater
Building.

Fort Wayne's Largest Optical House.

"The Place to Get Better Glasses."

CHINA AND BRAZIL IN WAR WOULD
ADD 400,000,000 ENEMIES OF KAISER

Every Continent Will Be
Represented in Conflict if
Two More Republics, Now
on Verge, Declare Against
Germany.

Staff Special.

Washington, May 31.—Four hundred million people will be added to the enemies of the kaiser if China and Brazil, the two greatest republics not yet in the war, but on the verge, decide to declare hostilities against Germany.

China is the most populous republic in the world; Brazil second largest in the western world. China's population is variously estimated at between three and four hundred million. Brazil's is about 25,000,000.

Brazil can put more trained soldiers in the field immediately than the United States. Four million men can be called out under Brazil's military service law.

But Brazil, under the efficiency of war conditions, may do more for America and her allies with her resources than with her soldiers.

Her vast tropical resources have been barely touched and but wait the hand of necessity to pour forth wealth untold for the sustenance of the fighting nations.

China's entry into the war might be



AN OFFICER OF THE CHINESE ARMY.

of more significance to China than to the allies.

Though a republic, it is recognized that the republican government has been restrained by the hand of politicians of the old regime, many of them crooked, all of them looking backward.

This old influence would be completely broken by war, regenerating the nation, it is declared.

It is said to have been due entirely to American influence that China took the first step and broke diplomatic relations with Germany.

Long under the jealous eye of Japan, war might mean for China and the United States a closer relationship and more of freedom from Japanese exploitation.

It is pointed out that if American influence were to take China into the war that same influence would emerge the stronger after war.

China has rich iron and copper mines. Yunnan province is one of the world's leading copper districts, and copper is one of the most needed war materials.

China's army, while not a very definite quality, has been somewhat rejuvenated under the influence of Young China and it, with Chinese natural resources, might be of material advantage in co-operation with Russia.

Entrance of China and Brazil would bring every continent into the war. Brazil, too, it is believed, soon would be followed by other South American republics, notably Argentina.

Have you
Indigestion?

Your food will continue to disagree with you, and cause distress until you strengthen your digestive organs, and tone and sweeten the stomach. You can do this quickly and surely by promptly taking a few doses of

BEECHAM'S
PILLS

Their natural action relieves the stomach of undigested food, stimulates the flow of gastric juice, renews the activity of the liver and bowels, and strengthens the digestive system. Take them with confidence, for 60 years' experience prove that Beecham's Pills

Are good for
the Stomach

A market for electric light plants could be developed in south China if American products could be sold as reasonably and give as great satisfaction as British plants which have been recently installed.

A humane, as well as an efficient system of caring for stray cats and dogs in Milwaukee is due to the efforts of Miss Lenore Cawker, a millionaire dog catcher. Last year Miss Cawker's establishment handled 3,000 dogs alone, and the difference between \$1000, the cost of running the department, and her salary, Miss Cawker received \$1000.

"ONE DISH OF
POST TOASTIES
GOT ME"

SAYS

Bobby

NEVER WERE
CORN
FLAKES
LIKE THIS!

The Fort Wayne Sentinel

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Vol. LXXXIV..... No. 223



THURSDAY, MAY 31, 1917.

ARMY REGISTRATION.

The fundamental thing to keep in mind is that every male person in the United States between the ages of 21 and 31 must register on June 5 under the terms of the conscription law. There are some exceptions that relate to men already in the service of the United States. It is next in importance to remember that failure to register carries a severe penalty. It should also be kept in mind that registration is neither enlistment nor conscription. The government is merely taking a military census and preparing the rolls of eligibility by age under the new law. Selection and exemption will come later. Every man who is of military age by the terms of the law, but who for any reasons—physical, domestic or otherwise—may think himself entitled to exemption will have a chance to present his case and obtain a hearing in due time. But there is no exemption from registration June 5.

There are few who will attempt to escape the legal obligation to register. Such as do so will have short shrift of immunity, for they will be hunted out and no doubt punished, either by complete exposure as slackers or by more formal and painful recourses, as the law provides. Of the ten millions of Americans of military age under the law the government will select a half million. One out of every twenty will be called for service in the first army to be organized by the selective process. Those of the small percentage who dread service have an odd-on chance that they will not be called in the first draft—what a turf sport would describe as a twenty-to-one shot.

But the chances to escape conscription have nothing at all to do with the necessity to register. That cannot be escaped. The law is plain and its mandate is inexorable. No one endowed with good sense, no matter what his spirit may be, will seek to evade the compulsions of the new army law. No one with common sense will spare a moment to listen to the little sprinkling of agitators here and there over the country who are counseling a resistance to the conscription law. There will be an early day of reckoning for persons who from misguided zeal of pacifism or from motives more sinister undertake to obstruct the complete operation of the law and the purpose of the government to levy an army for the nation's defense.

Admonition is good advice wasted on the vast percentage of American citizens of military age. They stand in no need of it for they are ready and willing to serve and will not be at all backward in complying with the duty to register. There are some who may have no purpose to slack, but who may not wholly appreciate the seriousness of any failure to get their names down on the lists. The small number comprised of those who fatuously imagine the law can be resisted and the national government defied will do well to take all the good counsel they can get from any source that the conscription law cannot be beaten.

Let it be kept straight in the mind that on Tuesday, June 5, every male person in the United States, who being then between his twenty-first and his thirty-first birthdays and not then in the military service of the government, must go to the place designated for him and register. That is all that will be required on that occasion, but little as it is, it is a matter of inescapable compulsion that bears alike upon all whose age brings them within the scope of the act. There is but the one day—June 5—for registration.

POPULAR SALE OF BONDS.

A popular sale of government bonds is new to the people of the United States. The fact that bonds are offered to the masses of the people is in itself strange enough to require some time for thorough digestion. Into the minds of millions there never before has entered any thought of the possibility that they could ever

have the opportunity or find the means to purchase government bonds. Some little time must be given for appreciation to grow that they have opportunity and for realization to expand that they can find the means.

The first war loan floated by Great Britain was taken up readily enough, but the British government did not think fit to furnish details as to how and by whom it was taken. The public did not invest. The last and greatest of the British loans was absorbed by more than five millions of subscribers. That means that one in every eight persons in the United Kingdom invested in the bonds of the government. The financial needs of the nation, the attractiveness of bonds as an investment and a better appreciation of their own responsibilities and their own possibilities had grown in the public mind of Great Britain's people between first and last bond issues.

The liberty loan is an appeal first off to the patriotism and the buying power of the mass of the American people. A ready popular subscription to these bonds will be impressive as a notice to the world that the people of America are not slacking in any wise in support of their government in the war. That is one high purpose to be served by a quick absorption of the liberty loan. Another good purpose is that every investor in the liberty loan bonds has become a saver of money and so a source of additional strength to the nation. Those who buy liberty loan bonds will find themselves able to buy bonds of any subsequent loans that the government may have to issue to carry on the war. The investor in a fifty-dollar liberty loan bond today will find himself able to invest in a one-hundred-dollar victory bond next year.

There will be given every opportunity for all the people to acquire liberty loan bonds. The terms fixed by the government have been made still more liberal and easy by the reserve banks and other financial institutions and specially by the great employing corporations. These bonds can be acquired on small monthly installments that scarcely without exception every person now at work will be able to meet.

Liberty loan investments are vital to the nation. The money borrowed upon the bonds must be had to carry on the war. Liberty loan investments are the safest and most convenient investments that any one can take. With a liberty loan bond you can do to the extent of its face value anything you can do with money to an equal amount. It pays interest, it runs for a long time, it is absolutely secure.

THE CONTINUOUS RIOT.

Just to show that North is North and South is South and that it were just as well that never the twain should meet, East St. Louis, which is somewhere on the edge of both, has been staging a continuous performance in race riots for the past five days. There has been some shooting of both whites and blacks by both whites and blacks, the calling of police reserves, the early closing of saloons and finally the appearance of the state guards—all of which details make up the usual concomitants of any well-regulated race riot—but there appears to be no well settled desire among the belligerents to reach peace upon any terms. Meanwhile, if there must be continuance of shooting, why is not that job put out to the militia and the police? It would look better, be perfectly legal and might—though possibly might not—bring about a return of order to the distracted city. However, every community to its own devices in dealing with a race war—and East St. Louis appears to have the most novel and altogether futile shown in the records. Five days of disorder, shooting, deportations and nigger-drives ought to satisfy any community's longing for the strenuous and picturesque.

By token of the fact that it only took congress six weeks to pass an army bill, with the nation meanwhile at war, it may be conceived that congress—having matters of tariff to deal with—cannot possibly put in more than five months debating a war revenue measure. With Washington weather to help out the country, it is conceivable that congress may get the job off its hands by dog days.

That youth Karensky who has taken hold of the Russian war department has a more or less American style of breezy rustling, do-it-now in the way he goes after the Slav armies with orders to get busy. We predict that M. Karensky will become a great man or an exploded phenom at no great length of days.

It should be stated that the eloquent tribute "to the unknown dead," printed on this page Decoration day, was from the pen of Rev. Manford C. Wright, pastor of Trinity Methodist Episcopal church. Unintentionally Rev. Mr. Wright's name was omitted from the article when it was published.

If you are a male, past twenty-one, under thirty-one and resident in the United States next Tuesday, you must register for conscription. The fact that you may have but one leg or none at all does not exempt. You must register.

THE TRANSFER CORNER

By R E M

BALLADE OF DAILY CARES.

(Dedicated to those who should worry.)
Vexed questions, fill folks with despair—
The WHAT, the WHICH, the WHY, the WHO?—
What is the rip with Angletree?
When will the war end? And how true
Are these sad tales they tell on Prue?
Yet, of them all, or good or bad,
Just one obtrudes upon MY view—
Where IS the LAMB that Mary had?

What's German kultur? I don't care!
Nor—what's the date of Waterloo,
Nor—why they call a Russ a bear,
Nor—what makes lizards change their hue,
Nor—why my notes must all come due,
Nor—how to tell good eggs from bad!
But I'd like to know—wouldn't you?—
Where IS the LAMB that Mary had?

That line of Hindenburg is where?
(Ah, reader, don't you wish you knew?)
Who first per-oxidized her hair?
What's the best way to thicken glue?
Whom doth poor Villa still pursue?
Where can one get a liver pad?
All these seem trifles—I just stew—
Where IS the LAMB that Mary had?

L'envoy. (Which is good advice.)

Oh, Worried Ones, what do you do?
Too many WHYS will drive you mad.
Rest up on one that's tried and true—
Where IS the LAMB that Mary had?

Our Daily Affirmation.

SOME PEOPLE WHO SEARCH FOR A ROBE OF RIGHTEOUSNESS WILL NEVER FIND ANYTHING BUT A SECOND HAND PAIR OF PANTS.

No Surgeon.

A. M. wishes it distinctly understood that although he has been a Red Cross delegate he is not up on deligation.

When a Spade's a Spade.

If we may trust newspaper reports, Miss Dorothy D. Frooks has opened a "war wedding bureau" and proposes to "father the next generation with the cream of the country before they go to war." She calls first for "a widower soldier to marry a Spanish war widow." These, we should say, is exquisite directness on the part of Dorothy that ought to bring results. But, in passing, it occurs to us that Dorothy is doing her fighting like many another. Why does she not change her own name while the changing is good, and do her own little bit toward staving off race suicide? Dorothy, you are a joke!

Transfers.

B. L. T. says: "As you fill your gasoline tank, at an extra two cents per, it is a comforting reflection that you are contributing your share of the most recent gift to the Rockefeller Foundation." K. C. Star says: "Missouri expects Pershing to redeem the reputation Stone almost succeeded in throwing away for her."

Detroit Free Press says: "If we were our wife we'd not be satisfied with our wages either." "It is not true that love makes all things easy—it makes us choose what is difficult."—Felix Holt. Luke says: "An old bachelor may join in other indoors sports, but he never had the fun of sneaking upstairs to bed with his shoes in his hand." Washington Post says: "In this sophisticated age it behooves the navy not to be taken in by any old shell game."

The Quip Severe.

Jinks—I heard you were head bookkeeper at Tilton's.
Blinks—Yep.
Jinks—How far ahead did you get?

Remosophy.

Do not rough-house the religious views of others. They are probably believing exactly what is right for them at the present time. We do not care to twang a golden harp for all eternity just to please a lot of sleepy, wall-eyed cherubs. We'd much rather finish our heaven-period in a few hundred years, and come back for another man-sized dip in the sea of earthly trouble.

People who are always kidding about "spirit return" are the very guys who would jump bow-legged if they met a crook in a seance room. The time will come when the theory of essential and universal compensation will reach through every physical plane and mental plane concept. People will then know that the oldest laws of the world are true.

Modernized.

Yankee Doodle went to town,
Upon a spotted pony.
The Germans blew him into bits—
Say, that sounds slightly phony!

That Expense Account.

It is said that a local firm received the following expense account some time ago, sent in by one of its star road-men:

"To incidentals.....\$25.75.
As the useful word, 'incidentals' seemed to hog the entire program, so to speak, the firm wrote to its salesman for an itemized account. In due season the letter came back as follows:
"Gentlemen:—I can't give you an itemized account of last Friday's expenses—I wish I could. As near as I can remember, though, there was a little railroad fare, and a little taxi there, and a little supper here, and some little girl's red hair, and a genuine, gee-whilliker-daddy-long-legs of an old fashioned tear.
"Yours truthfully,
"JIM."

An Improvement.

Mrs. Silks—My husband hammers on something all the time.
Friend—Too bad. Mine only knocks on the outside door at 3 a. m.

How Could She?

"Waist—lost—white silk, between 1320 E. 48th and Shakespeare school."—Tribune.
Impossible! So crude, you know!

Subsiding Storm.

An exchange gives us the following bit of classic diction in a description of what seems to have been a legal battle:

"For a moment things looked squally and that the two attorneys might come together, but Mr. Whipple stated that he did not infer that Fleming had a hand in the matter, but that he had been guilty of hobnobbing with various witnesses, and that he had been in line employ of Landless for more than twelve months. Both attorneys were subsided without coming to blows."

Our Daily Tip to the Kaiser.

WILLIAM, YOUR UNCLE SAMUEL IS NOW PREPARING TO GIVE YOU SOMETHING QUICK AND DEVILISH, DEVILISH QUICK.

The Nifty Pastor.

"Pastor's Wife Foo of Kissing Games. Also Opposed Girl Sitting in His Lap."—Headline.
We do not understand why pastors' wives, as a rule, are so strict.

Not in Fort Wayne.

"Ape Routs Police with Milk Bottles."—Headline.

Lively Corpse.

"Dead Man Made Move as if to Reach for Pistol."—Headline.
Can that be true? What a horrible thing if he had managed to shoot!

STAY IN HIGH SCHOOL

Appeal by United States Commissioner of Education

Nation's Need of Trained Men and Women at Home and in Europe Will Exceed the Supply

An urgent appeal to pupils to remain in high school next fall as a patriotic duty has been issued by Dr. P. P. Claxton, United States commissioner of education. Dr. Claxton points out that there are in the high schools of the United States this year more than one and one-half millions of boys and girls, and somewhat more than 200,000 of them will graduate this month and next. In an ordinary year 90,000 or more of these would next fall enter college, normal school or technical school to be prepared for such service to society, state and nation as can be rendered only by those who have received education beyond that which the high schools can give. He says, "Many college presidents and others fear that on account of our entrance into the war few boys and girls will enter college next fall and that the total college attendance will be very small. The number ought, however, to be much larger than usual."

"The more mature young men are, the more serviceable they are in the army. The selective draft will take only those between 21 and 30. In the total of 60,000,000 people of productive age in the United States the 350,000 students in colleges and normal schools and technical and vocational schools of high grade constitute only about one-half of one per cent. More than half of these live in cities and cannot be employed in agricultural production except as a few of them may find work on the farms during the summer. Their going to college will not lower the productive capacity of the country as a whole in any appreciable degree. The colleges, normal schools and technical schools will all be open with undiminished income from public funds and endowments, and the expense of their maintenance will continue. It is quite probable that many of the older stu-

dents will not return next fall and the higher classes will be smaller than usual. The graduates from the high schools should see to it that the lower classes more than make up for this deficiency."

"This appeal is made on the basis of patriotic duty. If the war should be long the country will need all the trained men and women it can get—many more than it now has. There will be men in abundance to fight in the trenches but there will be a dearth of officers, engineers and men of scientific knowledge and skill in all the industries, in transportation, and in many other places where skill and daring are just as necessary for success as in the trenches. The first call of the allies is for 12,000 engineers and skilled men to repair the railroads of France and England, and other thousands will be needed later. Russia will probably want thousands of men to repair and build her railroads. The increase in transportation and the tax on our own roads will call for large numbers of men of the same kind."

"When the war is over there will be made upon us such demands for men and women of knowledge and training as have never before come to any country. There will be equal need for a much higher average of general intelligence for citizenship than has been necessary until now. The world will have to be rebuilt and American college men and women must assume a large part of the task. In all international affairs we must play a more important part than we have in the past. For years we must feed our own industrial population and a large part

of the population of western and central Europe. We must readjust our industrial and social and civic life and institutions. We must extend our foreign commerce. We must increase our production to pay our large war debts and to carry on all the enterprises for the general welfare which have been begun but many of which will be retarded as the war continues. China and Russia with their new democracies and their new developments which will come as a result will need and ask our help in many ways. England, France, Italy and the central powers will all be going through a process of reconstruction and we should be ready to give them generously every possible help. Their colleges and universities are now almost empty. Their older students, their recent graduates, and their younger professors are fighting and dying in the trenches, or are already dead; as many of their older scientific and literary men, artists, and others whose work is necessary for the enlargement of the cultural and spiritual life and for all that makes for higher civilization. For many years after the war is over some of these countries will be unable to support their colleges and universities as they have supported them in the past. America must come to the rescue. We must be ready to assume all the responsibilities and perform thoroughly and well all the duties that will come to us in the new and more closely related world which will rise out of the ruins of the old world which is now passing away in destruction of the war. To what extent and how well we may be able to do this will depend upon you young men and women who are this year graduating from our high schools and upon those who will follow in the next few years to a larger degree than upon any other like number of people."

SHARK EAT SHARK.

[Grand Rapids Press.]

The food and fuel gamblers are being driven to cover and with punishment staring them in the face they are turning on each other in the desperation of self preservation. In Chicago, where federal activities against the sharks have about reached the indictment stage, the speculators are falling over themselves to turn state's evidence. Their actions are confessions of wrong-doing and indicate that the lowly consumer is about to have his inning.

The cleaning out of the speculators in grain, coal and oil is the first duty of the government if effective control is to be established for war purposes. These leeches on the human household are burdensome enough in times of peace. In times of war they are impossible and short shrift should be made of each and every case. The fact that federal authorities have progressed far enough to cause willingness on the part of some of the gamblers to betray their more dangerous and shadowy colleagues is encouraging. The dark business of the food and fuel sharks should be effectively extinguished at the earliest possible date and no measures neglected to bar its return at any future time.

THE BETTER WAY.

(Houston Post.)

Another reason why it is advisable to absorb the \$2,000,000,000 liberty loan promptly is that it will get the country's hand in so that the next one can be floated easily. It is better to lend money to one's own government and get it back than it is to be forced to hand it over to an enemy government and part with it forever.

PLACING THE BLAME.

(Atchison Globe.)

When a farmer's wheat looks spotted he seems to think that the county commissioners or the president of the nation are not doing right.

FROM THE SENTINEL PAGES 25 YEARS AGO

T. W. Blair delivered the Decoration day address at Pierceton, Ind., yesterday.

The macadam improvement on South Fairfield avenue is about completed.

I. P. Sharp has sold his crockery store to F. C. Cratsley and Charles E. Wharton, who will get possession tomorrow.

The mail carriers presented a handsome appearance in yesterday's Decoration day parade, as did also the fire department.

Charles Brown, a member of the Zollinger battery, while in the parade yesterday fell from a caisson, badly bruising his foot.

Neal Ninde, of this city, pulls the stroke oar in the Harvard college boat crew. The crew expects to defeat Yale in the coming contest.

Twenty-five years ago yesterday was performed the solemn ceremony uniting in marriage Mr. and Mrs. William Pape, of 151 High street.

Wilding & Derheimer expect to start upon their East Wayne street contract tomorrow. The street will be paved with brick from Hanna to Hanover street.

Christian Misner, the South Calhoun street butcher, threw down from his wagon yesterday afternoon near the corner of Calhoun street and Creighton avenue and very badly bruised.

Samuel Meyer, a young farmer residing northeast of the city, was overcome by heat this morning on the street near the Globe flouring mills, and he was conveyed in the patrol wagon to the Hope hospital.

The term of John Wilkinson, the superintendent of the county poor farm, expiring the county commissioners will meet next week for the purpose of electing his successor. A fight is being made for the position.

Rinaldo Hall, driver of Scherer's bakery wagon, was injured in a runaway accident yesterday. The wagon passed over him, fracturing three ribs, also inflicting internal injuries. Hall was taken to the home, 497 East Wayne street, where Dr. A. J. Roswell attended him.

DO NOT REPEAL CHILD LABOR LAW, IS APPEAL OF BIG LABOR LEADER

(By SAMUEL GOMPERS.)

(President American Federation of Labor.)

No more indefensible demand can be made at this time than that to relax federal and state child labor laws.

The standards established to protect and conserve the health and welfare of men, women and children are not privileges to be cast lightly aside at the first appearance of danger and new problems.

They are inseparable from the very existence of the nation, to be sacrificed only in the last supreme effort for self-defense.

We have only recently entered the war and have not yet made the effort to meet war needs under existing standards for the conservation and welfare of the workers.

Until by actual tests the men and women of the nation have proved themselves unable to cope with the emergency, we ought not to attempt to shift our responsibilities upon the shoulders of the children.

We owe it to the children to guarantee them opportunity for the fullest physical and intellectual development. We have no right to impose upon them conditions and service that would blight their future and lessen their possibilities throughout life.

The declaration that turned our peaceful nation from a peace basis to organization for war leads us to a course obscured by the shadow of the unknown.

Before our nation could readjust itself and in calm and sober judgment determine the basic principles which obtain under war as well as peace, the agencies for exploitation sought to take advantage of the nation's emergency.

Before the exalted impulse to sacrifice everything to our beloved country's need had been transformed into practical rational efforts to draft, immediate problems, unwise advisers were urging that we tear down all the safeguards built up by years of effort and struggle to protect human life and welfare.

This policy is unwise and pernicious. While no sacrifice is too great to defend the nation's existence, yet it must be made only in accord with the importance of the thing sacrificed.

Only in direct emergency should we sacrifice the standards and safeguards which are essentials to the health and vigor of our people.

The cause which involved our country in this war is that human life might be made safer and freer.

All our policies and methods of fighting the war must square with this directing ideal. It is fundamental that we give equal care to maintaining freedom and democracy in our own land while we fight to maintain them internationally.

The labor movement has fought for years to establish safeguards for the children of this nation, and it will resist every effort to tear down these safeguards.

There is no more deadly certain way to undermine national power than to deny children the rights necessary to most complete development of heart, mind and body. Child labor denies these opportunities, not only to the individuals themselves but to their children and children's children—sapping the life force of the nation.

Our duty to our fellows, our country and to humanity forbids any deterioration of safeguards to assure wholesome, vigorous childhood, thus assuring the perpetuity of our nation and the ideals for which it stands.

A MOVE ON PETROGRAD.

(Indianapolis Star.)

It would not be surprising if the present vacillation, indecision and apparent lack of decision in the forces of the Russian republic are banished by the action of Germany. A report comes from Petrograd that Teutonic forces are massed at Libau preparatory to a drive on the Russian capital as soon as the melting of the ice makes possible the embarkation of troops. The German warships are reported as in readiness to co-operate in the attack.

The Russian generals are making preparations to meet the proposed assault, and it is reasonable to expect that they will be successful. Russia has beaten off other attacks on Petrograd made when Germany's army was in much better shape than at present, and should be able to withstand another assault. Such an offensive on the part of the Teutonic forces would be just the move that might be needed to galvanize the Russian republic into a formidable foe.

The troops on the east front have made practically no move in recent months. Germany has been expending every energy and effort known to its propagandists to get the Russians to make a separate peace. Having failed in that, one might have supposed Berlin would be glad to leave well enough alone and to have Russia as a passive enemy, such as it seems inclined to remain, if left alone.

A move against Petrograd may be a disastrous boomerang that will make the Russian army something to be reckoned with again.

WAR TASK IS HUGE.

[Kansas City Star.]

Some idea of the enormous mass of work that the war department must do before September 1 if the training of the new army is to start then is shown by the fact that 64,000 buildings must be built in the thirty-two cantonments to house this first contingent. It means that 600,000,000 feet of lumber must be converted into barracks, mess halls, bath houses, and the various other structures of a modern camp. This is a

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ber item alone will cost the government \$18,000,000, according to lumber experts on the council of national defense, who have been discussing the possibility of the government in the preparation of its plans and specifications.

According to an official announcement by the government, it plans to build 2,000 buildings at each one of the thirty-two cantonments scattered throughout the country, and that in doing this it will employ between 64,000 and 96,000 men. One hundred and twenty-eight thousand cars of material will be used in building them.

But the question of supplying buildings to house the first contingent of the new draft army is not the most vital at the present time. When that 500,000 goes into camp it means that the war department must have uniforms and other personal equipment for approximately 1,200,000 men. It is intended to have the regular army to its maximum war strength of 300,000 by that time; the national guard is to have 400,000 and the new army 500,000.

It will take months before this big force is supplied with machine guns, field pieces and other ordnance equipment necessary to make it a well-rounded-out army. Complaints that are coming in from the various parts of the country indicate that the people of the United States generally have no conception of the vast amount of work that confronts the war department because of lack of preparedness when the country went into war, and it is expected there will be an

"THAT'S THE POLISH"

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Uncle Harry Tells Why Soldiers and Sailors Must Protect Their Teeth

"I didn't know soldiers fought with their teeth, Uncle Harry," said Joe. The puzzled look accompanying the remark brought a smile from the person addressed.

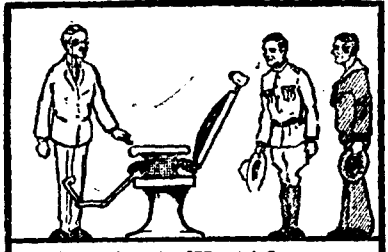
"What prompted you to say that, Joe? There's something on your mind and perhaps I can help you solve the problem," said Uncle Harry.

Without replying, Joe read from the newspaper lying before him on the table: "The dental requirements for enlistment in the army are that the applicant must have at least six serviceable double teeth, two above and two below on one side, and one above and one below on the other side, and so opposed to each other that they are fit for mastication."

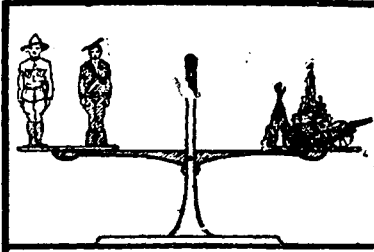
particles of food remaining in the mouth after eating."

"What does bacteria mean, Uncle Harry?" asked Helen.

"This is one of the times when I shall not ask you to look up the meaning in the dictionary," said Uncle Harry smiling, "because the explanation is rather difficult to understand. But I think I can make it clear to you. Bacteria are the very lowest forms of plant life, and are so small that they can be seen only through a powerful microscope. When bacteria are protected or covered up by these particles of food, an acid is formed which roughens the enamel and if the bacteria are thus permitted to get into the cavities they do dangerous work."



The Best Kind of Health Insurance



Just as Important as Guns and Ships

"I know that animals bite and scratch, because their teeth and claws are the only weapons they have," continued Joe. "But soldiers have guns, pistols—"

"And bombs, bayonets, hand grenades and lots of other things," interrupted Jimmie.

"You are both right, boys," replied Uncle Harry, "but some day you will no doubt learn that every one in this world depends upon some other thing or person. When I went to school there was a verse in my copy book which I have never forgotten. It went like this:

For want of a nail the shoe was lost,
For want of a shoe the horse was lost,
For want of a horse the rider was lost,
And all for the want of a horseshoe nail."

"So it is with the teeth. While a soldier does not actually use them to bite his enemies, teeth are a very important part of his equipment. It is necessary for the soldier to be physically fit; to undergo long marches and to perform many services which require a sound body and a clear head. But if a soldier has teeth which will not masticate, or grind his food properly before he swallows it, then all sorts of troubles are likely to follow, such as indigestion and a consequent lowering of vitality, making mental effort difficult."

"For that reason there has been appointed a special committee on dentistry of the general medical committee of the council of national defense to look after all matters pertaining to the teeth, because Uncle Sam has begun to realize that this is probably the one subject he knows the least about in his preparation for war."

"Thank you, Uncle Harry," said Joe. "I see now why soldiers are required to have good teeth and how it is necessary to have a law made so that the foot which they eat may make them strong and able to fight."

"You are right as far as you go, but there is even more to it than that," Uncle Harry added. "While it is necessary to put the teeth in good condition, constant care is also required to keep them so. Never forget that we get our food through a mouth which should be free from germs which produce disease. Decay is caused by covering up bacteria with

The latest authorities on such matters tell us that the mouth is capable of carrying germs productive of sixty-five different diseases. The mouth will harbor disease germs of typhoid and tuberculosis, and as it is the entrance to the alimentary canal, these germs will gradually be absorbed into the circulation and many diseases result from neglect of the teeth. I suppose all of you brush your teeth at least once a day?"

Joe said he sometimes forgot and Jimmie made the excuse that he could not always find his tooth paste and brush. Helen was awarded "first prize" because she said she brushed her teeth after each meal.

"I suppose you think a poor excuse is better than none," said Uncle Harry quickly. "But I am serious, folks, in everything I am saying. You, Joe, must train your mind so that you will not forget, and you, Jimmie, even if you should mislay your tooth paste, remember that salt and water is recommended very highly. My congratulations to you, Helen."

"Can men with artificial teeth enlist?" asked Joe.

"I believe," said Uncle Harry, "that the question of whether men having artificial teeth will be admitted or whether bridge work will be required is now under consideration by the committee. After the regiments have been formed two dentists at least to a regiment will be recommended as necessary to keep the mouths of army men in a condition which will be a protection to their teeth. At present there is but one dentist to one thousand men, which means that an enlisted man can have only one hour's attention every six months."

"And now fellow members," said Uncle Harry as he picked up his straw hat and made ready to go. "I think you can understand that upon the science of dentistry as a measure of national defense, depends much of the success of our army, and our navy as well."

Editor's Note.—Uncle Harry will be glad to answer inquiries, either in this column or by mail, provided letters are signed with the full name and the correspondents' names will not appear in the articles.

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OBSERVE DECORATION DAY AT KENDALLVILLE

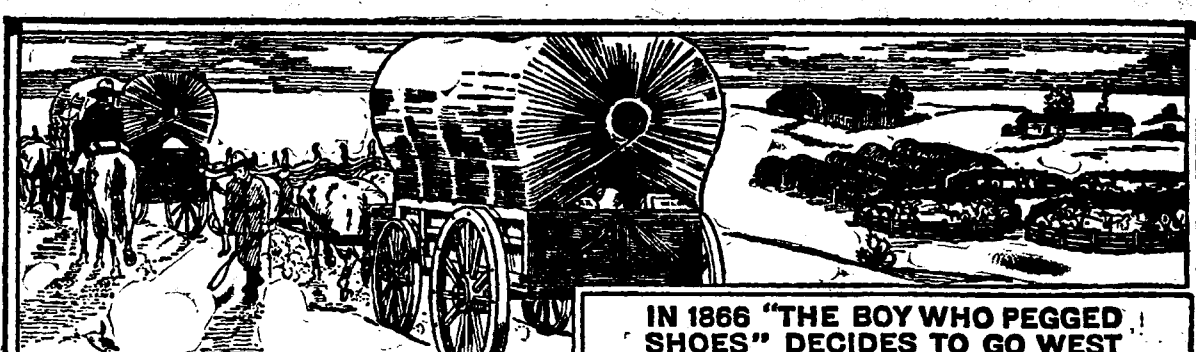
Special Memorial Program Was Given at the Presbyterian Church.

(Special to The Sentinel.)

Kendallville, Ind., May 31.—All business was suspended in the city Wednesday, and Memorial day was observed by paying homage to the nation's heroes. The factories and business stores were all closed for the day. The graves of the dead were decorated with flowers and flags. At 2:30 o'clock a special memorial program was given at the Presbyterian church, which was well attended. The following was the program: Welcome address, W. C. Lane, commander; Invocation, Rev. I. M. McVey, "Tenting on the Old Camp Ground," Miss Beulah Kraner and choir; "Declaration of Independence," read by Mrs. C. B. Lane, Frankfort, Ind.; "Star Spangled Banner," by audience; "The Gettysburg Address," read by Miss Helen Weingart; "Battle Hymn of the Republic," sung by Miss Natalie Kilgore and choir; reading, "The Flower of Liberty," Mrs. Lane; memorial address, Rev. D. C. Truesdale; "America," audience; benediction, Rev. F. A. LeMaster.

Short Kendallville Items.
Miss Edna Fisher, of this city, and Carl Glanton, of Detroit, Mich., were united in marriage Thursday afternoon at the Presbyterian church by the Rev. D. C. Truesdale. The bride is one of the popular young ladies of the city and the bridegroom, who is well known here, was formerly employed at the Fort Wayne & Northern Interurban offices in this city, and is now a traveling salesman for the Goodrich Rubber company. After a honeymoon spent in Chicago Mr. and Mrs. Glanton will go to Detroit, where they will make their future home. They have the best wishes of a host of friends.

At the home of Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Miller, Grant street, Thursday afternoon, occurred the marriage of their daughter, Miss Clara Miller, and



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\$3.00 \$3.50 \$4.00 \$4.50 \$5.00 \$6.00 \$7.00 \$8.00

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For sale by over 9000 shoe dealers and 103 W. L. Douglas stores in the large cities. If not convenient to call at W. L. Douglas store, ask your local dealer for W. L. Douglas shoes. If he cannot supply you, take no other make.

Write for booklet, showing how to W. L. Douglas orders shoes by mail, postage free. 210 Spark St., Brockton, Mass.

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BOYS SHOES
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\$3.00 \$2.50 \$2.00

GAZE UPON \$33,500 WORTH OF "STARLIGHT."



Here we have the brightest luminaries of the films. There is \$33,500 worth of "starlight" shown in the picture. The weekly salaries of the trio come to that total. On the left is Douglas Fairbanks (ought to be Douglas Moneybags). Douglas banks \$10,000 a week. In the middle of the scene is the adorable Mary Pickford, idol of five or six continents and a planet or two, who likewise steps up to the cashier's window once a week for her "pay envelope" with \$10,000 in it. On the right is Charlie Chaplin. His salary is—only \$13,500 a week. The picture is unusually interesting since the three stars are rarely in the same place long enough to pose before the lens. In the movie world they are known as "The Big Three."

Maurice Blum, son of Mr. and Mrs. Fred L. Blum, of this city. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. D. C. Truesdale in the presence of the immediate relatives. The bride has been a teacher in the grades of the public schools for the past year. The bridegroom is a former teacher in the local high school, but has been attending college in Chicago, studying law.

Mrs. E. B. Tallman and daughter, of Grand Rapids, Mich., are here visiting

her sister, Mrs. S. A. Eckhart, and other relatives.

Mr. and Mrs. O. L. Oviatt and daughter, Margaret, are moving to Elkhart, where they will reside.

Miss Edna Morley, domestic science teacher, left Wednesday for Battle Creek, Mich., where she will take a three months' music course.

Sentinel Want Ads Pay.

Iron is mentioned with brass as the earliest of known metals (Genesis, iv, 22). The knowledge of forging iron attributed to Tubalcain argues an acquaintance with the difficulties which attend the smelting of iron.

A tornado policy is not expensive. Order at once from Clint Willson. Phone 893.

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BALDWIN PIANOS
AND
Manual Player Pianos
BERT DUESLER
206 WEST BERRY ST.

FORT WAYNE FIRM IS GIVEN CONTRACT

Boss Mitten Company Will Erect a New Building at Bluffton.

(Special to The Sentinel.)
Bluffton, Ind., May 31.—The contract for the building for the Boss Mitten factory was let to Hilgeman & Worburger of Fort Wayne. Jerry Meyers, of this city, received the contract for the plumbing and heating. The building is to be 100x70 feet, and is to face Washington street. Work of excavation will be started next week.

Short Bluffton Items.
Hewell Banks, the champion checker player, will be in this city the last of the week giving an exhibition to the public.

Sarah First, 45, a resident of near Liberty Center, died at the Easthaven asylum at Richmond, where she had spent the past five years.

Miss Alta Brineman has been taking treatment of a Fort Wayne physician for the last few days, for her eyes. One morning last week she awoke to find one eye blind. She is now under the care of the Fort Wayne specialist. A straining of the eyes working in a local factory is responsible for the misfortune.

The little five-year-old son of Mrs. Lena Price met with a painful accident when he fell from a buggy in which he was standing, landing on his head on the brick pavement. No outward injuries were found but the boy is suffering with concussion of the brain.

Wabash street people have a preference to brick pavement, according to a petition in circulation today. Contract for the pavement is to be awarded by the council next Monday.

MONROEVILLE NEWS.

Monroeville, Ind., May 31.—Mrs. Alice Johnson, of Fort Wayne, is visiting Mrs. N. P. Brown and other friends.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank White, of South Bend, spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Henry Krick.

Bert Sleanoff, of Akron, Ohio, was the guest of Miss Ella Mull, Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Shifferly, Miss Lucy Jones and George Knecht motored to Danville, Ill., Saturday, for a few days' visit with relatives.

Mrs. C. W. Barnhart, of Fort Wayne, visited old friends here Sunday. Miss Jennie Jones has completed her years' school work at Rochester, Ind., and is home for the summer.

Mrs. Henry Krohn and daughter, Anna, are visiting relatives at Fort Wayne.

Mr. and Mrs. S. F. Painter and Miss Nelle Hall and baby, of Sydney, Ohio, are guests at the homes of Gurney and Seth Painter.

Dwight Youse is spending a few days at Indianapolis.

Earl Erwin, of Ada, Ohio, spent Sunday here with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. William Erwin.

Mr. and Mrs. Vern Krohn, of Fort Wayne, visited their parents, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Krohn, Saturday and Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. John Dickerson and daughter, of Convoy, Ohio, and Mr. and Mrs. John Runcher, of Fort Wayne were entertained at the country

home of Mr. and Mrs. George Ireland, Sunday.

Rev. W. H. Stevens, publisher of the "Silent Evangel," of Indianapolis, was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. D. A. Woolford, the latter part of last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Nill, of Fort Wayne, visited Mr. and Mrs. Charles Nill, Sunday.

A mass meeting will be held Friday evening to make arrangements for the organizing of a Red Cross class.

Louis Husted and Miss Bessie Husted, of Harlan, visited Rev. and Mrs. Zechel, Sunday.

Mothers' day was well observed at the M. E. church Sunday. Mrs. Van Buskirk was acting superintendent and the Sunday school attendance was 214. The church service was well attended also and the choir was composed of mothers, grandmothers and great-grandmothers.

The funeral of Mrs. O'Brien, who died Saturday night, was held Tuesday morning at St. Rose Catholic church. Mrs. O'Brien has been a resident of this place a great number of years and was the widow of William O'Brien, who died several years ago. Two children survive her—Mrs. Maggie Reinbolt, of Lima, Ohio, and a son, Thomas O'Brien, in the west.

July 11 and August 15, via Toledo and Boat lines. July 25 and August 1, via Cedar Point and Boat lines. Plan your vacation to take in one of these trips.

THE OHIO ELECTRIC RAILWAY COMPANY.
May 29, 31 June 2, 4, 6

DR. SWISHER SPEAKS.

Huntington, Ind., May 31.—Dr. L. A. Swisher, pastor of the Methodist church, made the annual address at the Memorial day exercises of the G. A. R. Graves of old soldiers were marked with flags Tuesday, and the usual morning details of G. A. R. men were not sent out Wednesday. No flowers were used except by individuals, because the late spring has made blossoms scarce.

Try Sentinel Want Ads.

FORT WAYNE PLUMBING and HEATING Co. Inc.
Prompt and Reliable
Phone 3107

Society

LET PERFUME TELL THE SECRET OF YOUR PERSONALITY, SAYS ACTRESS



Peggy Wood

New York, May 31.—"No woman should use a perfume that does not express her personality," says Peggy Wood, the stage star.

"When a discriminating woman buys a dress," says Miss Wood, "she selects one most becoming to her. So it is with perfume. I have been making a study of type of women and perfumes they ought to use to express their distinctive personalities."

"A woman should classify herself according to her beauty—whether she belongs to the rose or violet type or some other. A jack rose woman is different from a tea rose or white rose, for instance."

"Perfume stimulates the imagination. Sometimes its odor brings back a former association, a chance acquaintance. It helps to stamp one's personality in the minds of others."

"Men are actually more sensitive to perfume than women. They use it in

home in this city after the first of July in their own home at 810 Packard avenue. The bride, who is a charming young woman in every way, looked extremely well in a dark blue dress with a long and long coat made with a vest and collar of gold brocade. The bride's blouse was a combination of blue and gold georgette crepe embroidered in shades of blue and gold beads. The bride's hat was blue to match the coat, with a corded silk crown trimmed simply by a tan band of silk, embroidered in beads, of different colors. The bride's bouquet was a corsage of pink roses and lilies of the valley, and her shoes and gloves corresponded with the rest of her outfit. The bride was escorted to the altar by her brother, Mr. Ruhl, who is a young man of estimable character and both he and Mrs. Ruhl enjoy the respect and good wishes of their many friends. For traveling Mrs. Ruhl wore a suit of brown silk with a blouse of gold corded crepe de chene and hat of sand colored straw finished with a fancy ornament of the same hue.

Reiman-Olson.

Miss Alma Juana Olson, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Charles M. Olson, and Mr. Benjamin D. Reiman were united in marriage at half past 1 o'clock on Wednesday afternoon by Rev. C. O. Shirey, at the home of the bride. An improvised altar of palms and ferns with tall white baskets of pink and white roses on either side. Miss Rosamund Noll played the wedding music and the familiar strains from "Lohengrin" announced the approach of the bride. Miss Ruth Culler was bridesmaid. The bride looked very sweet and attractive in a gown of white net and silk made beautifully, and which hung the long folds of her tulle veil, fastened with a tiny wreath of lilies of the valley. A shower bouquet of bride roses and white sweetpeas lent a finishing touch to the bridal costume. Miss Culler was dressed in pink georgette crepe and silk and her flowers were pink sweetpeas. The house was decorated with spring flowers of several kinds. A reception from 2:30 to 4 o'clock brought many friends to the Olson home to extend congratulations. In the evening Mr. and Mrs. Reiman left for Detroit and Port Huron, Mich. Mr. Reiman is in business in Port Huron and with his bride will be at home soon in Court street, that city. The bride's traveling costume was a dark blue poplin with which she wore a black straw hat. Cuffs and collar of white broadcloth were finishing touches to the coat. Mrs. William Raschke, of Hobart; Leona and Bernice Raschke, of Miss Grace Short, of Hamlet, and Miss Jeanette Shirey, of Winona Lake, were out of town guests.

Doehman-Rippe.

Miss Clara Louise Rippe, granddaughter of Mrs. Catherine Riedmiller, of Taylor street, and Mr. Edward E. Doehman, a son of Mr. and Mrs. William Doehman, were married at 5 o'clock on Thursday afternoon at the parsonage of St. John's Lutheran church by Rev. H. D. Dannecker. There were no attendants other than the immediate relatives who witnessed the marriage service. The bride and groom left immediately afterwards for Detroit, Mich., for a visit but will be at home in a few days.

Non-Partisan League Meet.

Branch No. 1, of the Non-Partisan League, meets this evening at 8 o'clock in Lakeside Normal school. The speakers will be Dr. Carrie Banning, of this city, and Mr. Lockridge, of Indianapolis.

Non-Partisan League Meet.

Branch No. 6, non-partisan league, will meet this evening in the South Wayne school. J. Lloyd Armstrong will give a talk and Mr. Mills will be present with registration blanks.

Dancing Pupils Recital.

Miss Grace Romary Will Present Class in Elks' Hall on Monday.

Dancing pupils of Miss Grace Romary will give a recital at 8 o'clock on Monday evening in the Elks' hall.

FRANK'S | New York Office, Waldorf Building | FRANK'S

20th Bargain Friday

Let Us Store Your Furs Safe from moth, theft and fire. Our auto will call. Phone us.

Six sensational sizzlers to make this event increasingly important to value hunters. Read the items carefully for a full realization of the savings you can made tomorrow.

\$1.00 Roman Striped Petticoats 75c

\$22.50 Silk Jersey Sport Suits \$9.50

We purchased these when in New York last week. Twenty-five women's and misses' silk jersey sport suits that we have never had a suit of like kind to sell at less than \$25. We found a manufacturer who had too many in stock and needed the ready cash. So here they are, just arrived in time for Bargain Friday. All the new plain and combination shades. Russian and plain straight line styles. All sizes up to 40 bust. Choice, Bargain Friday, \$9.50. —Second Floor.

\$15.00 to \$19.50 Cloth Suits and Coats Picked For Bargain Friday Selling at \$9.50

When don town tomorrow take elevator to our second floor and look them over. If you don't say it has paid you to come and see the best coat and suit value in the city we will never ask you to take our word again in the future. We claim each suit or coat to be worth from \$15 to \$19.50, and this is placing a much smaller value on them than we should. But that's our way of advertising. NEVER INFLATE VALUES. We would rather surprise you and have you tell us, as many of our patrons have told us time and again, "My! This is truly a wonderful value." —Second Floor.

Extra Special! \$7.50 Misses' and Women's Coats, \$3.00

Sale on this wonderful coat value will not start until 10 a. m. Friday morning. One reason for making this late hour is to give everybody a chance to be here. We noticed that our previous \$5.00 sale of women's coats that they were all sold before 9 o'clock and the late comers were disappointed. Remember this sale will not start until 10 o'clock Friday morning. All wool serge coats; black and white shepherd checks. Full belted models. On sale at \$3.00. —Second Floor.

20TH BARGAIN FRIDAY

75c Percale and Lawn Waists 37 1/2c

Just one-half price for these beautiful waists for Bargain Friday only. Limit, 2 waists to a purchaser. —First Floor.

\$1.50 Waists 69c

We purchased from a manufacturer who made nothing but waists to sell at \$1.50 and better, all his best styles. Richly embroidered and lace trimmed lawns and organdies; deep sailor collars; deep cuffs; all fresh merchandise; no leftovers. About 25 styles in the lot. Sizes up to 44 bust. This entire lot of 24 dozen will be placed on sale tomorrow, Bargain Friday, at 69c. Three waists to a customer. —First Floor.

\$1.98 and \$3.50 Silk Waists \$1.69

We have sold hundreds of these waists this morning for \$1.98 and \$3.50, and they are good values at these prices. They have all been sold, excepting about three dozen new spring styles in assorted shades, but not all sizes. Bargain Friday, choice \$1.69. —First Floor.

720 Calhoun Street FRANK DRY GOODS COMPANY 114 W. Berry St.

the bones end, with Joe Forman as tampo, will be a riot with the lovers of the burnt cork brand of fun, for the artists are all soloists, both dancers and vocalists. Myrtle and Delmar, in their novel acrobatic stunt, "Over the Garden Gate," Ashley and Allman, in an idea of their own, "The Dawn of a New Day," and Harris and Nolan, two charming girls in song and at the piano, complete this alluring bill.

Good Table Habits Are Part of Home Economy

(By BIDDY BYE.)

Have your children been allowed to form unhealthy habits of eating? How many times a week do you allow your child to have an ice cream soda or a nickel's worth of candy? Children must have sugar—more sugar than adults, but candy should be a real luxury, not any part of the daily diet. Good food habits are an important part of personal hygiene and economy, and every mother is neglecting an important duty to her child when she does not inculcate such habits by serving suitable amounts of suitable foods to her children, and expecting them to eat what is set before them.

It is very easy to prejudice a child against a certain food. If a child hears a mother say, "I never eat cheese," it is dollars to doughnuts the child will never eat cheese, and thus will be deprived of a splendid food, as rich in protein as meat.

Most foreigners are great cheese eaters and they usually eat it in place of meat. I have in mind a family which includes husband, wife, son and daughter. The wife did the housework. The family was very fond of griddle cakes for breakfast, but no member of the household could agree on the kind. So the housewife and mother made buckwheat cakes for father, corn cakes for son and bread cakes for daughter. This family was wasting the most precious thing they had, had they but known it. They were wasting the energy and strength of the wife and mother.

Many children will not eat the yolk of an egg, so mother obligingly gives them the white of her egg at breakfast, when she should either make them eat a whole egg or go without. Real health is not very finicky, and a little hunger now and then is good for a pampered child. It will show him that no food is to be looked upon with disdain.

I know a home where the children were taught to eat meat instead of cereals and milk, simply because the mother had a prejudice against milk and cereals.

Both parents of these children died of Bright's disease, and one of the children succumbed to high blood pressure; another is full of rheumatism, and toxic poison. One of these children, grown to womanhood, found that buttermilk was a specific for the auto-intoxication which troubled her. When she first began to drink it, it almost nauseated her. Now she describes herself in perfect health, and drinks with great gusto at least a quart of buttermilk a day. It is her favorite beverage.

If your child craves sweets, bake a batch of oatmeal cookies or give him a slice of bread, butter and sugar. Don't send him to the candy shop with a nickel and let him buy any composition of glucose and sugar that pleases his fancy.

Waste-Saving Soups Will Be Found Useful

(By BIDDY BYE.)

From European housekeepers the American woman might learn many helpful lessons. They have no such abundance and variety of foods to draw upon for their tables as she has, and so have used brains and ingenuity to make the most of what they have. One of the things in which the European cook excels is the making of soups, and possibly because they make such delicious and savory soups is the reason soup holds such an important place on the European menu. Soups should not be regarded as the luxury of the rich or the last resort of the poor, as they are too often considered in America.

The French, renowned for their inexpensive, delicious and delicate cookery, follow this plan with respect to soup. Often when soup is the main dish of a meal, bouilli is made from the soup meat and served as a side dish.

Bouilli is made by allowing the soup meat, which should not be boiled so long that all the nourishment has been cooked out of it, to cool, then chopping it fine. Season it to taste and heat it again with a little butter—keep it moist by adding a spoonful or two from the soup kettle. This bouilli, served with thin squares of toast, is delicious.

Soups are made by cooking meat, fish or vegetables in water or milk. Just consider the possibilities here. You can use almost any meat, any fish or any vegetable, or any combination of any or all these, and produce a good soup.

The plan of having a stock kettle constantly at hand, into which all leftover meat, bones, trimmings and scraps are put as an ever-ready foundation for soup, is not to be encouraged. For ordinary family cooking, especially in warm weather, it is better to make such rich stock one day for soup the next than to take the risk of having it mold or sour.

Even very weak stock, made from the well-scraped bones of a chicken or leg of lamb or other roast meat, or the water used in boiling fresh vegetables, as peas, potatoes or asparagus, contains nourishment and flavoring, and good soups can be made from it.

When a meal is started with soup, less meat is necessary, and less heavy meat, really, will be needed. If good, rich soup is served (and it can be made from the cheapest cuts of meat) with bread; it is almost a meal in itself. With the addition of a substantial dessert, it makes a splendid meal.

WHAT WEATHER TELLS A BRIDE.

If it rain in the morning tide The groom will live to bury the bride.

If it rain in the afternoon, The bride will live to bury the groom.

WHAT PERFUMES STAND FOR.

Dark languorous beauty..... Yellow jasmine

Innocence.....White star jasmine

Cold but sensuous.....Gardenia

Delicacy, slight sentimentality..... "An Old Fashioned Bouquet"

Charm, with a touch of the sensuous.....White rose

Material instinct.....White rose

..... Jacqueminot rose

Self-denial.....White violet

Refinement.....Orris

Forcefulness.....Avacia

shaving soap, talcum powder, in their pipes, shoes and other leather goods.

"But men ought not to use blossom of flowers. They should use the root, gum and leaves of the flowers. Blossom of flowers suggests effeminacy."

WEMHOFF MONUMENTAL WORKS

Will Show Quarrying and Manufacture of the Famous Barre Granite.

The Wemhoff Monumental works, 405 Bass block, have procured this educational and industrial film and the citizens of Fort Wayne will have an opportunity to see the Famous Barre Quarries and Manufacturing Plants in operation.

The Wemhoff Monumental works have erected hundreds of monuments in the cemeteries of Fort Wayne and Allen county made from this "Rock Eternal."

This picture will be shown in addition to the usual high-class program at the Transfer Theater one day only, Friday, June 1.

AT THE PALACE

AS CHINESE DO THEM.

Two Children of Confucius to Dance at New Palace.

Miss Dong Fong Gue and Harry Hwa, two children of Confucius, will present a real novelty at the New Palace for the remainder of the week. These two slant eyed children of the land of the yellow dragon will present a group of modern songs and dances as the Chinese conceive them. These young perspicacious artists from the Orient are exquisite exponents of the most modern dances and their singing of American rag time is enlivening. Oscar Lorraine, the violin nuttist, one of the bright features of the New York Winter Garden show, is on this bill too, in his eccentric fiddling act in which he interperses some song hits of his own, playing his accompaniment on his violin. Add Hoyt's Minstrels, a black face comedy act of the first water with Add Hoyt himself as

Equally Good Foods Can Be Made from Corn

As a substitute for wheat breakfast foods, try white or yellow cornmeal, or hominy grits, served with cream and sugar, butter, syrup, or fresh or dried fruit.

As a substitute for wheat biscuits, rolls or toast, the housewife can employ a dozen different forms of cornbread, such as hot cake, doggers, soft or spoon cornbread, hominy bread, cornmeal and rye Boston brown bread, Zuni Indian bread, etc.

Fried cornmeal mush, fried hominy, or cornmeal pancakes made with very little wheat flour, will be found a pleasing variation from wheat cakes. Cornmeal codfish cakes, cornmeal scrapple, cornmeal croquettes, cornmeal or hominy cooked with meat, fish, cheese, eggs or milk, will supply nourishing dishes for the hearty courses.

Hominy grits and coarse hominy (sometimes called samp) may be

Supreme Vaudeville. "Children of Confucius".

FROM THE CASTLES OF CHINA

—Featuring—

MISS DON FONG & GUE | MR. HARRY HAW

—In a—

Chinese Conception of Modern Songs and Dances.

Special Headliner from the Water Garden OSCAR LORRAINE Violin Nuttist.

HOYT'S MINSTRELS | MYRL & DELMAR

HARRIS & NOLAN | ASHLEY & ALLMAN

1,000 Matinee Seats, 10c

TUNIC OF SILK INSTEAD OF COAT



MRS. NEWBOLD LEROY EDGAR.

The season's best out-of-door fashions were on view at the recent garden party of the Zoological society at Bronx park.

Mrs. Newbold LeRoy Edgar wore one of the most stunning of the many handsome costumes, its unique feature being a box pleated tunic of figured silk worn above a skirt cut plain to show the design of the material.

Long gloves drawn nearly to the elbow, are a detail which added greatly to the effect of many of the garden party dresses.

GREAT SALES FROM THE LYONS EXHIBIT

Orders Taken for Forty-Two Millions by the American Agents.

Lyons, May 16.—(Correspondence of The Associated Press.)—Forty-two million dollars worth of orders were taken by American houses during the second Lyons fair, just closed. The buyers were from France, Switzerland, Spain, Holland, Portugal and the Scandinavian countries. The business was mostly in machines, engines, machine tools and food products. The total of the transactions registered during the fair was about \$80,000,000, so the share of the United States was a little more than half.

There were about three times the number of exhibitors who were at the first fair, and the importance of the transactions is considered by the promoters as proving a most satisfactory program.

Dry cleaning is our business. Try us at once. Peerless. Phone 6095.

Phone 67 | Palace TODAY | 2:30 8:30

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SHOP AND RAILROAD NEWS

B. C. DERCK IS TO BE CHIEF CLERK

Comes to Wabash Division Storekeeper's Office to Succeed D. E. Guy.

B. C. Derck, storekeeper at Peru for the Wabash, has received the appointment of chief clerk to the division storekeeper at Fort Wayne, succeeding D. E. Guy, advanced to the office of division storekeeper, as mentioned by the Sentinel last Monday. Mr. Cassil, of the mechanical department of the Peru shops, has been appointed storekeeper at that point in place of Mr. Derck. Mr. Cassil has experience in the supplies department, having been storekeeper at Peru once before, being transferred to the mechanical department about seven years ago. Mr. Guy has called in Miss Mabel Van Sweringen to fill the position in the clerical force caused by the resignation of Miss Irene Martin, who is to be married in June. Miss Van Sweringen was formerly employed at the Young Women's Christian association quarters. She began work this morning. Although the official term of Mr. Guy as division storekeeper of the Wabash is supposed to begin June 1, he has practically occupied that position for the past three or four days. G. T. Owens, former division storekeeper, whose transfer to the Moberly division was also mentioned by the Sentinel Monday, went there Tuesday and immediately took up the duties of the office. He expects to return here June 20 to prepare for moving his household goods to Moberly, when that city will become the family home.

BOWSER EFFICIENCY CLUB.

Held an Outdoor Meeting at Weisser Park Tuesday Evening.

The Bowser Efficiency club held an outdoor meeting at Weisser park from 5:15 until dark on Tuesday evening. The occasion was a ball game between the accounting and collection division and the engineering division of the Efficiency club. The members of the club and the ball teams were transferred from the general offices of the company to the park in about thirty automobiles, which lined up in procession, with S. F. Bowser leading the way.

Free cats and cigars were furnished at the park and a real ball game was staged which the accounting and collection division won in seven innings by a score of 4 to 3.

The Bowser military corps formed and marched to the park and put on a real class drill on the ball ground before the ball game began.

INSTALLS A YARDMASTER.

E. H. Eggers to Look After Railway Yards at G. E. Works.

To meet the exigencies of the growing business at the General Electric works the office of railway yardmaster has been created and E. H. Eggers has been installed therein. He will have charge of the movement of all cars on the Wabash tracks within the G. E. yards. Mr. Eggers was formerly a clerk at the Wabash freight office, having charge of the over and short department. He also held other positions with the Wabash and is quite well informed in railway work.

REACHES FRANCE SAFELY.

J. H. Wort, local manager of the American and National Express companies, has just been advised by their New York office of their travel department service of the safe arrival in England of the first two hospital units of the United States war department, and their travel department had the honor of arranging for the steamship passage to England and the rail journey to London of these first two contingents to the great war. They were met by representatives of their European offices and the usual American express service was rendered.

DROPPING OUT PASSENGER TRAINS.

The Baltimore and Ohio company announces that when its new time card becomes effective June 10, it will show two less passenger trains than does the present time card. The trains are Nos. 31 and 32, whose terminals are Gar-

rett and Chicago Junction and which cater entirely to local business. Arrangements will be made for through trains to handle the local business now being handled by 31 and 32. This reduction of passenger trains is made in conformity to President Wilson's suggestion that it be done to release engines for other service.

CALLED EAST ON BUSINESS.

Chief Clerk W. L. Wilt, of the Pennsylvania motive power office, left last night for Pittsburgh to resume the special work he has been engaged in for several weeks in the office of G. F. Smith, Jr., general superintendent of motive power of the lines west of Pittsburgh. Material Inspector C. P. Cherry and W. F. Bade left last night for Allegheny on business for the company.

SHIPPING CLERK SICK AGAIN.

John R. Pulver, chief clerk of the shipping department of the General Electric works, is again disabled by sickness after recently recovering from an illness which kept him from his office two or three weeks. His condition is not regarded as serious.

INDUSTRIAL NOTES.

Daniel Spencer is a new laborer at the Pennsylvania boiler shop.

L. R. Ayres is a new laborer at the Pennsylvania machine shop.

F. A. Vegler, stationary fireman at the Pennsylvania planing mills, is sick.

A. Lepri, who was sick, reported for work at the Pennsylvania erecting shop this morning.

After a week's illness C. T. Sullivan resumed work in the Pennsylvania vice shop this morning.

Miss Lulu Crissey, stenographer at the General Electric works, is sick and off duty.

F. W. Budrek, an electric welder, took a position at the Pennsylvania shops this morning.

Miss Mary Rosencranz, a clerk in the billing department of the General Electric works, is sick and off duty.

Clayton Marshall, a machine operator, took employment at the Pennsylvania shops this morning. He was transferred from another department.

Inventory is in progress at the Wayne Knitting Mills and the works will close Friday noon for the balance of the week.

O. C. Jackson, who resigned a position at the Pennsylvania shops held three weeks, took employment at the General Electric works this morning.

Death of a relative is the cause of absence from work of helper H. W. Weishelt, of the Pennsylvania erecting shop.

Machinist John Raidy, who had a foot hurt a week ago, reported for work at the Pennsylvania erecting shop this morning.

F. J. Scully, of the Pennsylvania car machine shop, is off looking after some private business.

A. Stege, of the car machine shop, and H. Lauer, of the cabinet department of the Pennsylvania shops, are sick and off duty.

Henry Tonsing and O. Miller, who had been sick, reported for duty at the Pennsylvania blacksmith shop this morning.

R. H. Kramer, Pennsylvania machinist, is off duty pending treatment for an injured eye. A piece of steel lodged in the optic a few days ago.

George Hoffman, a crater at the General Electric works, is on duty again after an absence on account of an injury to one of his legs last Friday.

J. Kalliker, of the Pennsylvania blacksmith shop, is off duty as the result of having one of his fingers painfully cut Tuesday on the big shears.

Jacob Waldschmidt will be off duty at the Pennsylvania planing mill a few days. He had a growth on one of his eyelids removed by Dr. S. H. Havice yesterday.

New names on the payrolls at the blacksmith shop of the General Electric works, of which Henry C. Lepper is the foreman, are Frank Neuman, J. D. Hoover and Homer G. Dennis.

William Kilpatrick, a machinist, took employment with Foreman William H. Schultz, of the dynamo department of the General Electric works, this morning.

Miss Rozella Skoll, a stenographer, has been transferred from the office of T. W. Bohan to the factory superintendent's department of the General Electric works.

Machinist E. E. Richey, of the Pennsylvania lathe shop, is sick and off duty. Machinist O. J. Farnan has returned from a visit to Chicago and is at work again in the Pennsylvania shops.

The Wayne Knitting Mills Mutual

Benefit association has re-elected G. C. A. Ortleib secretary-treasurer and Ervin Holt and Adam Baus members of the board of trustees. Ed Meisner is the newly elected trustee.

Paul Gellert, clerk in the cost department of the General Electric works, is absent from his desk today because of a fire last night which destroyed his garage and damaged his automobile.

James Brown, clerk and stenographer in the Pennsylvania claim agent's office, was shocked yesterday by the receipt of news of the death of his mother, which occurred at Continental, Ohio. Mr. Brown left yesterday afternoon for that place to remain until after the funeral.

The "color car" is at Crestline today and Friday and will come here Friday night to go west Saturday as far as Valparaiso, returning here Saturday to be open to examinations Monday. It is in charge of Chief Dispatcher Harry Hart, Operator C. T. Tothill and Engineer George Grubb.

Herschell Fell, assistant warehouse foreman of the General Electric works, is taking a short vacation, which he is spending in planting potatoes and doing other garden work. Mr. Fell had charge of preparing the General Electric farm and staking off the lots for the tenants. He is watching with interest the result of the project.

William Meyers, an assembler at the General Electric works, dynamo department, has obtained a six month leave of absence and gone to his father's farm, seven miles out on the Mayville road, to help with the work of planting and harvesting the crops. He expects to return to the shops next fall.

The Wayne Knitting Mills announce another increase in wages of 5 per cent, making the third within a year and bringing the total increase up to 15 per cent. The increase affects all employees who are not now sharing in the annual profits and it is understood that it will be in effect as long as the present condition of business and the high cost of living exists.

A bulletin issued by Supt. W. F. Watterson, of the Nickel Plate, announces the coming of the color blind car to Fort Wayne next week. It has been in operation at Bellevue and other points on the east end of the division this week. Examinations are made biennially and employees entering the service since July 1, 1916, are not subject to examination.

Fort Wayne lodge No. 136, Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen, will have three meetings this week for obligating applicants. They will be held Friday and Saturday evenings at 8 o'clock and Sunday afternoon at 2 o'clock at Unity hall. President James E. Karns says that there will be a total of seventy applicants initiated at those meetings.

The Lake Shore road will give the train service and rates to Pleasant Lake, Angola, Fremont and Ray it gave last year, commencing next Sunday. This will require a special Sunday train, which will leave the city at 7:30 a. m. No. 147, which did not operate on Sundays, will be daily hereafter, taking the place of 153, which has been running out of the city on Sundays at 6 o'clock. The train arriving here at 10:30 p. m. will handle the return business into Fort Wayne on Sunday.

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STATE COMMISSIONS FIGHT RATE BOOSTS

Washington, May 31.—Railroad commissions from eight states voiced their protests against the proposed 15 per cent. advance in freight rates at the continuation today of hearings before the interstate commerce commission. These states were Kansas, Nebraska, Iowa, Oklahoma, Wisconsin, Minnesota, South Dakota and Louisiana. At the same time, a special examination of the commission heard protests against the proposed increases by representatives of several industries, including Indiana limestone interests.

AUBURN NEWS.

Auburn, Ind., May 31.—The Decoration day services held in this city yesterday were the largest and best attended of any similar celebration in the history of Auburn. The various organizations turned out en masse and the program was excellent.

The Franchise league meeting, held in the assembly room of the court house Tuesday evening was well attended, not only by Auburn people, but from the adjoining towns as well. Garrett sent a large delegation of women and they expect to organize there.

Judge Dan Link was at Albion Wednesday, where he delivered the Memorial day address.

Mrs. Sadie Bruce and sons, Harry and Ralph, have moved to this city and will make their home with her father, Solomon Shearer. They formerly lived at Lakin, Kansas, but after the death of Mr. Bruce they decided to return to this city, which was the home of Mrs. Bruce before her marriage.

County Agent A. Z. Azeah and Attorney W. D. Stump were at St. Joe Tuesday evening, where they participated in the program at a patriotic celebration held in the Methodist church.

Mrs. A. P. Bourns, of South Jackson street, who submitted to an operation at an Elkhart hospital Tuesday morning, is reported as getting along very satisfactorily. Her husband, Rev. Bourns, is with her.

A marriage license was issued yesterday to Nick Gorski and Miss Clara Schivell, both residents of Garrett. The groom is employed as a blacksmith by the Baltimore and Ohio road and they will make their future home here.

Hubert Hartman, former resident of this city, and prosecuting attorney of DeKalb county, has written his Auburn friends of his approaching marriage, June 18, to Miss Margaret Weaver, of Detroit. The groom left this city several years ago and went to Detroit, where he engaged in the practice of law. Later he became legal adviser for the Ford Auto company, where he still retains his position.

The Dilgard furniture store, on North Main street, is to be extensively remodeled and the work will be started this week.

At a meeting of the Auburn Evening Musical the following officers were elected for the coming year's work: Mrs. E. W. Beldier, who has served as efficient secretary of this organization, was re-elected; Mrs. W. F. Schermerhorn will act as vice president; Mrs. Ed Hicks, secretary; Miss Lulu Kinsey, treasurer, and Mrs. Edwina Wigent, parliamentarian. They will not have another meeting until October, when they will resume their work for the winter.

Dr. T. C. Sargent, who is planning to hold their family reunion at the country home of Mr. and Mrs. George Treesh, near Corunna.

GARRETT NEWS.

Garrett, Ind., May 31.—Dr. M. E. Klingler and family will leave tomorrow for New York city, where the former will attend the meeting of the American Medical association. They will visit several other places of interest before returning.

Dr. C. C. Sargent, of the soldiers' home at Lafayette, and a former resident of this city, is visiting his son, Ed Sargent and family for two weeks.

Homer Sharpless has returned to his studies at the Howe military school.

Carol Koerber has been quite ill for the past week with tonsillitis.

Mrs. W. B. Misor, of Springfield, Ill., is here with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. T. J. Anshbaugh.

Mrs. John Ross is spending a few days visiting Fort Wayne friends.

Mrs. Clarence Coblentz was called to Fort Wayne Tuesday by the illness of her sister, Mrs. Orange Barrett.

The Delores club formed a theater party and went to Fort Wayne today.

Mrs. H. C. Barretto and daughter, Miss Treva, spent Tuesday and Wednesday in Chicago.

Howard Hershberger, who has been attending the Northwestern university as a law student, will return to his home in this city the first of the week to spend the summer.

Rev. Vahan B. Beshgetoor, an Armenian minister, will deliver an address at the Presbyterian church in this city Thursday evening. He is a native Armenian and has been a minister for twenty-five years. He will talk on his experience and escape from a Turkish prison. There will be no charges made but a collection will be taken at the close of the service. He has talked in several of the neighboring towns and those who have heard him say that he relates many interesting as well as instructive things.

The commencement exercises of the parochial school of this city will be held at the school hall June 14, at which time a class of five will graduate. Those to complete the course are Mary Agnes McDermott, Veronica Thackeray, Orpha Teeters, Francis Fraelic and Joseph Biedrzycki.

Miss Faunda Olinger, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Mitchell Olinger, of Lee street, went to Sacred Heart hospital Wednesday evening and on Thursday submitted to an operation for appendicitis.

Miss Ardella Stoehr is spending this week with her sister at Monticello, Ind.

Mrs. Monte L. Green was called to Auburn today by a message stating the death of her cousin, Miss Catherine Dills, of Grand Rapids, who was to be brought to the home of Mrs. Green's parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Ralston, of Auburn, this afternoon and the funeral held tomorrow.

G.W. Gates & Co. THE CLOAK HOUSE

A Sale of Ready to Wear



WHILE this sale will be general in all sections of the store, we will only mention a few items, that because of timeliness will prove more interesting to you.

Practically every department is represented—Coats, Suits, Dresses, Blouses, Petticoats and Separate Skirts. Mention should also be made of the Children's Department. Each have contributed their bit to make this a selling event of the season.

EVERY garment represents a special purchase at a reduced price, or is from our own stocks and bears the hall mark of The Gates Store quality and style exclusiveness.

The extraordinary values offered for Friday and Saturday should start June selling off here with a whirl.



Smart New Coats

Wool Velours, Poplins, Tweeds, Plaids and Fancy Cheeks—many choice styles to select from—values up to \$22.50; while they last. Beautiful new Motor Coats in Cravenette Cloths, including the new Trench Coat of Army Cloth, Military Capes and Coats of Satins, Taffeta Silks and light weight Woolens—all at special prices for this sale.

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T. W. BLAIR SPEAKS AT ANTWERP WEDNESDAY

Fort Wayne Man Delivers
Decoration Day Address
Before Big Audience.

[Special to The Sentinel.]
Antwerp, Ohio, May 31.—Decorations day was fittingly observed here by the G. A. R. and W. R. C. assisted by the F. and A. M. and I. O. O. F. lodges. The procession to the cemetery was the largest in many years. The boy scouts and children with flags headed by the Citizen's band making a procession nearly a mile long. The G. A. R. and children, assisted by the boy scouts, carried out the program at the cemetery, after which all marched to Riverside park, where the address of the day was made by Captain T. W. Blair, of Fort Wayne, which was truly patriotic. He paid a touching tribute to the boys that wore the blue, but who are resting now, oblivious of the nation's peril at the present time, but who nobly did their bit when our country was in peril in the years gone by, and in whose honor the nation assembles each year to pay tribute to their bravery, that the Star Spangled Banner shall wave over the land of the free and the home of the brave.

Short Antwerp Items.
The Thimble club was entertained by Mrs. L. S. Staley, Wednesday evening last, and the club enjoyed the usual good time.

Walter Quisno is wearing a very much disfigured face, due to an accident that happened to him at his blacksmith shop, Tuesday. He was treating the hoof of a horse with carbolic acid, using a syringe. The horse jerked his foot, hitting the syringe in a way to throw the stream of acid in his face. Very luckily, his eyes were unharmed, but the acid left its effects on his face.

George Poorman, a former resident in this vicinity, but now residing near Wilmington, Ohio, accompanied by his wife and sons Harry and Herbert, visited relatives here a few days this week, going from here to Auburn, Ind., Wednesday, where they will be the guests of his mother, in the home of his sister, Mrs. Eliza Poorman, and family, before returning home.

Mrs. Sophia Hanekratt, of Emmett, Ohio, visited here this week, the guest of her sister, Mrs. John Sunday, and family, returning home Wednesday.

Mrs. William Hill, who accompanied her husband to Detroit, one day the past week, where he entered a sanitarium for special treatment for ailments that have prevented his working at carpenter work, is home. She reported him as getting along nicely, but would have to remain at the sanitarium a couple of weeks to secure a cure.

Dr. S. Demuth, of Cecil, was an Antwerp visitor a short time Monday evening, having come here to meet his son, Forrest, who is a mail clerk on the Wabash, the train, No. 5, not stopping at Cecil.

Mrs. Mina Smith, who has been visiting her brother, W. Sperry, and family, at this place, left Tuesday for Ada, Ohio, where she will join her son, Professor Guy Smith, and at which place they will make their home.

Levi Wilson, of Chicago, visited here the first of the week, the guest of his father, William Wilson, and other relatives.

Jonas Sessler and daughter, Mrs. Charles Ashton and son, Paul, and daughter, Pauline, of Fort Wayne, are spending a few days here, the guests of his son, Frank Sessler, and family.

Telephone Clint Willson: 893, and order tornado policy. Don't wait until your home is blown down.

CONVOY NEWS.

Convoy, O., May 31.—Fred Bauer spent Saturday in Fort Wayne with his sister, Mrs. Henry Steinbauer, who is a patient at the Lutheran hospital.

Mrs. Harry Rancevau was a Fort Wayne visitor Tuesday.

John Green, of Upper Sandusky, returned home Wednesday after spending several days with relatives here.

Mr. and Mrs. Ira Kilgore, of Fort Wayne, came Tuesday for a brief visit with Mr. Kilgore's brother, Chance Kilgore, and family.

Paul Pence, Arthur Tracy and Charles Plumley spent Wednesday in Celina, fishing.

A few of Miss Iva Herl's friends were pleasantly entertained Tuesday evening at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Floyd Herl on Main street. Progressive rook was enjoyed by all. At a late hour a dainty lunch was served. Pink and white roses were given as favors and attached to each flower was a tiny card announcing her approaching marriage to L. Dean Steffy, of Coldwater, Mich., June 14. Those present were Misses Mary Mollenkopf, Cleo Glancy, Lillian Moore, Leah Moore, Royal Moore, Lela Mentzer, Dorothy Hart, Mabel Temple, Ida Dressel, Vera Shook, Frankie Zentz, Florence and Bernice Dwike, Rose Reynolds, Mrs. Florence Schaberg and Mrs. Ruth Pugh. Prizes were won by Mrs. Ruth Pugh and Ida Dressel.

Pete Borden and wife, of Union township, and Mr. and Mrs. D. J. Pugh were entertained at dinner at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Gettus Pugh on North Main street.

Cistern cleaning. Phone 1346 Green. 4-24-eod-1m

The bureau of standards has found that better glass melting pots can be made of clays found in the United States than the clays imported from Germany, heretofore considered necessary.

SCHOOL CHILDREN

Writing Tablets, 2 for 5c at Sentinel office. 5-15-17

SENTINEL WANT
GET RESULTS
ADS ALWAYS

LEAKY GASOLINE LINE CAUSES AN AUTO FIRE

Touring Car Driven by Elmer
Stites is Badly Damaged
at Columbia City.

[Special to The Sentinel.]
Columbia City, Ind., May 31.—The touring car driven by Elmer Stites caught fire while it was being driven on Van Buren street, near the Burget jewelry store, Wednesday afternoon, and its occupants made a hurry-up scramble for safety. Fire extinguishers put out the blaze, which was caused by a leaky gasoline line and defective wiring.

Columbia City Short Items.
The Commencement dance, held Wednesday evening in the Commercial club hall, was well attended.

The funeral of the late Reuben Loe was held in the Eberhard church Tuesday forenoon, Rev. L. A. Luckenbill officiating. Interment was made in the church yard, the pall bearers being Thelma Grovcock, Nite Nolt, Howard Arnett, Samuel Perry, Kenneth Anderson and Will Wolf.

Henry Loe, residing in this city, was successfully operated upon Wednesday forenoon for appendicitis at his home, Drs. B. P. Linvill, of this city,

and Mendenhall, of Fort Wayne, performing the surgery.

The forty hour devotional at the Catholic church was concluded Wednesday evening at 8:30. Father Kohl was in charge and he was assisted by the following pastors: Paul A. Welsh, of Arcola; A. J. Kroeger, of Decatur, and G. Hottenroth, of Goshen. Rev. Aichinger, of Auburn, delivered an impressive sermon.

Following the regular Masonic ritual, presided over by Walter E. Cook, deputized grand master of the Masonic lodge, who resides in Fort Wayne, the corner stone of the new city hall was laid here Wednesday afternoon at 4 o'clock, and immediately afterward the 3,000 spectators present, accompanied by the Columbia City band, joined in the singing of the hymn "America." Grand lodge was opened in the temple at 2 o'clock, after the arrival of visiting Knight Templars from Warsaw, Plymouth and Fort Wayne, and blue lodge members from all over Whitley county and points in northern Indiana.

Learn Something Every Day.
The cystoflagellata of rhynchoflagellata of the class mastigophora are protozoans with one large and small flagellum, of spheroidal form. They are foremost among various phosphorescent pelagic organisms.

And if you didn't, it doesn't make any difference.

You don't have to be a linguist to be able to laugh in any language.

Likewise you don't have to have an



'AINT NATURE WONDERFUL... By Gene Ahern

DID YOU KNOW?

Learn Something Every Day.
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CAN'T BEAT "TIZ" WHEN FEET HURT

"Tiz" for sore, tired, puffed-up,
aching, blistered, swollen, tired,
or corns.



You can be happy-footed in a moment. Use "Tiz" and never suffer with tender, raw, burning, blistered, swollen, tired, aching feet. "Tiz" and only "Tiz" takes the pain and soreness out of corns, callouses and bunions.

As soon as you put your feet in a "Tiz" bath, you just feel the happiness soaking in. How good your poor, old feet feel. They want to dance for joy. "Tiz" is grand. "Tiz" instantly draws out all the poisonous exudations which puff up your feet and cause sore, inflamed, aching, sweaty, smelly feet.

Get a 25-cent box of "Tiz" at any drug store or department store. Get instant foot relief. Laugh at foot sufferers who complain. Because your feet are never, never going to bother or make you limp any more—Advertisement.

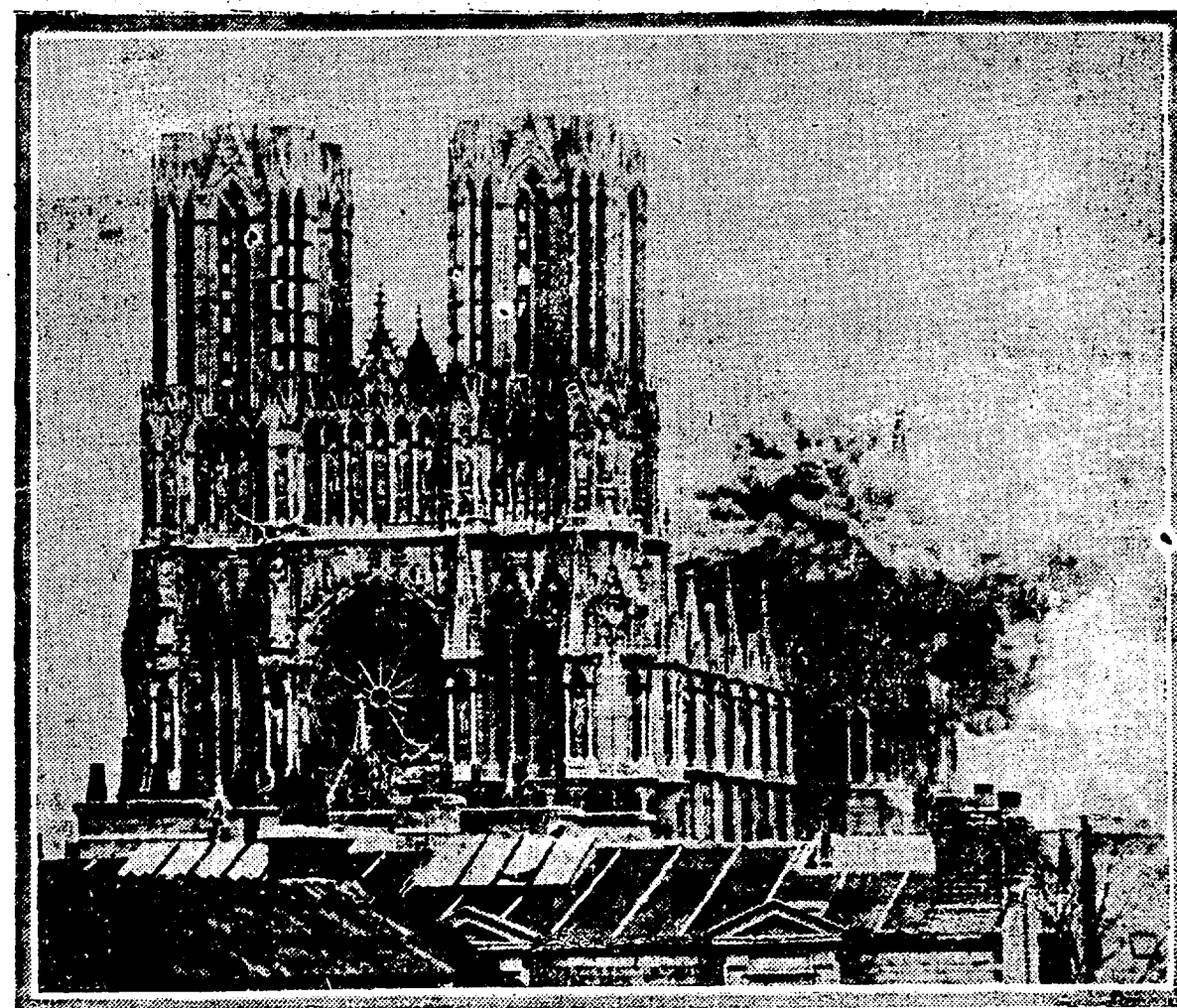
ear for music to be able to play a triangle or ukelele.

A camel doesn't voice his opinion on anything or for that matter doesn't make any noise at all so it's a mystery why he has ears to listen.

An armadillo would be tough on razors if he shaved.

Sentinel Want Ads. Pay.

GERMAN SHELL BURSTING ON RHEIMS CATHEDRAL.



This photograph, taken in the bombardment of April 23, shows a "Direct Hit." The Teutons resumed the shelling of the cathedral in revenge for General Nivelle's victories, which drove them further away from the city. The cathedral is still within range of the big guns, but another considerable French success should make the ancient edifice safe from further attack. (Copyright Underwood & Underwood.)

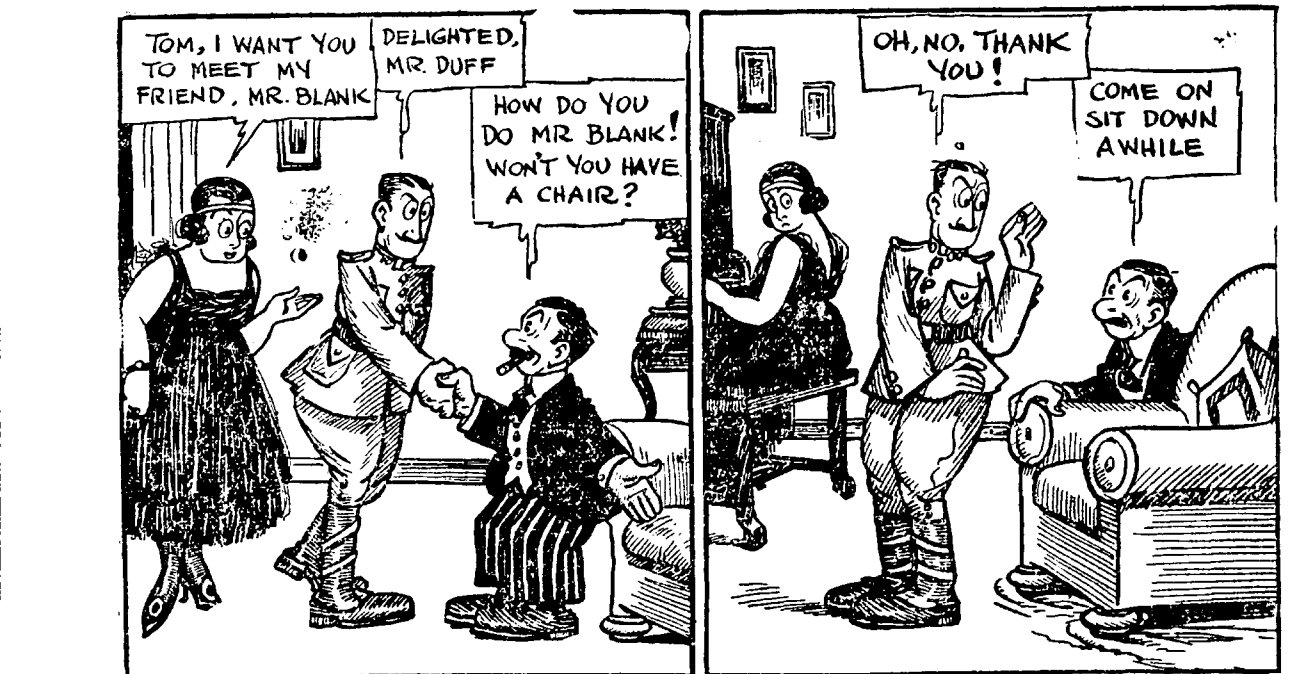
3,812 MORE ACRES PLANTED.

Van Wert, Ohio, May 31.—Responding to the nation-wide appeal for increased food production in 1917, Van Wert county farmers have planted 3,812 more acres this year than last, according to the crop statistics compiled by County Auditor William Klein from the tax returns. The statistics are based on returns from practically every taxpayer in the county, there being less than 1 per cent. which is not included in the figures. The total acreage in the principal crops in 1916

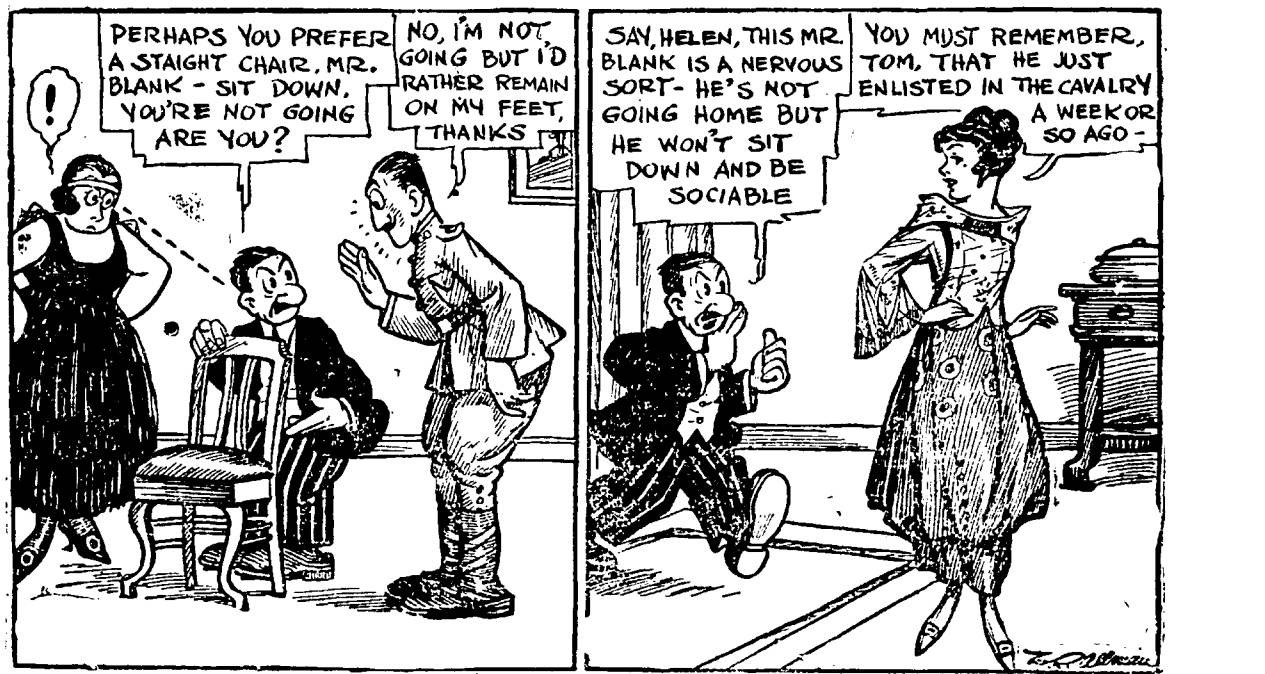
was, 106,809, while for the same crops in 1917 the total acreage was 110,663. This includes the wheat, rye, oats, winter barley, spring barley, corn, ensilage corn, sugar corn and potatoes.

Try Sentinel Want Ads. Sentinel Want Ads. Pay.

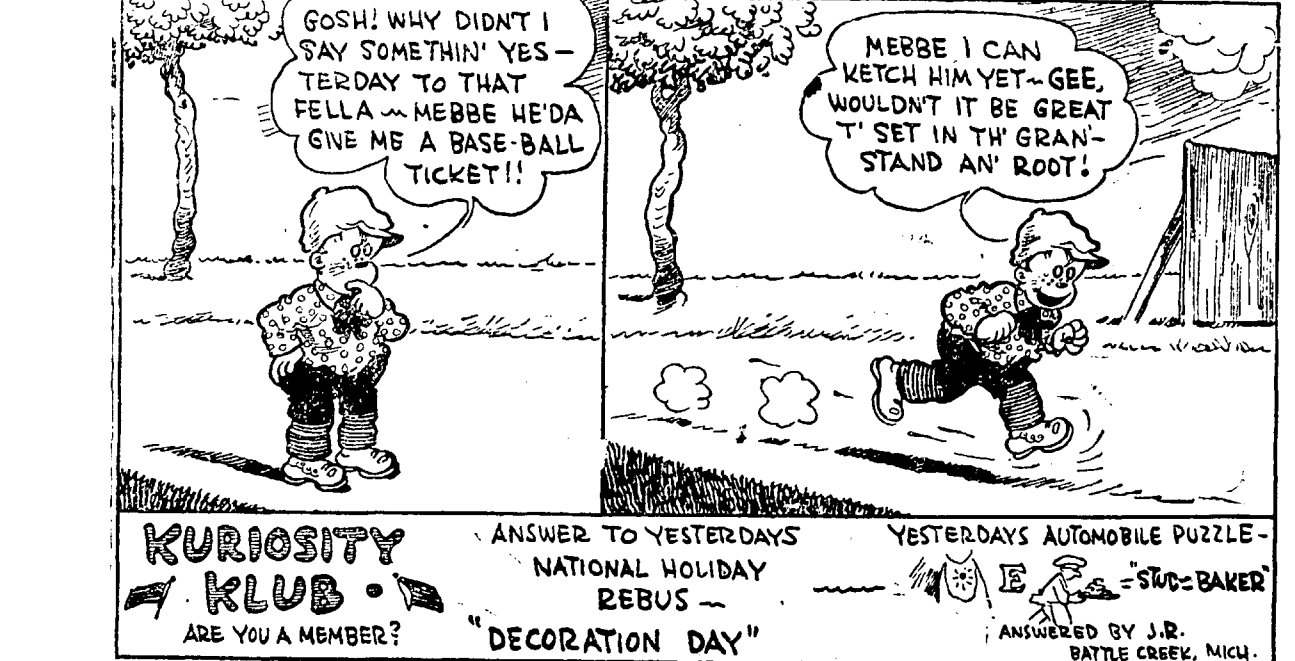
Doings of the Duffs



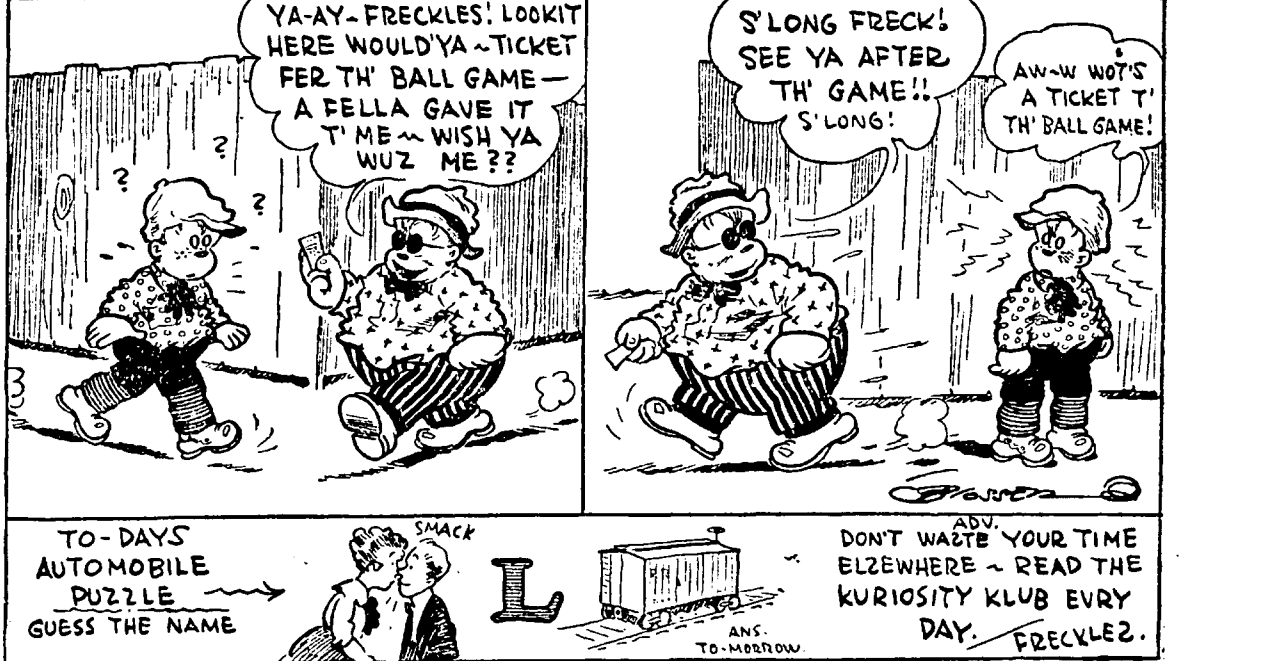
IT'S NOT NERVOUSNESS, TOM.



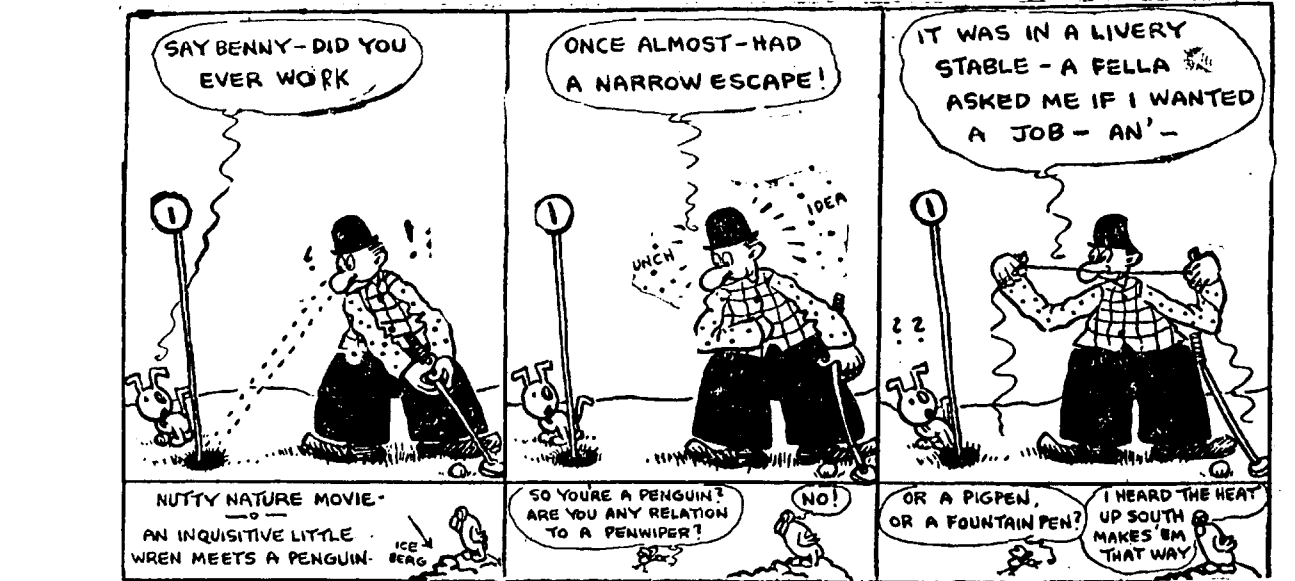
Freckles and His Friends



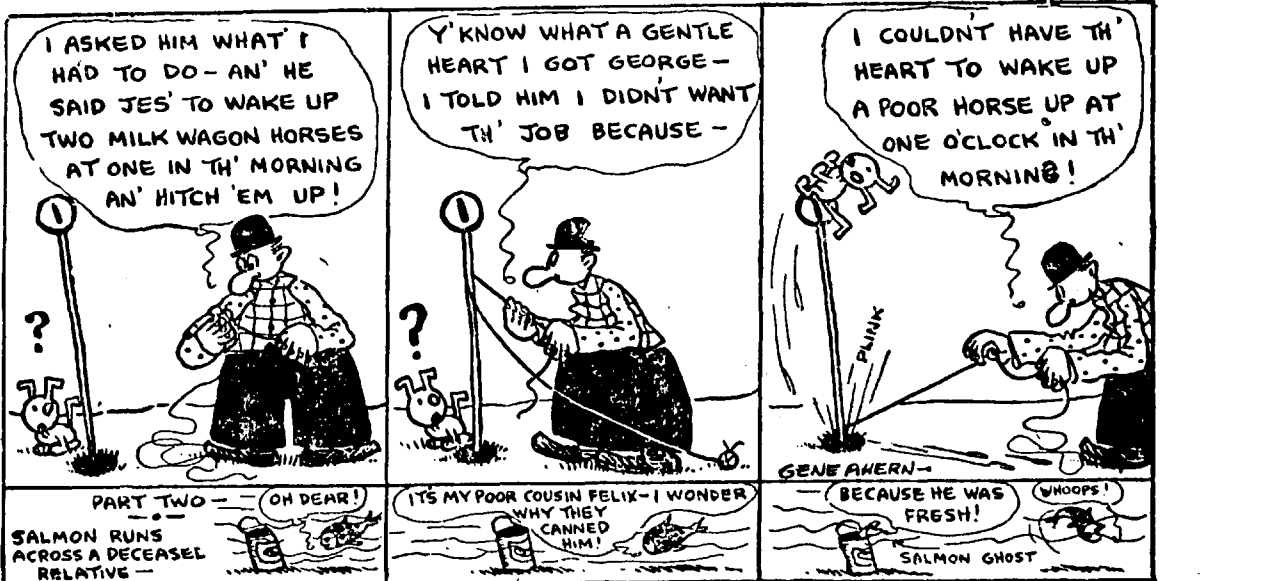
THAT'S JUST A KID'S LUCK!



Squirrel Food



IT WOULD BE ALL RIGHT IF THERE WERE MERRY-GO-ROUND HORSES.

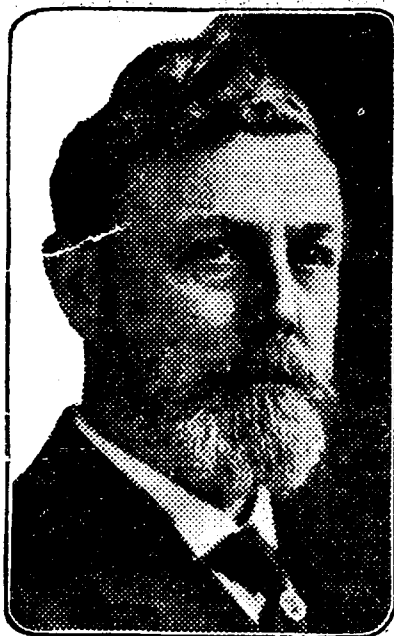


Chestnut Charlie



By Blosser

MICHAEL BALTES.



The Doctor's Advice

by Dr. Lewis Baker

The questions answered below are general in character, the symptoms on diseases are given and the answers will apply in any case of similar nature.

Those wishing further advice, free, may address Dr. Lewis Baker, College Bldg., College-Elwood streets, Dayton, Ohio, enclosing self-addressed stamped envelope for reply. Full name and address must be given, but only initials or fictitious names will be used in my answers. The prescription can be filled at any well-stocked drug store. Any druggist can order of wholesaler.

know of a good, safe medicine to reduce my abnormal weight about 30 pounds.

Answer: I thank you for your confidence and advise that five grain barbo-lone tablets is the reliable obesity medicine which I always prescribe. In sealed tubes with directions. Any druggist can supply you.

James J. asks: "For several months I have not been feeling well. My skin is yellow, my tongue is coated, have headache, am sleepless, nervous and bothered with chronic constipation. Please help me."

Answer: You need a laxative blood cleansing treatment in the form of three-grain sulphur tablets (not sulphur). Overcome the tendency to constipation and gradually your good health and pure blood will return.

"Bloodless" writes: "I sign after my name 'bloodless,' because that seems to be my condition. I am pale, thin and chilly all the time. My appetite is rickety, but even when I eat a great deal I do not gain in weight."

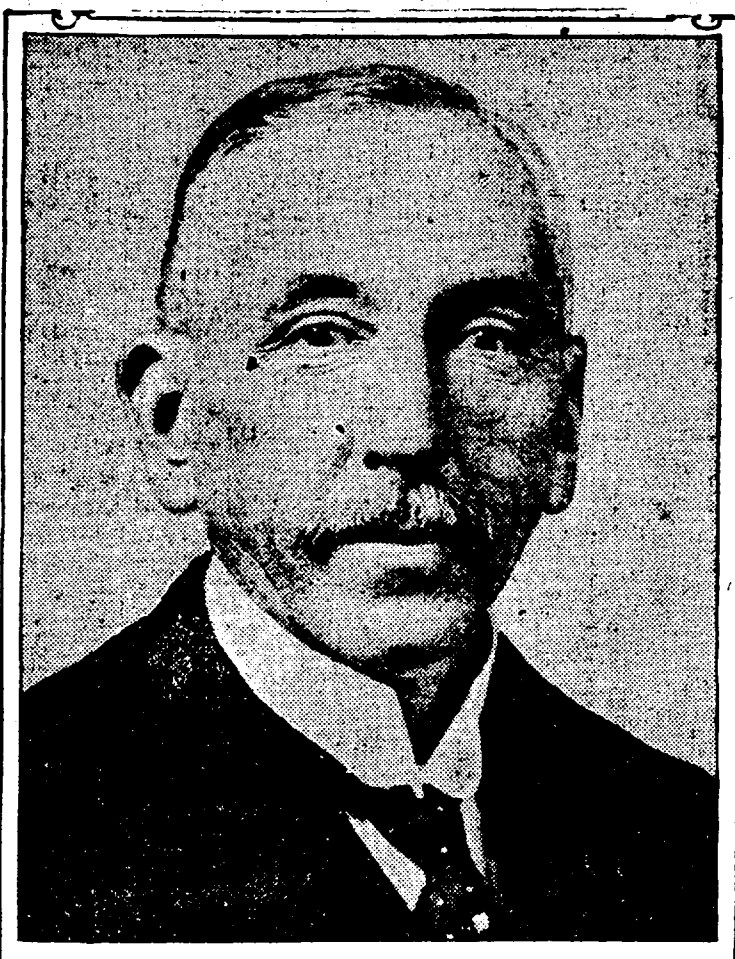
Answer: I would advise plenty of exercise and a persistent use of three-grain hypo-nucleic tablets. They tend to improve digestion and the proper absorption of nourishment. A gain of a pound or two a week is not unusual.

Mrs. P. G. writes: "I hesitate to ask advice as my case is so unusual. In a word, I am tired and worn out all the time. Rest does not refresh me. I have been married over a year and formerly did not know what it was to be tired or nervous. Sometimes I feel hysterical. I fear I will become a nuisance to my husband if this continues."

Answer: Your nervous system has been depleted. You need a tonic invigorating medicine that will aid in supplying more food-energy to your nerves. Take three-grain cadomene tablets regularly for several months.

NOTE: For many years Dr. Baker has been giving free advice and prescriptions to millions of people through the press columns, and doubtless has helped in relieving illness and distress more than any single individual in the world's history. Thousands have written him expressions of gratitude and confidence.

BIG FIGURE OF AUSTRALIAN POLITICS TIPS THE SCALES AT BARELY HUNDRED



W. M. HUGHES, PREMIER OF AUSTRALIA.

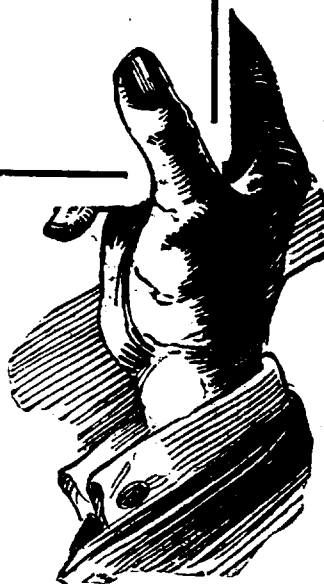
Australia has led the world in labor organization. Over a territory as large as the United States has been scattered a population less than that of New York. A census shows only about 5,000,000 inhabitants, yet these people, conscious of the dignity of labor, and its rights, have so legislated that the worker of Australia is probably the happiest physical toiler on the face of the earth. W. M. Hughes, the prime minister, is at once the biggest and the smallest figure in Australian politics. He combines tremendous dynamic mental force with a wasted, emaciated physique. It is said that he is a chronic

dyspeptic; it is certain that on the scales he can hardly hold down 100 pounds. He is partly deaf. These seem a fair measure of disabilities. Yet in spite of them see what this man has accomplished. From being an ill paid school teacher in England he drifted into manual work for which his delicate frame was so unfitted, that of a wharf laborer. Yet it was from the Waterside Workers' union that he made his first jump off into the political maelstrom. Premier Hughes has all the qualities an American admires—force, drive, initiative, courage, eloquence, personality.

An Opportunity Sale

Beginning Friday we will inaugurate an OPPORTUNITY SALE which we will hold every Friday and Saturday. On these days we will offer merchandise taken from our vast stocks at prices that will put a crimp into the high cost of living.

Watch Tomorrow's SENTINEL



"W. Z." writes: "I have such a very severe cough and cold and have not been able to get anything to help me. It is weakening my system."

Answer: Use the following and your cold and cough will vanish and you will soon be strong again. Get a 2 1/2 oz. bottle of concentrated essence mentholaxene and take every hour or two. This can be taken pure or made into a full pint of home-made syrup. Full directions as to use will be found on bottle. This is a mild laxative and will drive the cold from the system.

C. L. asks: "I have tried to cure dandruff, itching scalp, falling hair and baldness with numerous tonics, etc., but in vain. What do you recommend?"

Answer: I have been recommending plain yellow minoxyl for the past seven years and scores of my patients are delighted with the quick, pleasant action of this remedy in stopping itching, falling hair, dandruff, etc. It gives the hair health, lustre and vigor as nothing else does. Obtain in 4-oz. jars with full directions.

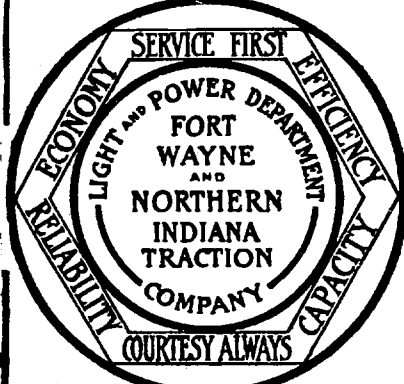
H. M. B. writes: "Can you please prescribe medicine which will relieve me of such distressing symptoms of kidney and bladder, as the following: Pains in small of back, soreness in region of bladder, frequent calls at night but scanty flow with pain, burning and foul odor, puffing of limbs, etc."

Answer: Those seeking relief from kidney and bladder disorders should begin taking balmwort tablets, a very successful formula sold in sealed tubes with full directions.

Mrs. N. L. writes: "Last winter I was cured of a bad case of bronchitis by using your prescription containing mentholaxene, and have been very grateful and confident of getting good advice. I wish to

ELECTRIC CURRENT SUPPLIED FOR ALL PURPOSES

Light—Heat—Power



Phone 298
1025 Calhoun St.

5% MONEY

To loan on improved city and farm property. Long time loans.

WAYNE MORTGAGE LOAN CO.,
LINCOLN LIFE BUILDING.

INDIANA'S COMPLETE HOME OUTFIT

Three-Room Outfit
This outfit is an ideal one for the new arrivals. All that is needed to furnish three rooms in the most comfortable manner. Three complete rooms—bedroom, dining room and kitchen.
Special Price \$95
Indiana Furniture Co.
121-123 East Main Street.

Get the Habit Of Reading Sentinel Want Ads Daily

You can glance through The Sentinel Want Ad Pages each evening with little or no effort, and the habit is a very profitable one—whether with any fixed need in mind or not. One single opening or money-making chance that comes to you through our Want Ad columns more than justifies the time spent in reading them right along.
START NOW. PHONE 173

SENTINEL WANT ADS. ALWAYS GET RESULTS

AMERICAN FOREIGN TRADE FOR APRIL

Total for Year Then Ending Was Brought Above Six Billions.

Washington, May 31.—Exports from the United States, for the first time in the history of the country, exceeded 6 billion dollars in the twelve months ending with April, 1917, against less than 4 billion dollars in the same period of 1916 and 2 1/2 billions or less in previous years.

Imports during the twelve months' period ending in April, 1917, amounted to 2 1/2 billion dollars against 2 billions in 1916.

During the month of April, 1917, exports of merchandise were valued at 530 million dollars against 554 millions in March, and 613 millions in January of this year.

For the ten months ending with April, 1917, the exports amounted to \$5,167,000,000 against \$3,394,000,000 one year, and \$2,225,000,000 two years ago.

The imports during April, 1917, amounted to \$254,000,000 which, with the single exception of March, is the record month of the last six years.

For the ten months ending with April, 1917, the imports amounted to 2,672 millions against 1,723 millions in 1916 and 1,374 millions in 1915.

The excess of exports over imports amounted to 3,560 million in the twelve

months ending with April, 1917, against 1,914 millions in 1916 and 848 millions in 1915.

For the ten months ending with April, 1917, the excess of exports amounted to 3,095 millions, an increase of 1,424 millions over the excess of exports a year ago.

The imports of gold amounted to 32 million dollars in April, 1917, against exports of gold amounting to 17 million dollars. The imports of gold during the ten months ending with April, 1917, amounted to 833 million dollars, which is 490 million dollars more than a year ago.

The exports of gold during this period amounted to 167 million dollars, an increase of 97 million dollars. The excess of imports of gold over exports during the ten months' period ending with April, 1917, amounted to 666 million dollars in 1917 against 274 millions in 1916, an increase of 392 million dollars.

The Sentinel delivered by carrier, 10c a week. 5-22-17

Catarrh Cannot Be Cured
with LOCAL APPLICATIONS, as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. Catarrh is a local disease, greatly influenced by constitutional conditions, and in order to cure it you must take an internal remedy. Hall's Catarrh Medicine is taken internally and acts thru the blood on the mucous surfaces of the system. Hall's Catarrh Medicine was prescribed by one of the best physicians in this country for years. It is composed of some of the best tonics known, combined with some of the best blood purifiers. The perfect combination of the ingredients in Hall's Catarrh Medicine is what produces such wonderful results in catarrhal conditions. Send for testimonials, free.
F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O.
Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

WOODBURN NEWS.

Woodburn, Ind., May 31.—Messrs.

Paul Augspurger, Henry Jurgens and Christ Koch returned Saturday evening from Lansing, Mich., where the latter purchased a six-cylinder Oldsmobile.

Mr. and Mrs. Ray Shockey are enjoying a visit from the latter's mother, Mrs. Demond, of Jonesville, Mich., since Saturday.

J. C. Leever, of Defiance, Ohio, was in Woodburn Tuesday where he was called on business.

Mrs. J. E. Augspurger and children, Helen and Catherine, motored to Toledo, Ohio, Saturday where they will visit with Mr. and Mrs. G. J. Miller this week. Mr. Augspurger, who is employed at Detroit, will return home with them.

Wilmer Roberts and Aldo Sprunger have resigned their position at the General Electric works and will soon leave for summer school.

G. C. Henderson and Paul Augspurger left early Tuesday morning for Hamilton, Ohio, in the latter's Ford racer, where they visited an uncle of the latter, O. C. Gingrich. They also witnessed the automobile races at Sharonville on Decoration day.

Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Davis have moved their household goods into the Henry Yaggy house on North Union street.

Mr. and Mrs. E. R. Moser, Mrs. Ray Shockey and mother, Mrs. Demond, and Miss Edna Augspurger, motored to Fort Wayne Tuesday afternoon where they were engaged in shopping.

Mr. and Mrs. D. Stucky, of Detroit, spent Monday with Rev. and Mrs. J. E. Lanby.

Woodburn will have a flag raising on Saturday, June 2nd. It will be raised at the intersection of Main

and Union streets. The Woodburn band will furnish music for the occasion.

On Saturday morning Mr. and Mrs. Hanna delivered a fine patriotic address yesterday afternoon at the court house for the soldiers' memorial. A march was made to the Decatur cemetery where the remainder of the program was given.

The wedding of Dr. Muri Fulk, son of Peter Fulk, of west of the city, will take place June 18 at Bloomington, to Miss Lucile Elizabeth Worley.

The funeral of Donald Richard, aged one year, son of Roy Uhrich, was held this morning from the home in St. Marys township. Rev. Harman officiated.

Miss Gertrude Moses spent Memorial day in Fort Wayne with relatives.

Mr. and Mrs. H. P. Moses, of Fort Wayne, and Dr. Ralph Moses, of Kendallville, were guests today of Miss Annette Moses.

Miss Dollie Brandyberry will return Thursday from Dunkirk, where she visited with relatives.

The Rebekahs initiated Mrs. Minnie Black and daughter, Inez, and Miss Eric Dull. The semi-annual election of officers was also held. Mrs. Waldo

DECATUR NEWS.

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Brushwiller was elected noble grand; Mrs. Ralph McCrory, vice grand, and Miss Nell Winnes, secretary.

Mr. and Mrs. Enos Henry and son, Max, of Augusta, Ga., will arrive the first of June for a visit with their parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. M. Henry.

Rev. and Mrs. W. P. Marsh and daughter spent Memorial day at Muncie with his mother, Mrs. Madeline Marsh.

George Fredericks, engineer of New York city, and Ruby Scott were married in the county clerk's office by Judge D. E. Smith.

Mrs. John T. Coots, of Fort Wayne, spent Memorial day here.

The Delta Theta Tau sorority gave a dance last evening for the celebration of its first anniversary.

FOR SALE—Some good local 6% preferred stock. Party must have money.

C. F. PFEIFFER,
5-2-17 Shoaff Bldg.

Sentinel Want Ads. Pay.

The Quickest Way to Finish the Kaiser!



Use The "Want Ad" Way!

1¢
A WORD

Vacant property can be rented. Real estate sold. Business opportunities sold. Automobiles disposed of. Good situations secured

BY THE USE OF THE SENTINEL WANT ADS

Mail, Phone or send your "want ads" now. The cost is only one cent a word

114 WEST WAYNE STREET

PHONE 173

Leg Sore

A huge sore—very deep—full of foul discharge. Aged all day; no rest at night. Then just a few drops of the gentle, cooling liquid, D.D.D., irritation and pain gone. Sweet, refreshing sleep at night. In due time, complete cure. We guarantee D.D.D. 25c, 50c and \$1.00.

D.D.D.
The Liquid Wash

DREIER DRUG CO.

Of the four Reformed denominations in the United States, the Reformed church in America (Dutch Reformed) is the oldest; it has more than 700 churches. The Reformed church in the United States (German Reformed) is the largest, with about 1,800 churches. The Hungarian Reformed church, organized in 1904, is the youngest; it has seventy-four churches. The Christian Reformed church in North America is third in age and size. It has 231 churches and 35,000 members.

They Look White But Kill the Light

Meigs Neutro Lenses in glasses or goggles make out a pleasure.

MEIGS
Lenses

1012 Calhoun St.
Lyric Theater Bldg.

ABSTRACTS OF TITLE
Made by
THE ALLEN COUNTY ABSTRACT COMPANY
Are Reliable.
WE GUARANTEE ALL OUR WORK
725 COURT STREET.

OSTEOPATHY
Hay Fever and Catarrh—New Method
Developed on western coast. Completely relieves all symptoms. Not an experiment but a scientifically proven cure.
DR. SEAMAN, Third Floor Shoff Bldg.
Phone 2904 for Appointment. 5-18-17

DR. JOHNSTON
OSTEOPATH
4th FLOOR SHOFF BLDG.
TAKE ELEVATOR
Graduate of Kirksville, Mo.
Diseases and Deformities Treated
EXAMINATION FREE
Phone—Office, 1529. — Res. 6534

ARE YOUR
Children's Teeth Good
IF NOT, SEE
UNION PAINLESS DENTISTS
912 1/2 Calhoun St.

HARTZOG
EYE SPECIALIST
Ask Your Friends
We grind lens in
our own factory.
ROOM 201
ARCADE

PICKARD'S
for all
kinds of
Chairs

IF YOU WANT
THE BIG WAR NEWS
TODAY BUY
The Evening Sentinel

THE COAST LINE TO MACKINAC
The Coast Line to Mackinac affords a vacation trip not only pleasurable but restful and healthful.
The refreshing coolness of the lake breezes, the luxurious appointments of the commodious steamers, the excellent cuisine of the dining service—all these combine to make the D. & C. Mackinac trip a favorite with recreation seekers.
Among the special features of this trip are the "House-Boat Dinners" and the famous "Great Lakes Fish Fools". All D. & C. steamers are equipped with the latest wireless service.
STEAMER SCHEDULES
Mackinac Island steamers leave Detroit—Mondays and Saturdays, 6:30 a. m.; Wednesdays and Fridays, 9:30 a. m. Steamers leave Toledo for Mackinac and way ports—Mondays and Saturdays at 3:30 p. m.; Tuesdays and Thursdays at 3:30 p. m. Daily service between Detroit and Buffalo. Two trips weekly between Detroit and Cleveland. Report for stamp for illustrated pamphlet and Great Lakes Map.
G. F. A. Detroit, Michigan.
Detroit & Cleveland Navigation Company
Philip H. McMillan, President.
A. A. Schmitt, V. Pres. & Gen. Mgr.



MAKING A GARDEN.

(Another of a series of articles edited by the committee on publicity and information of the National Food Relief committee, Fort Wayne branch. This one by Norma Erf.)

The cultivation of the sweet potato is discussed in an excellent manner in farmers' bulletin No. 255, United States department of agriculture, as follows:

The sweet potato is of a tropical nature and grows best in the warm, sandy loam soil of the southern states. Sweet potatoes are, however, grown commercially as far north as the southern line of the state of Pennsylvania, and for family use even in southern New York and Michigan. A warm, loose sandy soil is best adapted to the production of sweet potatoes, and good drainage is essential. In order to improve the drainage condition, it is customary to set the plants on top of ridges which are thrown up by means of a plow, two furrows being turned together. For best results the soil should be well fertilized

throughout, but in commercial sweet potato culture the plan is frequently adopted of placing the fertilizer or manure in a furrow and then turning the ridge up over it. The manure should be evenly distributed, and it is advisable to run a cultivator once or twice in the furrow to mix the manure with the soil. Too much manure in one spot under a hill will produce a large growth of vine at the expense of the potatoes.

Toward the northern part of the area over which sweet potatoes are grown it is necessary to start the plants in a hotbed in order that the length of season may be sufficient to mature the crop. The roots that are too small for marketing are used for seed, and these are bedded close together in the hotbed and covered with about 2 inches of sand or fine soil, such as leaf mold. The seed should be bedded about five or six weeks before it will be safe to set the plants in the open ground, which is usually about May 15 or May 20. Toward the last the hotbed should be ventilated very freely in order to harden off the plants.

The ridges for planting sweet potatoes should be 3 to 5 feet apart and the plants about 14 inches apart in the row. Cultivate sufficiently to keep the surface soil loose and free from weeds, and the vines will soon cover the ground, after which no cultivation will be necessary. In the warmer parts of the country the seed, is not bedded, but is cut in small pieces and planted in the ridges instead of plants. After the plants come up and begin to make vines freely, pieces of the vines are removed and used as cuttings for planting additional areas, the cuttings taking root and growing the same as plants grown from used seed. In this manner 3 or 4 plantings are made, the last being as late as the middle of July. If a rainy spell be selected for making and planting the cuttings, very few will fail to grow, and an excellent crop may be produced.

To the north, sweet potatoes are dug as soon as the vines are nipped by frost. In the south the potatoes are allowed to remain in the ground until a convenient time for handling them, and in Florida or Texas they

are frequently left until required for use. Sweet potatoes should be dug on a bright drying day when the soil is not too wet. On a small scale they may be dug with a spading fork, and great care should be taken that the roots do not become bruised or injured in the process of handling. It is desirable that the roots should lie exposed for two or three hours to dry thoroughly, after which they may be placed in a warm, well ventilated room to cure for several days. The proper temperature for curing sweet potatoes is from 80 degrees to 90 degrees Fahrenheit and 45 or 55 degrees Fahrenheit afterwards. A small crop may be cured around the kitchen stove, and later stored in a dry room where there will be no danger of their becoming too cold. Sweet potatoes should be handled as little as possible, especially after they have been cured. "Sweet potatoes are used the same as Irish potatoes, and may also be employed in making pies the same as squash. For further information the reader should obtain farmers' bulletin No. 129, entitled 'Sweet Potatoes'."

NEWS OF FORT WAYNE'S NEIGHBORS

BEEES, FIRE AND ELECTRICITY.

Wabash, Ind., May 31.—Wabash firemen have battled fires under difficulties for two days. Called to a garage which was burning the men stirred up several hundred bees which were lodging between two floors. The bees at once settled on the firemen and ladders and several of the men were stung. Later, the men were called to extinguish flames on top of a traction pole carrying 94,000 volts of electricity. Despite the fact that the flames threatened a large horse barn nearby, the men found it impossible to throw water after one fireman had been hurled from his feet when the current followed the stream to the nozzle.

BLOW AT POOL ROOMS.

Portland, Ind., May 31.—The city council has aimed a blow at the pool rooms of the city when that body proposed passing an ordinance fixing closing hours, removal of screens, license fees and a penalty of \$50 for disobeying this ordinance. The hours fixed for closing will be 11 o'clock on week days and 12 o'clock on Saturday nights, when they must remain closed until 6 o'clock Monday morning.

NOTIFIED TO VACATE.

Kendallville, Ind., May 31.—Postmaster Hart has notified E. A. Hirsch, who, with his tenants, occupy the site of the proposed new building, to vacate the premises within thirty days. This is taken to mean that work on the new postoffice building to be erected here will be started within the next few weeks.

DEATH AT VAN WERT.

Van Wert, Ohio, May 31.—Theophilus Hart, son of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Hammer, is dead, following a lingering illness of many months. Death was due to tuberculosis. He was thirty-one years old and was born in Van Wert.

DRAFT BOARD ORGANIZES.

Van Wert, Ohio, May 31.—The Van Wert county selective conscription

board, or, as it is more generally known, as the draft board, has organized and is ready for its work as soon as instructions on how to proceed are received. At present the board is forced to mark time and wait until directions are received.

MAY INCREASE GAS RATES.

Kendallville, Ind., May 31.—An approximate increase of twenty-five per cent will probably be put into effect soon by the Indiana Fuel & Light company. The company has asked for permission to increase its rates from the public service commission. The reason for asking for an increase, according to the petition, is because of the increased cost of coal and labor.

CONDUCTS EXAMINATION.

Kendallville, Ind., May 31.—Major Henry Humphrey gave the new recruits of Company D, I. N. G., a physical examination Tuesday night. It was stated by Captain Snyder that if enough volunteer recruits can be secured to fill the two companies in Noble county to war strength it is possible that conscription will not be in evidence in this county.

JAIL CONTRACT AWARDED.

Auburn, Ind., May 31.—The contract for the erection of a new county jail has been awarded to Harry H. Schenck, of Auburn, whose bid was \$67,650, with several alternate bids, making the net bid \$52,915 for which the contract was let. The bond was fixed at \$70,000. The new jail building will be two stories and basement and will be of brick and stone trimming.

NEW RED CROSS CHAPTER.

Warsaw, Ind., May 31.—A Red Cross chapter has been organized in Kosciusko county with the election of the following officers: President, Judge F. E. Bowser; vice president, Rev. M. H. Lyon; secretary, Dr. P. E. Zartmann; treasurer, J. E. Shoup; executive committee, W. W. Reed, W. H. Kinsley, T. C. Frazier, L. H. Williams, E. A. Gast, William Felkner, Rev. L. J. Natzger.

DEATH AT CHURUBUSCO.

Churubusco, Ind., May 31.—Following an illness of several months due to

a complication of diseases, Albert O. Nease, forty-five years old, died at the home of his mother, Mrs. Julia Nease. Surviving relatives are besides the mother, two brothers, Simpson Nease, of this city; one sister, Mrs. Celestia Halferty, of Richmond.

ENGAGEMENTS ANNOUNCED.

Avilla, Ind., May 31.—The approaching marriage of two young couples was announced in St. Mary's Catholic church last Sunday morning for the first time. They are: Miss Tillie Blotkamp, of southeast of town, and Mr. Emmet Trexler, of Garrett; Miss Alice Lash and Mr. Sidney Bush, both of this township.

RECRUITS ARE EXAMINED.

Decatur, Ind., May 31.—Medical Examiner Stout has conducted a physical examination this week of the men who have enlisted in Company A, Indiana national guard, who have not been previously examined.

WILL HAVE FLAG RAISING.

Van Wert, Ohio, May 31.—There will be a flag raising ceremony here in connection with registration day.

HON. J. W. HANAN AT WATERLOO.

Waterloo, Ind., May 31.—The Decoration day address was delivered here by Hon. John W. Hanan, of Lagrange.

A tornado policy is not expensive. Order at once from Clint Willson. Phone 893.

SPENCERVILLE NEWS.

Spencerville, Ind., May 31.—Relatives and friends of over fifty gathered on Sunday at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Edward Billman near Wiese's Corners and surprised them in honor of their thirty-sixth birthday anniversary.

Mr. and Mrs. Tracy Gratz and family, of Tecumseh, Mich.; Mrs. Florence Hursh, of Fort Wayne; Mr. and Mrs. H. L. Tomite and daughter; Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Holt and grandson, of Harlan; Mrs. Trimole and children; Mrs. Arnold and children, and Mrs. Mary Sander and family met at the home of Mrs. Luella Smith on Saturday in honor of her daughter, Little Rosa Smith's fifth birthday anniversary.

Mr. and Mrs. R. U. Bowser were Tuesday evening guests of Mrs. Dan Hock and family.
Miss Lilla Ferguson, of Cleveland, who has been visiting her friend, Miss Elma Willmot several weeks, returned

MOVING 25,000 TROOPS OVERSEAS LIKE MOVING AN ENTIRE CITY



United States soldiers waiting to board trains for transportation somewhere in the United States. Perfect organization and order must prevail at the various points of mobilization so no delays occur in moving troops and supplies.

BY J. H. DUCKWORTH.
(Staff Special.)

New York, May 31.—Moving an expeditionary force of 25,000 men to France, the size of Gen. Pershing's division, is as tremendous a job as transporting an entire city by train and boat.

Not only the 25,000 inhabitants of the city, but all their houses, furniture, clothing, provisions for three months and other necessities, would have to be moved as quickly, as smoothly, as silently as possible.

Silence and expedition are the watchwords of transporting an army across the Atlantic through the dangerous U-boat blockade.

To add to the stupendous task, a fleet of warships is needed to accompany transport as convoys. To send 25,000 troops overseas requires use of 88 trains, consisting of 1,875 passenger, baggage, box, stock and flat cars.

These would carry not only the men, but animals, guns, baggage, equipment, food, stores and all accessories a full division at war strength needs on going to war.

The first 100,000 national guardsmen who moved to the Mexican border in June, 1916, required 350 trains, containing 3,000 box, 2,000 stock and 800 flat cars.

It means a comparatively greater task to transport our first 25,000 men to the French front, because of the smaller European railway cars.

Nearly 100,000 tons of shipping would be needed to transport this city of 25,000 United States field service regulations allow three tons a man and eight tons an animal in ship space on ships above 5,000 tonnage.

The tonnage allowance covers men, animals and all supplies, including a margin for three months' reserve supplies.

It took 30 ships, besides a few big freighters, to carry the first 30,000 Canadians across.

Arriving in France, the troops would have to build a new city of tents, with repair shops, telephone, telegraph and wireless systems, and other buildings to store supplies.

The army war college, in 1912, fixed the composition of a division of troops, such as under Maj. Gen. Pershing's command for the expedition to France.

Three infantry brigades of three regiments each, 18,234 men; one field artillery brigade of two regiments, 3,118 men; one pioneer battalion of engineers, 450 men; one field company of signal troops, 163 men; three field hospitals and three ambulance companies of sanitary troops, 600 men; one ammunition column, 1,204 men, and one supply train crew, 500 men. Total 24,104.

SOLID COMFORT

Clean through, from the shape of the last to the "feel" of the leather.

STACY ADAMS SHOE

"None but the best."

M. A P P

916 CALHOUN STREET.

HARVARD BOYS LEARN TO DIG TRENCHES



Harvard university recruits are here shown learning to dig trenches under direction of French army officers. They are learning the arts of modern warfare in the open plain near the university at Cambridge, Mass.

LARWILL NEWS.

Larwill, Ind., May 31.—The W. C. T. U. will meet with Mrs. Jake Halderman Tuesday afternoon.

Paul Smith, principal of the schools here, went to Valparaiso to take up a summer course.

R. R. Whisman, ticket agent here, is taking a vacation, and W. C. White-leather is taking his place for the time.

Mrs. Anna King, of Bourbon, is visiting at the J. P. Patterson home.

Mrs. Pet Simmonson, south of town, is quite ill.

Mrs. Aaron Stickler is spending a few days at Warsaw with friends.

Mrs. Herbert King, of Syracuse, is visiting her sister, Mrs. A. D. Haines, for a few days.

Mrs. Ray King went to Warsaw Tuesday.

Melvin and Irvin Blanchard, sons of Mr. and Mrs. Irvin Blanchard,

south of town, celebrated their fourteenth and twelfth birthdays Saturday by entertaining a number of their friends.

Scratch tablets—just the thing for school children, 2 for 5c and 5c each, at Sentinel office. 5-14-17

Sentinel Want Ads. Bring Results.

DR. J. A. CHAPMAN
OSTEOPATHIC PHYSICIAN
Specializing in Acute Diseases.
Shoff Bldg.—Fifth Floor.
2722—PHONES—2614 Blue.

—THE—
Paul E. Wolf Bedding Co.
619 and 621 Clinton St. Phone 404.
Renovating Mattresses, Upholstery, Packing and Crating Furniture, Carpet Cleaning.

HAVE you ever considered your plumbing equipment from the standpoint of home health? There is no feature about the house that tends to maintain the health of yourself and family more than a sanitary plumbing equipment.

Standard Plumbing Fixtures and our high-grade workmanship provide every requisite of a sanitary and efficient plumbing equipment and insure permanent satisfaction.

M. F. NOLL,
Plumbing and Heating Contractor
333 E. Jefferson St.

A. W. Littlefield, J. Wade Pitcher
"We Keep 'Em Rolling!"
Harrison Garage Co.,
Repairing and Storage.
Ford Repair Service.
EDW. J. JORDAN, Mgr.
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ROUGH ON RATS
Unbeatable Exterminator of Rats, Mice and Bugs
Used the World Over - Used by U.S. Government
The Old Reliable That Never Fails - 15c, 25c, 50c, 1.00
THE RECOGNIZED STANDARD-AVOID SUBSTITUTES

CITY TRUCKING CO.
Storage of Household Goods, Pianos, Etc.
Hauling and Moving of Every Description.
OFFICE—CORNER CALHOUN AND SUPERIOR.
Phone 122-1429.

OUT OF THE FIRST LINE TRENCHES FOR A TRIP TO GOD'S COUNTRY

Fight Until Death, Never Go Back, Is Rule of Modern War, Says French Hero

A FRONT line trench," said Joseph Heligon. "Think of a gash in the earth, flanked by irregular piles of sandbags, a red-rusted field of barbed wire in front, and the zig-zag of communicating channels behind."

"Think of mud underfoot and a clean sky above, clean except for the puff balls of shrapnel from the 'Archies' chasing the drifting speck of an aeroplane across the blue."

"Think of the stench of men who live too close together in the rabbit warrens of bomb-proofs, and of that more terrible stench from the huddled heaps out there in 'no man's' land."

"Imagine the ghastly stare of star shells in the night, the death-like pallor of observation rockets roaring up from the enemies' trenches a few rods away; the throb of the big guns in the distance, the sharper note of nearer field pieces, the blasting shock of bursting shells—all the mud and the blood, the terror and the quake-like tremors, the courage and the cringing, the false cowardice of the brave and that kind of bravery of men who are afraid to show fear."

"All that you see in a first-line trench."

B

ACK from hell."

That is the way Joseph Heligon, a former French instructor of St. Louis, expressed his opinion, after spending two years and five months fighting in the first-line trenches of the great war in which the United States has decided to take a hand.

Listening to the whirr of the deadly shrapnel, feeling the terrific concussion following the bursting of the largest shells manufactured by the greatest munitions plants in the world, was depicted by him as a "living, breathing, gasping hell"—the kind only heard of before from the religious fanatic.

Heligon came to the United States in 1910, after serving three years in the French army. At that time he was on the reserve list, to be called out when his country needed him. He was in St. Louis, enjoying the peace and quiet found only in this country, when the first news of the great world war swept the United States.

Not waiting to be called back to do his "duty," he severed his St. Louis connections and departed for Bordeaux, France, where, with thousands of other men equally as well trained in military tactics, he reported for active service.

His first placement was with an armored automobile, operating a machine gun. He had experience in that branch of fighting. But not for long was he to be allowed to enjoy such light war measures, for soon came orders commanding him to report to another gun squad and be detailed to the terrible Champagne country, where the fighting was the fiercest.

The task allotted to him on the automobile was anything but an easy one, but when compared to that of fighting in the trenches, often hand to hand with the enemy, it was not regarded as dangerous.

Unused to Conditions.

The regiment he was with began the first winter of the war in the trenches along the front lines, bucking the incessant attacks of the Germans. The men were in most part unused to the conditions of privation and severe cold that had to be endured, and many of them were sent back to the base hospitals total wrecks after a month of fighting.

Several weeks of the winter had passed when a severe attack of fever, brought on by the cold and exposure, sent Heligon back to the interior hospital to die or to be made well enough to again enter the battle.

As soon as he was able to sit up and be on his feet for more than an hour at a time he was put in the Postal Control Department, helping censor mail coming to and from the soldiers at the front. This job was given him because of his ability to read and write five different languages.

When able to be on his feet all day he was pronounced "well" by the officials and ordered to report to a regiment that was to relieve some of the men fighting at the great battle of Verdun.

Again he was one of the men placed in the first-line trenches and dugouts, generally considered as "suicide" or a "sacrifice to the country" by the soldiers, because of the fact that few men were able to escape death after a few weeks of fighting there. Two weeks in the front lines and the men were withdrawn and others took their places.

From Verdun Heligon was again ordered to accompany the regiments to relieve the situation back in the Champagne country. There the fighting continued month after month, described by him as a hideous "nightmare."

Suffering from several injuries and nervous condition, he was granted a thirty-one day furlough, and left the battle-swept country on March 10 last.

Heligon's story of some of his experiences and the things to be endured by the soldier in the French army follow:

"My work in the gun squad was that of 'range-finding.' I would figure the angles and



Right to Left, Robert J. Roth, Corporal, General Recruiting Service, St. Louis; Joseph Heligon and First-Class Private Montgomery, Co. M, First Missouri Infantry.

distances of the targets, call them off to the men actually operating the gun, and they would do the rest.

"My first battle experience was terrible, for we were under fire for several days without being relieved by new troops. The sight of men, some of whom I had become acquainted with, being killed within a few feet of me almost drove me insane."

Men Sad at First.

"The men at first were very quiet, with sad faces, for they were just beginning to under-

stand the meaning of the word 'war' in the twentieth century. The fighting then was of the fiercest because the soldiers on both sides were all trained."

"The government was unable to take proper care of the men wounded, or those taken sick from exposure, and, as a result, many died when otherwise, with the proper care, they could have been saved. This later was to be remedied."

"Around Soissons we fought for months, often in hand-to-hand battle with the German forces. Daily orders came for some regiment

to storm some building in the village both forces occupied, and when night would fall some of the men would go to sleep with only a concrete wall separating the two forces."

"It was in the Champagne country that I learned what was meant by 'no man's' land. After a period of fighting lasting several days, the lines would undergo a change, and a strip of land criss-crossed by barbed-wire fences, would stretch between the opposing lines. In plain view of both sides were the bodies of the hundreds of men that had been killed during the fight. These bodies would be tangled in the wire,

some standing erect as though alive. They could not be reached by their comrades because to make the attempt meant certain death. Some of the men, it could be seen, were not killed outright, but died from the lack of food, water and attention. One stretch of 'no man's' land was not cleared away for seven months, the bodies in plain view all the time."

"Gradually the men in our regiments began to get used to the mode of warfare, and did not mind the sound of the bursting shells of continuous bombardment. When night would cover the battlefields, the men would gather in small groups and spend a few hours telling stories, singing and playing cards."

"The food furnished the men at the beginning of the war was far superior to that to be had later on, for no one believed that the war could last for more than a year."

"For the men in the front trenches and in the reserve dugouts the word retreat is not known, for should a sudden advance be made by the enemy, all left for them to do was to fight to the last, either stopping the advance or dying in the attempt. When a man in the front trench was killed, a man from the reserve dugout, located just in the rear of the trench, crawled over his dead body and took up the gun he had dropped, the barrel of which would often be so hot that one could almost light a cigarette on it. When the men were killed they would lie in the trenches in plain view and in a hand's reach for several days if the fighting was fierce."

Deadly Gas Comes Suddenly.

"It was at Verdun that I first came in contact with the Germans' deadly use of asphyxiating gases. On entering the trenches there I was given a mask that covered the entire head. This I was told to always keep with me. I also was given a small compressed air pump, that was to be carried on the back as a knapsack."

"When we least expected it we would suddenly be met with a rush of the gas forced forward by the bursting shells, the gas bags being attached to the shells. Our orders were to stop when the attack began and to clear the space around us by the use of the compressed air pumps. We were helped in this by the men in the rear lines forcing the gas back with a strong pressure of air, often driving the poison gas back on to the Germans."

"Although the masks we wore were supposed to protect us from the gas, it was very hard to breathe, and because we could not keep the masks on for any great length of time the eye-sight was often injured to a great extent, some of the men being made totally blind."

"Often when one line of men in a front trench was ordered to advance, some of the poor fel-

lows, already so weak they could hardly stand up, would fall to the ground from utter exhaustion on account of the rough traveling over muddy, slushy ground."

"The two weeks I put in on the front line at Verdun left me almost a nervous wreck, and I was glad when we were ordered to drop back to the rear lines and let a relieving regiment take our place."

"A week later we were ordered back to the Champagne country, and there again took up the fight, often hand to hand, that I had left many months before."

"After fighting several weeks around the small villages in the Champagne country, the regiment—what was left of it—that I was in, was sent to participate in the battle at Somme. There the fighting was a little different, at Verdun, the same hardships to be encountered, the same terrible scenes to be burned into the memory to live with you in dreams as long as life lasted."

"It was at Somme that I thought my worries were over. I had been fighting in the trench for several days; in fact, I had lost all account of time. In the middle of the night I was awakened by a terrible explosion that seemed to be right under me. That was the last I remembered until I was conscious of being carried to the rear lines."

"After a few days in the field hospital recovering from the shock, I learned that a large shell had exploded in my section of trench, and that I and my comrades had been buried alive by the upheaval of dirt. The reserve men in the dugout had come to our assistance at just that time, and they were the ones who rescued us. There were sixteen men in the trench at the time, and twelve of them were killed by the one explosion."

"Now I have been granted a short leave of absence, to once again taste of those things so good in this life but so often not appreciated by us. On my word of honor that I would return when my time was up and once again take up the duty of every Frenchman, I was allowed to visit my friends in the great, glorious and peaceful United States. For the first time in a year I knew what a clean bed and clean clothes felt like. As a result I am almost insane with ecstasy."

Heligon has almost lost the sight in one eye from the Germans' deadly gases and has received several painful injuries on the head and body. He said that when the boys at the French front first heard of the United States joining the forces of the allies they were both happy and sad—happy because of the possibility of the war's quick termination, sad because of the sorrow that would come to the many happy families in this country.



Joseph Heligon



For 10 Cents an Advertisement in
The Sentinel Want Columns
Talks to Everybody in Ft. Wayne and Vicinity

Classified Ads 1c a Word Phone 173

THE MARKETS

THREATENING WEATHER PUTS BLINK ON MARKS

Receipts Are Light and
Prices Remain Steady
With Few Exceptions.

Due to the threatening weather conditions of Thursday, receipts on the markets and among wholesale dealers were very light. Prices, however, remained the same as they have been with few exceptions. Wheat continued at \$2.68@2.70, and there were no further changes in flour quotations. On the retail market figures on eggs and butter were unchanged. Sixteen loads of hay, corn and oats were weighed at the city scales during the morning, and of these eleven were hay. The bottom price in hay advanced \$50, making the figures \$16.00@17.00. Two loads of corn were handled at the scales, one selling at \$1.61 per bushel, while the owner of the other received \$1.67. Three loads of oats sold at 64, 65 and 70c per bushel.

RETAIL STREET MARKET.

Eggs—Strictly fresh (candled), 38c doz.
Butter—Country, 35c 28c lb.
Potatoes—32c 35c lb.
Potatoes—\$2.55 per bu.

Wholesale Barr Street Market.

Eggs—34c doz.
Chickens—22@23c lb.
Lard—20@22c lb.
Butter—32@34c lb.
Hogs—\$12.75@13.00 bu.
Wheat—\$2.68@2.70 bu.
Oats—\$1.61@1.67 bu.
Hay—\$16.00@17.00 ton.
Potatoes—\$3.00 bu.
Wool—55c.

GRAIN AND PROVISIONS.

C. Tresselt & Co.
Wheat—\$2.68 bu.
Rye—\$1.65 bu.
Oats—70c bu.
Corn—\$1.68 bu.
Barley—\$1.00 bu.
Flour—Winter wheat straight (Hungarian), \$15.00@15.50 per bbl; winter wheat, patent (Silver Dollar), \$15.00@15.20.
Little Turtle Flour—\$14.80@15.40.
Rye—Pure rye flour, \$13.20@13.60.
Bran—\$4.00@4.40 ton.
Shorts—\$4.00@4.40 ton.
Middlings—\$4.00@4.40 ton.
Chopfeed—\$6.00@6.80 ton.
Cornmeal—Bolted, \$4.00@4.10 per cwt; coarse, \$3.80@4.00 per cwt.
Cracked Corn—\$3.80@4.00 per cwt.
Screenings—\$4.00@4.50 per ton.
Small Wheat—\$3.80 per cwt.

MAYFLOWER MILLS.

Wheat—\$2.70 bu.
Corn—\$1.65 bu.
Oats—65c bu.
Rye—\$1.80 bu.
Barley—\$1.00 bu.
Flour—Winter (straight), \$15.40@16.20 bbl; Newvenio flour, \$16.20@17.00 per bbl; Silver Dust flour, \$15.60@16.40 bbl; rye flour, \$12.50@13.00 bbl.
Bran—\$4.00 ton.
Middlings—\$4.00 ton.

GLOBE MILLS QUOTATIONS.

Wheat—\$2.68 bu; corn, \$1.65 bu; oats, 70c bu; rye, \$1.85 bu; barley, \$1.00 bu; Junco poultry feed, \$60.00@70.00 ton; salt, per bbl, \$1.75.
Straight winter wheat—\$15.40@16.40 bbl; Gold Lace, \$15.80@15.90 per bbl; Graham flour, \$12.00; bran \$4.20@4.40 ton; cornmeal (bolted), \$4.00@4.10 cwt; corn meal (coarse), \$3.80@4.00 cwt.

HIDES, WOOL, ROOTS, ETC.

(Well Bros. & Co.)
Hides—Green, 18@20 per lb; cured light and heavy, 22@24c per lb; green calfskins, 28c per lb.
Tallow—9@11c per lb.
Greases—8@10c per lb.
Beeswax—35c per lb.
Sheep Pelts—50c@55c.
Unwashed Wool—55c.

MAIER HIDE AND FUR CO.

No. 1 green hides—18c per lb.
No. 1 calfskin, cured—28@30c lb.
No. 1 calfskin, green—30c lb.
No. 1 calfskin, green—30c lb.
No. 1 horsehides—\$9.00 and down.
Pelts, according to quality, \$2.00@3.50.
Wild Ginseng—\$8.00@9.00.
Golden Seal Root—\$1.50@2.50.
Wool—45@55c lb.

Fort Wayne & North-
Indiana Traction
Co.
"WABASH VALLEY LINES."
Effective August 27, 1916.
WEST-BOUND TRAINS LEAVE—
6:00 A.M. 1:20 P.M.
7:20 A.M. 2:30 P.M.
8:00 A.M. 4:00 P.M.
9:20 A.M. 6:25 P.M.
11:15 A.M. 8:00 P.M.
12:00 Noon 8:30 P.M.
SOUTH-BOUND TRAINS LEAVE—
6:00 A.M. 1:00 P.M.
7:00 A.M. 2:00 P.M.
8:00 A.M. 3:00 P.M.
9:00 A.M. 4:00 P.M.
10:00 A.M. 5:00 P.M.
11:00 A.M. 6:00 P.M.
12:00 P.M. 8:00 P.M.
1:00 P.M. 9:00 P.M.

Trains leaving here at 7:20 A. M., 9:20 A. M., 11:15 A. M., 1:20 P. M., 6:25 P. M. make connections at Peru for Indianapolis.
—Limited trains.
—To Boyd park only.
—To Huntington only.
—Local stops between Fort Wayne and Ellettsburg on Sundays only.
—Daily except Sunday.
J. BAKER, Agent.

FEED QUOTATIONS.

(Corrected by W. D. Henderson & Co.)
New Timothy—\$14.00@16.00.
Oats—73@75c bu.
Corn—\$1.60@1.65 bu.
Barley—\$1.00@1.10 bu.

PRODUCE QUOTATIONS.

(Ackerman-Weiner Co.—Corrected by C. M. Weiner.)
Butter—Packing stock, 22c lb.
Fresh eggs—33@34c doz.
Potatoes—Michigan, 2½-bu bags, \$8.50.
Apples—Baldwin, bbl, \$5.00; fancy Ben Davis, per bbl, \$4.25; Rome Beauty (88), per box, \$2.50.
Chickens—22c lb.

BEVER BROTHERS' QUOTATIONS.

(Corrected Daily by George Crouse. Subject to change without notice.)
Michigan potatoes, per 10-peck bag, \$5.00.
Apples—Fancy No. 1 Michigan, \$5.50 bbl.
Onions—No. 1 yellow, per cwt., \$6.50; No. 2 yellow, per cwt., \$6.00.
Lemons—300, California, per box, \$4.50.
Oranges—\$3.25 box.

CITY SCALES.

Hay—Receipts, 11 loads; \$16.00@17.00 ton.
Corn—Receipts, two loads; \$1.61@1.67 bu.
Oats—Receipts, three loads; 64@70c bu.

POULTRY PRICES.

(Sherman White Co.)
Hens—4 lbs and over, 18@19c.
Broilers—1½ to 2 lbs, 30c.
Old Roosters—9c.
Ducks—Fat and full feathered, 12c lb.
Geese—Fat and full feathered, 10c lb.

KRAUS & APPELBAUM.

Jobbers Prices—
"AA" medium clover seed, \$11 bu.
"BB" medium clover seed, \$10.50 bu.
"AA" mammoth clover seed, \$11.25 bu.
"AA" mammoth clover seed, \$11 bu.
"BB" mammoth clover seed, \$10.75 bu.
"KK" alsike, \$11.50 bu.
"K" alsike, \$11 bu.
"AA" alfalfa, \$10 bu.
"AA" alfalfa, \$9.75 bu.
"AA" timothy seed, \$3.75 bu.
"A" timothy seed, \$3.70 bu.
Canada field peas, \$4 bu.
Whippoorwill cow peas, \$4 bu.
Lewist Essex rape, 1½c lb.
White blossom sweet clover, \$12 lb.
Millet seed, \$5.00 per 100 lbs.
Paying Prices—
Medium and mammoth clover seed, \$5 to \$5.50 bu.
Alsike, \$9 to \$9.50 bu.
Timothy seed, \$3 to \$3.50 bu.
Wool—55c lb.

FORT WAYNE HOG MARKET.

Hogs, 160 to 250 lbs \$15.00 cwt.
Hogs, 140 to 160 lbs 14.50 cwt.
Pigs 12.75 cwt.

GOOD CROP REPORTS BRING DOWN WHEAT

Reaction from Bottom Figures Has Steady Influence.

Chicago, May 31.—Excellent crop reports had a decided bearish effect today on the wheat market. Opening prices, which ranged from 5c to 8c lower, with July at \$1.94 to \$2.00, were followed by reactions from the extreme bottom figures and comparative steadiness at 2½c to 3c under Tuesday's close.

The close was unsettled, 3½c to 9c net lower, with July at \$1.94 and September at \$1.80.

Corn developed notable strength as a result of reports that the growing crop was being adversely influenced by too much rain and too little warmth. After opening ½c off to 1c advance prices rose sharply all around.

The close was nervous at 1½@¼c net decline.
Oats hardened in value with corn.
Higher quotations on hogs and corn gave some firmness to provisions.

Range of Prices for the Day.

Chicago, May 31, 1917.
Wheat: Open. High. Low. Close.
July 1.94 2.00 1.93 1/4 1.94
Sept. 1.81 1.83 1.79 1.80
Corn:
July 1.39 1/2 1.42 1/2 1.36 1/2 1.36 1/2
Sept. 1.36 1.38 1.22 1/2 1.23 1/2
Oats:
July 57 1/4 58 1/4 55 1/2 55 1/2
Sept. 51 1/2 52 49 1/2 49 1/2
Pork:
July 37.85 38.05 37.75 37.85
Sept. 37.60 37.90 37.55 37.85
Lard:
July 21.65 21.75 21.52 21.65
Sept. 21.85 21.95 21.67 21.72
Ribs:
July 20.52 20.75 20.47 20.65
Sept. 20.72 20.92 20.67 20.80
Toledo Cash Grain.
Toledo, O., May 31.—Wheat: Cash, \$2.70; July, \$1.97; September, \$1.82.
Cloverseed—Prime cash, \$11.25; October, \$11.85; December, \$11.75.
Alsike—Prime cash, \$11.50; September, \$11.50.
Timothy—Prime cash, \$3.75; September, \$4.05.
Toledo Closing Prices.
Toledo, O., May 31.—Wheat: Cash, \$2.70; nominal; July, \$1.97; September, \$1.82.
Corn—Cash, \$1.65; July, \$1.41; September, \$1.30.
Oats—Cash, 65c; July, 59c; September, 51 1/2c.
Rye—Cash, \$2.17.

LIVE STOCK MARKET.

East Buffalo Market.
Receipts today, 2,400 head; shipments, 760 head; official shipments to New York yesterday were 570 head; hogs closing slow; medium and heavy, \$16.20@16.40; one

deck at \$16.50; Yorkers, \$15.90@16.20; pigs, \$14.25@14.50; roughs, \$14.00@14.25; stags, \$12.00@13.00.
Cattle—Receipts, 125 head; market was steady.
Sheep—Receipts, 2,400 head; market was very dull; no sales made.

Chicago Market.

Chicago, May 31.—Hogs: Receipts, 14,000 head; market was strong; bulk, \$15.35@15.85; light, \$14.60@15.75; mixed, \$15.15@15.90; heavy, \$15.15@15.95; rough, \$15.15@15.25; pigs, \$10.25@10.45.
Cattle—Receipts, 4,000 head; market was firm; cattle, \$9.20@13.70; stockers and feeders, \$7.35@10.25; cows and heifers, \$6.25@11.50; calves, \$9.50@13.75.
Sheep—Receipts, 5,000 head; market was weak; wethers, \$10.50@13.40; lambs, \$11.50@15.50; springs, \$13.00@18.00.

Pittsburg Market.

Pittsburg, May 31.—Hogs: Receipts, 2,000 head; market was lower; heavies, \$15.90@16.00; Yorkers, \$15.25@15.50; light Yorkers, \$14.25@14.75; pigs, \$12.25@14.00.
Sheep and lambs—Receipts, 300 head; market was lower; top sheep, \$11.50; top lambs, \$14.00.
Calves—Receipts, 200 head; market was higher; top, \$14.25.

PRODUCE AND POULTRY.

Chicago, May 31.—Butter market was unsettled; creamery, 37½@42c.
Eggs—Market higher; receipts, 25,136 cases; firsts, 34@35c; ordinary firsts, 32½@33c; at mark, cases included, 32@34½c.
Potatoes—Market unsettled; new receipts, 60 cars; Texas and Alabama Triumphs, \$3.10@3.30; Louisiana Triumphs, \$3.00@3.25; Louisiana white, \$3.00@3.10; old, \$2.50@2.85; receipts, 15 cars.
Poultry—Alive, higher; fowls, 19c.

New York Market.

New York, May 31.—Butter weak; receipts, 15,398 tubs.
Eggs—Market irregular; receipts, 35,117 cases; fresh gathered extras, 38½@39c; fresh gathered firsts, 36@37½c.
Poultry—Live, firm; chickens, broilers, 41@43c; fowls, 23c; turkeys, 18@20c; dressed, quiet; chickens, 23@30c; fowls, 19½@25c; turkeys, 18@32c.

BUYING ORDERS GIVE WALL STREET GINGER

United States Steel is Moved
Up and Other Issues
Look Up.

New York, May 31.—Resumption of market operations over the holiday indicated a further accumulation of buying orders. Leaders opened at gains of 1 to 2 points, rails again displaying some hesitation. United States Steel was the overshadowing feature on its initial transactions of 12,000 shares at 134½ to 135½, an extreme advance of 1½ points and a fraction above its previous maximum. Independent Steel shares registered equal advances, also Marine preferred, American Smelting and several specialties. Sugars were again conspicuously active and strong. Steel extended its rise to 135½ in the first half hour, other industrials keeping pace with this movement.

Steel touched 136 just before noon on further absorption in single lots up to 12,000 shares. Other active issues, rails and motors excepted, continued to improve. The more notable gains included American Cuba cane and South Porto Rico sugars at advances of 3 to 9 points, American Tobacco 4 Tobacco Products 2½, Baldwin Locomotive 3¼, American 2½, Harvester 2 and Marine preferred 2½. Industrial Alcohol, Federal Smelting, Superior and Gulf States Steels, Barrett company and oils and papers were among the varied stocks included in the broad upward sweep of the morning at gains of 2 to 5 points. Bonds were steady.

THE WEATHER

LOCAL OFFICE UNITED STATES WEATHER BUREAU.

Fort Wayne, Ind., May 31, 1917.
Local data for the 24 hours ending at noon today.

Temperature at the End of Each Hour.
1:00 P.M. 69 1:00 A.M. 61
2:00 P.M. 70 2:00 A.M. 63
3:00 P.M. 71 3:00 A.M. 63
4:00 P.M. 70 4:00 A.M. 63
5:00 P.M. 68 5:00 A.M. 63
6:00 P.M. 66 6:00 A.M. 65
7:00 P.M. 66 7:00 A.M. 65
8:00 P.M. 65 8:00 A.M. 64
9:00 P.M. 65 9:00 A.M. 63
10:00 P.M. 65 10:00 A.M. 63
11:00 P.M. 62 11:00 A.M. 64
Midnight 60 Noon 70
Highest temperature yesterday, 71.
Lowest temperature this morning, 61.
Highest since the first of the month, 85 degrees on the 18th.
Lowest since the first of the month, 33 degrees on the 9th.
Precipitation for the 24 hours ending at noon today, .18 of an inch.
Precipitation since the first of the month 3.98 inches.
Maumee river stage at 7:00 A. M. today, 6.2 feet.
Relative Humidity—
7:00 P. M. yesterday, 61 per cent.
7:00 A. M. today, 73 per cent.
Noon today, 64 per cent.
Barometer, Reduced to Sea-Level—
7:00 P. M. yesterday, 29.90 inches.
7:00 A. M. today, 29.76 inches.
Sun sets today 7:06 P. M. Sun rises tomorrow 4:11 A. M.

Forecasts till 7:00 P. M. Friday:

For Fort Wayne and vicinity (radius 20 miles): Fair and cooler tonight and Friday.
For Indiana: Generally fair and cooler tonight and Friday.
For Ohio: Thunderstorms this afternoon or tonight, cooler west portion; Friday, cooler and generally fair.
For Lower Michigan: Rain and cooler tonight and Friday.

EX-PRESIDENT TAFT SEES SOLDIER SON



Former President Taft is here shown talking things over with his son, Robert, who has joined the officers' reserve corps in training at Fort Myer, Va. Young Taft enlisted at his father's request.

tonight; Friday partly cloudy; cooler east portion.

WEATHER CONDITIONS.

During the last 24 hours the storm moved from Kansas northeastward to Wisconsin, causing rains in the lake region, Ohio valley, Tennessee and in the central and upper Mississippi and lower Missouri valleys. Rain occurred also in the central Rocky mountain district, and rain or snow in Montana and in the western portion of North Dakota. The temperature is somewhat higher in the east gulf states, and thence northeastward over the Ohio and St. Lawrence valleys. Lower temperatures prevail in the central and northern Rocky mountain states and thence eastward to the Mississippi river. While mild temperatures obtain on the Pacific coast and in the eastern half of the country, the weather is unseasonably cold in the western part of the plains states and in the Rocky mountain region.

P. McDONOUGH,
Local Forecaster.

KARENKY NAPOLEON OF THE NEW RUSSIA

Dashing Young War Minister May Build Military Autocracy.

(By BASIL M. MANLY.)

Washington, May 31.—That Alexander Kerensky, Russia's new war minister, will become the Russian Napoleon and lead her disorganized armies to victory under a dictatorship like that which Bonaparte created in



France 118 years ago, is the growing conviction of students of Russian affairs in Washington who are alive to the lessons of history.

Conviction that Kerensky will be the Russian Napoleon is no fanciful surmise, but the reasoned conclusion of scholars who believe the development of leaders is shaped by the in-

escapable current of great events.

They see in Russia precisely the conditions that existed in France following the revolution and reason its outcome must be at least similar.

In 1799 the French directory, which occupied a position analogous to the Russian provisional government, had lost the power which it once possessed over the French people.

France was surrounded by enemies. The French treasury had run dry. The army was starving and disorganized. Like the Russian army it had thrown off the old discipline and soldiers were deserting by thousands.

Peace agitation filled the air. Weariness with long struggle and feeling its independence was safely guarded by the Rhine and the Alps, the nation longed for peace.

The directory knew peace would be suicidal but was powerless to continue aggressive warfare until as a last resort Napoleon was placed in charge of the armies of France just as Kerensky was last week named to command the armies of Russia.

So much for similarity of national conditions. Let us look now at the men.

Like Kerensky, Napoleon had been one of the most ardent of revolutionists and strong anti-monarchist.

A follower of Rousseau, his pro-republican essays were written in the same temper and with as great earnestness as the fiery speeches of Kerensky in the duma.

When Napoleon took charge of the armies to save France he had no more idea of becoming emperor than Kerensky has.

Kerensky's great speech announcing re-establishment of iron discipline in the Russian army sounds almost like an echo of Napoleon's speeches to the French armies of 1799.

Even in features there is a marked resemblance between the two.

It is true Kerensky lacks military training, but today victory requires organization and consolidation of entire nations, not mere groups of soldiers.

This is a task for a statesman, not for a soldier. It was Lloyd George, not a member of the British military staff, who reorganized Great Britain for victory. For this task the training of Kerensky admirably fits him.

And above all he has caught the imagination and captured the confidence of the Russian soldiers and peasants to the same degree as the Little Corporal enthralled by his courage and daring.

Out of the volcanic upheaval of every revolution some leader of overwhelming greatness has appeared.

Is it not reasonable to expect that the Russian revolution will run true to form and develop its Napoleon or its Cromwell, in the person of some such genius as Kerensky, who today holds in his hands the fate of Russia and perhaps the fate of the entire world?

To remain beautiful eat an onion, half a pound of cabbage or spinach, half a grated turnip and a handful of cranberries daily, Mrs. Anna Peterson, domestic science lecturer, told club women in St. Paul.

Because ordinary ladders frequently slip when used against the walls of cylindrical silos an inventor has patented a metal one, the upper end of which is on wheels from a permanent track.

Miss Adah Clays, of Bingham, Utah, is a girl who can pitch with either arm and can hold her own against the best boys teams of the state.

Homes On Easy Payments

6-room home on Horace street near Thomas; large lot. Price \$1,850. Small payment down will buy it.
5-room home on Miner St. This is modern; lot 35x150; price \$2,300. On payments.
6-room home on Boone St.; modern. Lot 35x155. Price, \$2,250.
5-room home on Fox Ave., near Home. Modern. Price, \$1,950. Easy terms.

See DRULEY

With MONROE W. FITCH & SONS. Phones 1360-1361.

AS BILL WOULD HAVE IT



The production of fuel briquettes in the United States last year exceeded 295,000 tons and was the greatest on record, being an increase of 33 per cent from the year before.

House movers rolled Max Brodway's dwelling out in the street in Minneapolis and struck for more money. Brodway appealed for police protection until the movers came back to work.

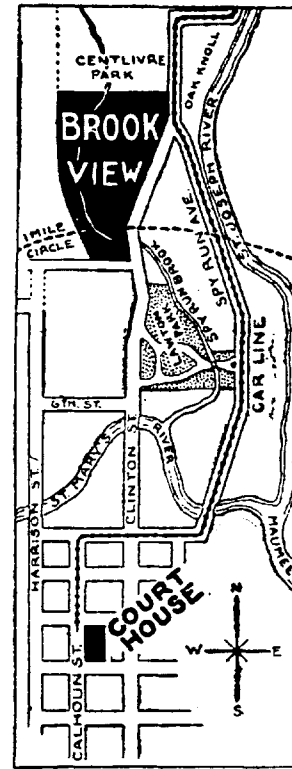
TOO LATE for CLASSIFICATION

LOST—Merschum pipe. Telephone Booth, Pennsylvania station. Phone 6201 black. Reward.

FOR RENT—For four months or longer, completely furnished six-room modern house, garage, large garden, 3305 Broadway.

WANTED—Man with some experience in insurance. 601 Shoaff Bldg. 31-31

BROOK VIEW

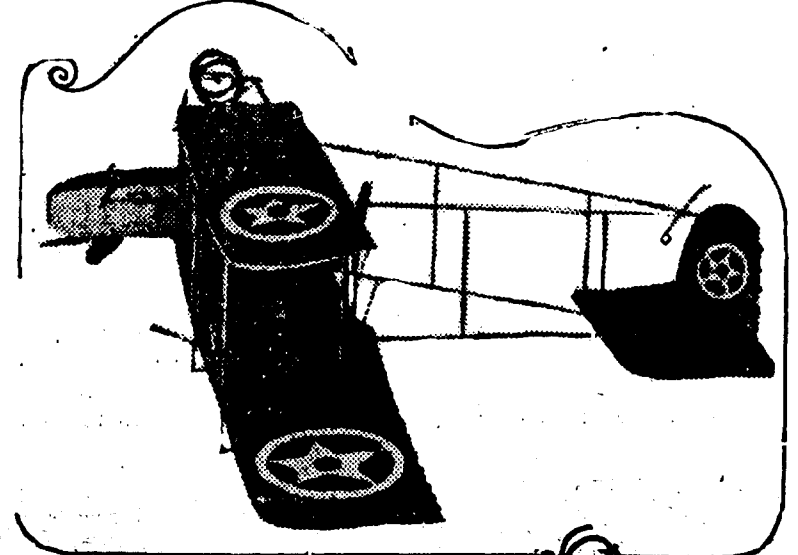


The map shows you how to go to this beautiful New Wild-wood Development.

OUTBURSTS OF EVERETT TRUE



STAR IS EMBLEM ON U. S. WAR AIR PLANES



Secretary of the Navy Daniels has prescribed an official insignia on the aeroplanes, dirigibles and balloons of the navy to consist of a five-pointed white star inside a blue circular field with a red circle in the center of the star. It will be painted on the bottom of the aeroplanes wings. The army will follow this example.

TIRE SALE

3,500-MILE GUARANTEED TIRES

	Non-Skid	Non-Skid
28x3	\$ 8.75	31x4 \$18.65
30x3	\$ 9.75	32x4 \$19.50
30x3 1/2	\$12.05	33x4 \$19.75
32x3 1/2	\$14.15	34x4 \$20.10

OUR 5,000-MILE TIRE

IF

you need competent help—
you are looking for a position—
you own real estate and want to sell it—
you have a vacant apartment or room that you want to rent—
you have an automobile that you want cash for—
you want to sell some of your household effects—
you have anything to sell or want—

START A

SENTINEL "WANT AD"

1c A WORD

Working for You Tomorrow.
Don't Put it Off—
PLACE YOUR AD. TODAY—
Phone 173

Help Wanted—Female.

WANTED—If you would like to have an excellent position this fall, begin to prepare for it now. A special class is being organized for your benefit. Office positions are of the most desirable kind, good pay—easy hours—splendid environment—excellent chances for advancement. A satisfactory position is secured for you by our Employment Department. Write or phone 505 for particulars.
INTERNATIONAL BUSINESS COLLEGE
5-29-31

WANTED—Ladies, learn hair dressing, beauty culture or chiropody in few weeks. Good pay. Write for catalogue. Moler College, 105 South Fifth avenue, Chicago.
26-6t

WANTED—Ladies to buy comfortable slippers or sport pumps, \$1.25 to \$3. Barefoot sandals that wear. Martin, 1308 Calhoun street.
5-22-tues-thur-sat-1m

WANTED—A good maid for general housework; no washing; good wages. 301 West Creighton.
5-17-tf

WANTED—Girls to sew on power machines. Inquire Anthony Waist Co., 124 West Columbia, third floor.
31-3t

WANTED—Woman to do small family wash at her home. Address box 1, care Sentinel.
5-31-tf

WANTED—Night cook at Wellington restaurant.
5-23-tf

EITHER SEX.

WANTED—Men, women to copy mailing sheets; \$2 day or evening guaranteed any energetic person; exclusive time for bona fide registered contract. Great Western Publishing Co., box 144, South Bend, Ind.
28-6t

MISCELLANEOUS.

WANTED—Old false teeth. Don't matter if broken. I pay \$2.00 to \$15 per set. Single and partial plates in proportion. Send by parcel post and receive check by return mail. L. Mazer, 2007 South Fifth street, Philadelphia, Pa. 5-26-13t

H. GOLDSMITH—Umbrellas and parasols repaired and recovered. Fancy parasols made to order. Work called for and delivered. Telephone 2438, 230 East Main street, Fort Wayne, Ind. 2-1-tf

WANTED—Watch, clock and jewelry repairing at reduced prices. Wayne L. Hatfield jewelry store, successor to Dallas F. Green, 208 West Berry street.
5-9-tf

WANTED—Old false teeth; don't matter if broken. I pay \$1.00 to \$10 per set. Send by parcel post and receive check by return mail. L. Mazer, 2007 South Fifth street, Philadelphia, Pa. 5-12-15t

LOANS at reduced rates for a limited time on furniture, pianos, live stock, real estate equities, vacant lots or second mortgages. 201 Noll bldg. Phone 74.
3-10-eod-tf

WANTED—Second-hand pianos in exchange for Columbia Gramophones. Jacobs Music House, 1021-1023 Calhoun street.
7-11-tf

WANTED TO BUY—Have cash customer for five or six-room all-modern home, within ten blocks of Bowser's. Phone 666. Ask for W. H. North.
30-2t

LAWN MOWERS sharpened, work guaranteed to give satisfaction or no pay. Phone 6783 black and I will call. Frank Ueber, 2522 Oliver street.
4-20-tf

WANTED—General trucking and long distance moving. Phone 7898. H. W. Stute.
5-3-1m

REPAIR furniture, pack and crate household goods. George Mariotte, phone 6363 red.
5-7-1m

BIEBERICH, 309 Bass Block. Public Photographer and Notary Public.
31-3t

BETTER'S telephone number has been changed from 366 to 826.
31-3t

COLLECTIONS.

NO CHARGE unless money is paid to you or otherwise. Bills, notes, rent, wages, board bills, labor claims, etc. National Adjustment Co., 132 East Berry street, Phone 639.
4-24-tf

STRAYED.

STRAYED—Black and white pointer dog with stub tail. Reward. Phone 6320.
5-23-tf

NOTICE.

The Hamilton National Bank of Fort Wayne, located at Fort Wayne, in the State of Indiana, is closing up its affairs. All note holders and others, creditors of said association, are therefore hereby notified to present the notes and other claims against the association for payment.
F. H. POOLE, Cashier.
May 2, 1917. 5-2-2m

Try Sentinel Want Ads.

For Sale.

FOR SALE—HOMES.

FOR SALE—Beautiful little home on South Calhoun, near Wildwood. Six rooms and bath and reception hall; hardwood floors, double garage, motor plumbing, \$4,900. \$900 cash, \$40 per month.
W. E. DOUD, Phone 253.
209-10 Shoaff Bldg. 8-9-tf

FOR SALE—Seven-room modern home in Williams grove; hardwood floors and finish; soft water bath, walls up and down stairs oil painted; beautiful shrubbery. Price, \$5,350.
W. E. DOUD, Phone 253.
209-10 Shoaff Bldg. 8-9-tf

FOR SALE—Six-room home just being completed, facing Wildwood avenue; lights, both waters, toilet in house; corner lot. Price, \$3,000; \$300 cash, balance monthly.
W. E. DOUD, Phone 253.
209-10 Shoaff Bldg. 8-9-tf

FOR SALE—Seven-room home on Anthony boulevard; lot 44x150, north of Pontiac; was \$2,850; sacrificing at \$2,650 cash.
W. E. DOUD, Phone 253.
209-10 Shoaff Bldg. 8-9-tf

FOR SALE—A real snap in all modern six-room home on paved street, south side, one block from car line. \$2,950 cash.
W. E. DOUD, Phone 253.
209-10 Shoaff Bldg. 8-9-tf

FOR SALE—Six-room home with acre of ground, on Anthony boulevard, opposite Pontiac place; 123½ feet; east frontage on boulevard. Price, \$3,350.
W. E. DOUD, Phone 253.
209-10 Shoaff Bldg. 8-9-tf

FOR SALE—Six-room home on Cottage avenue, just off South Wayne, with lights, both waters, furnace and double garage; \$3,000; \$250 down, \$27.50 per month.
W. E. DOUD, Phone 253.
209-10 Shoaff Bldg. 8-9-tf

FOR SALE—Hoagland avenue, near Shawnee, substantial modern home; fireplace, soft water bath; lot 40x175, on west side. Priced only \$4,100. Terms given. Call 2105. Mr. Smitley.
6-9-tf

ACRES.

FOR SALE—Fourteen acres good land, near interurban stop 20, north. Call third house east of stop.
30-12t

LOTS.

FOR SALE—Two-acre lots, pavement, water and sewers join them. Will make twelve nice lots, near ground recently purchased for new school; fine neighborhood. Just the place for gardening or to build houses on. Price, \$2,500. R. F. Corcoran, 131 Esmond. Phone 7735 black.
31-3t

RUDISILL BOULEVARD lots, near Calhoun; priced low for quick sale; may trade for good equity in improved property. Price cut to \$1,100 on a dandy lot on Taylor street, near Broadway; payment plan. Rastetter. Phone 826 or 7183 red.
31-3t

FOR SALE—Lot on Hoagland avenue, Fox addition. Telephone 3948.
4-24-tf

Rooms for Rent.

FOR RENT—Two furnished housekeeping rooms with gas (no children); one extra room on first floor, with use of kitchen; low rent. 807 Hugh street.
28-6t

FOR RENT—216 Melita street, two rooms. SCHRAMER & WILSON, Main and Court.
3-1-1y

FOR RENT—Furnished rooms, close to Electric works. 147½ Broadway.
5-25-tf

FOR RENT—Office rooms, People's Trust and Savings Co. building, 913-915 Calhoun street.
5-23-1m

WANTED TO RENT—Three furnished rooms for light housekeeping, near General Electric works. 1729 Lindley avenue.
30-3t

FOR HACKS, PHONE 96—IF YOU WANT a nice clean hack and driver for funerals or weddings, call phone 96. CHARLES E. RIPPE.
5-19-1m

BUILDING MATERIAL SCARCE.

Delay in the receipt of lumber and other building material is holding up several contemplated buildings in the city, particularly residence buildings. A lumber dealer said this morning that material which should have been here a week or two ago had not arrived yet, and much of it is wanted for immediate use in house building.

American automobiles made large sales in the farming districts of South Africa in 1916. Motor plows and tractors are also coming into general use in that district.

Real Estate.

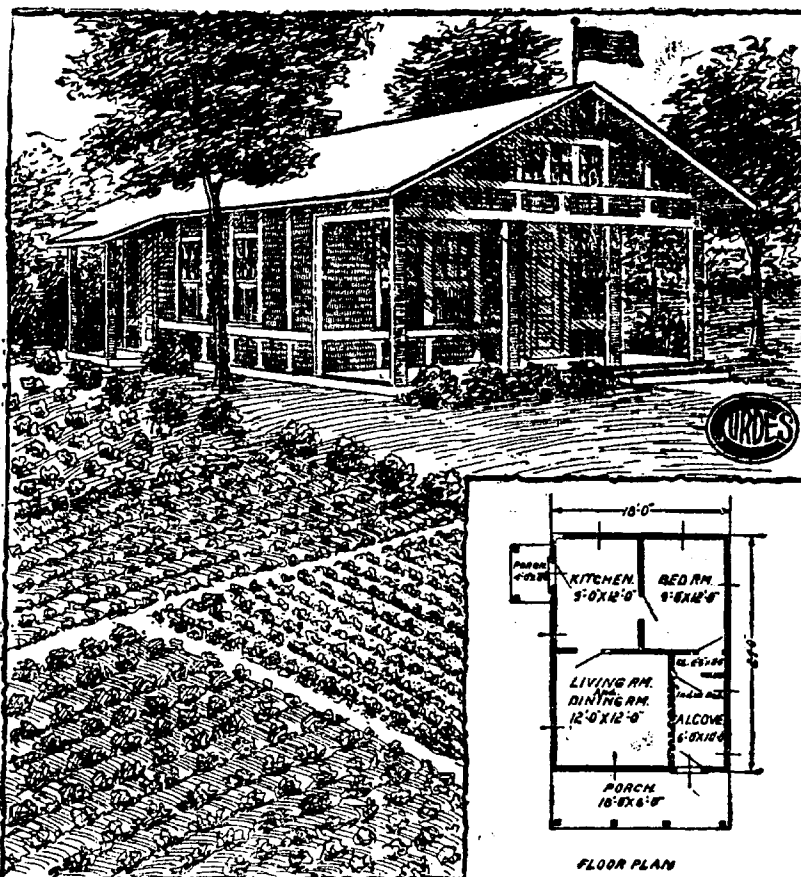
Real Estate.

Real Estate.

Real Estate.

Real Estate.

\$285.00 Cash, \$15.00 Per



FLOOR PLAN

Price \$1,385.00

This price includes this house and one acre of finest sandy loam, garden soil. Easiest ground to work in or near Fort Wayne. Three miles east of Court House. In

CURDES' HOME-WOOD ACRES

L. F. CURDES REALTY CO.

Phones 622 and 274. 125 E. Berry St.

For Sale.

HORSES AND VEHICLES.

FOR SALE—Two wagons for single driving, in good condition, cheap. John C. Krelco, 215 West Berry, rear. Phone 642.
4-20-tf

FOR SALE—Good driving horse. 1610 Spy Run avenue. Phone 1873.
5-15-tf

HOUSEHOLD GOODS.

FOR SALE—Quartered oak dining room table and large sideboard (buffet style). Telephone 7476 green.
5-24-tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

I HAVE the agency for Majestic furnaces. August Kruckeberg. Phone 6992 Red.
4-5-tf

FOR SALE—Scratch pads; just the thing for school children; two pads for 5c, at Sentinel office.
5-15-tf

FOR SALE—Dr. Sanches "Oxydonor," \$10. Regular price \$25. Address Oxydonor, care Sentinel.
28-6t

FOR SALE—\$x12 wool American flag; practically new. Address box 4, Sentinel.
30-3t

FOR SALE—Letter press and stand; sale cheap. Apply Sentinel office.
1-29-tf

FOR SALE—2 push carts at a bargain. Apply at Sentinel office.
3-8-tf

Lost and Found.

LOST—Somewhere on south side, two steel rods addressed to "Taylor & Koover." Reward. Return to Wells-Fargo Express Co.
5-26-tf

FORT WAYNE & ZANESVILLE TRANSIT LINE
Leaves Esch's Restaurant
Leaves Anthony Hotel
Zanesville, Ft. Wayne.
8 A.M. Monday 4 P.M.
8 A.M. Tuesday 4 P.M.
8 A.M. Wednesday 4 P.M.
8 A.M. Thursday 4 P.M.
8 A.M. Friday 4 P.M.
8 A.M. Saturday 4 P.M.
6:30 P.M. Saturday 11 P.M.
Special Trips Sundays. Harley Feighner.

For Sale.

Automobiles and Supplies.

Chevrolet Payment Plan
CHEVROLET
The Chevrolet has electric lights, electric starter, all 20x3½ non-skid. We Trade, Sell on Time. Give Written guarantee; \$550 7. a. b. Order Now. BROSIUS AUTO CO.

FOR SALE—Six-cylinder Auburn touring car, fine condition; can be seen in garage rear of 801 West Berry street. Price, \$350. For further particulars see business manager Sentinel.
24-8t

AUTOMOBILE REPAIRING.
EXPERT FORD REPAIR SERVICE.
CHARLEY BROWN, 320 EAST MAIN ST. Open every day in the year. Six of the best mechanics in northern Indiana. A trouble car always ready to answer calls. We positively stand back of our labor. Phone 3435.
5-3-1m

Miscellaneous.

STORAGE.

PETTIT'S STORAGE WAREHOUSE CO. Fireproof private rooms, equipment and service for storage unexcelled in any of the cities. 414 East Columbia street.
6-22-tf

INSURANCE.

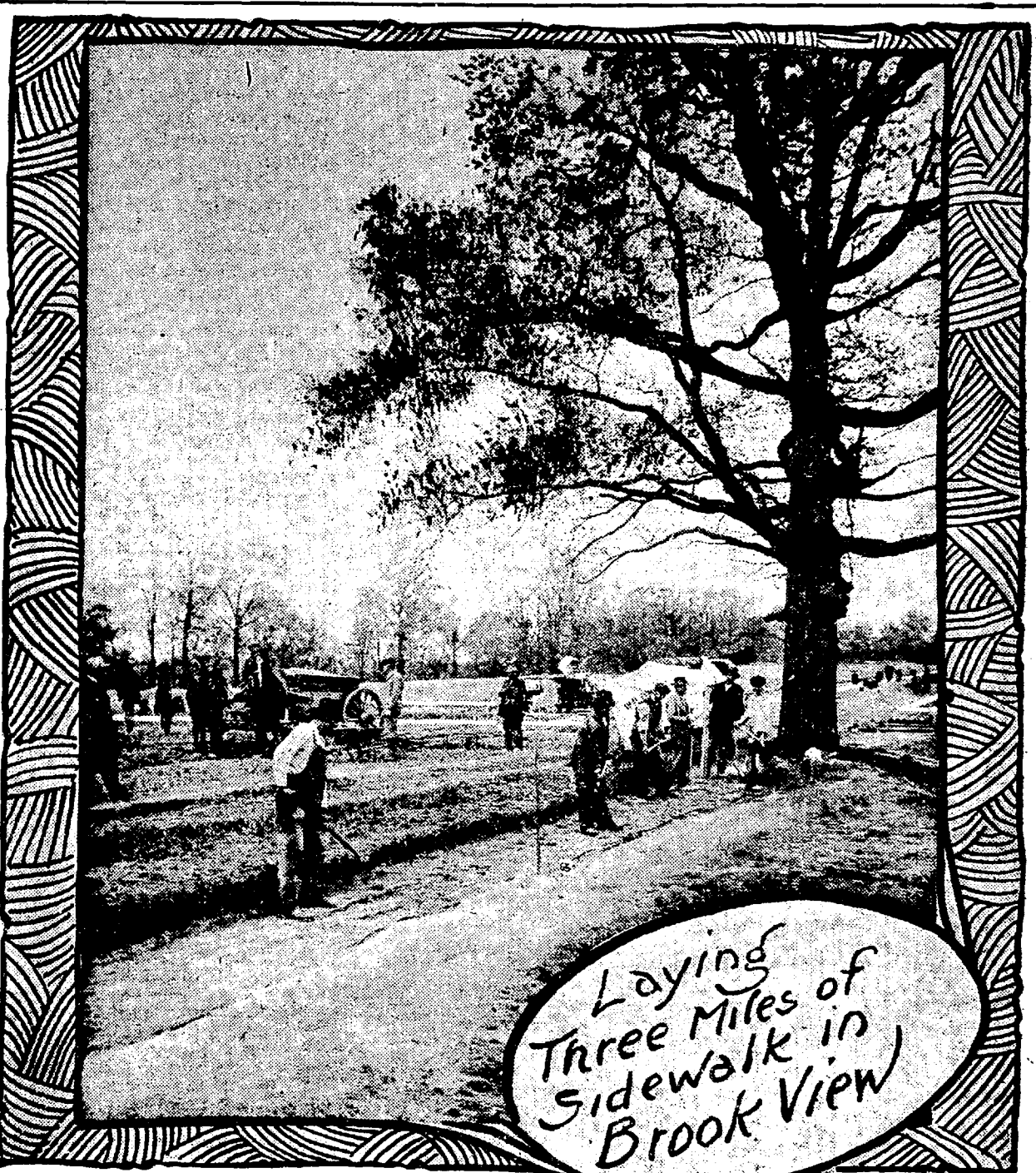
AUTO, Fire and Liability Insurance.
L. H. SHOREY, 628 Calhoun. Phone 376.
11-12-tf

RUBBER STAMPS.

SEALS, Stencils, Trade Checks. WAYNE STAMP CO., 111 East Columbia street.
9-29-1-3t

Martin's Plumbing Shop
PLUMBERS
—and—
HEATERS
Hanna & Buchanan
PHONE 6379

ACTIVE SCENE IN BROOK VIEW—NEW WILDWOOD DEVELOPMENT.



The photograph shows the workmen in the central portion of Brook View at work on the three-mile stretch of cement sidewalks. Purchasers of lots in Brook View will receive with their purchases every modern improvement, including paved streets, sidewalks, ornamental boulevard, water, sewer, gas and electrical connections. The sale of lots in Brook View begins June 20.

HOMES

Eight-room modern slate roof dwelling; oak finish, hardwood floors, furnace, bath, electric lights, cement walks, paved street and garage on East Sutherland street. Price reduced to \$5,500 for the Home Buying Campaign.

Eight room dwelling; bath, electric lights, large barn; lot 40x150 feet; paved street, on Taber street, between Calhoun and Reservoir park. Price, \$4,500.

Lennart & Ortlieb,
Rooms 303-304 Noll Building.

For Sale

We have a number of extra fine building lots in northeast part of city, half block from car line. These lots are practically surrounded by new homes. We will dispose of them at a reasonable price.

Eight-room modern home on Lake avenue; large lot; garage. Price, \$6,000.

J. S. PEDDICORD,
Phone 357. 709-10 Shoaff Bldg.

SENTINEL WANT ADS. ALWAYS GET RESULTS.

Did You Ask for a Little Farm? Here is the Right Place, at the Right Time and at the Right Price.

12½ acres planted to garden truck, plenty of fruit, good 7-room house, barn, chicken house, all in fine condition. Home has electric lights, cement cellar, and has been newly papered and painted. Fresh cow as well as a horse and wagon go with this little farm and it is located only 6 miles from the Court House, on one of our best stone roads. Price, \$5,000.00 if taken within ten days. You can get possession of this 12½ acres including crop, cow, etc., at once.

Monroe W. Fitch & Sons Who Not Only Sell the Earth But Insure Everything on It.

Talk to C. R. Levy, Construction Department of Fitch & Sons agency about the development of "Creatholme," just west of Wildwood Park Blvd. You should buy from one to five acres now as you get a wholesale price at this time. Opposite P. O. Both Phones.



Plans for Homes That Have Individuality

Distinctive homes need not be expensive homes. Let us help you plan a home that will bear the stamp of your own individuality and at the same time be reasonable in price.

City & Suburban Bldg. Co. Second Floor Phone Shoaff Bldg 2773

Manson, Fowler and Record Bicycles

\$22.50, \$27.00, \$31.50, up to \$40.00
Choice of Tires. C. & J. Clincher (Value \$10). Punct. Proof non-skid cushion tread (value \$10), free on any of our bicycles.
Fancy Tread Bicycle Tires not found in any other store.
Penn. Pump Cap \$4.00
U. S. Chain Tread 3.50
Black Rubber 1.50
Tashum Six-Fly 2.50
Thorn-Proof, each 1.50
Single Tube Roadster, not guaranteed, each 1.50
Last year's Penn. and Thorn-Proof tires, each \$2.50. Electric Lights \$1.25, \$1.75 and \$2.25. Bring baby car wheels for new tires. Come to the Big Store for BICYCLE TIRES and REPAIRS. BROSIUS & BROSIUS, 126 East Columbia St. Good second hand bicycles, \$5 to \$15. Store open evenings, April 1 to July 1

For Sale or Exchange
80-acres, good land, 7-room house, fair barn and orchard, \$7,200.00.
40-acre and 160-acre, both good farms, will take part city property. Good Houses, Lots and Acre Lots.
KLOMP & BIEBER.
Phone 2974. 19 Swinney Block

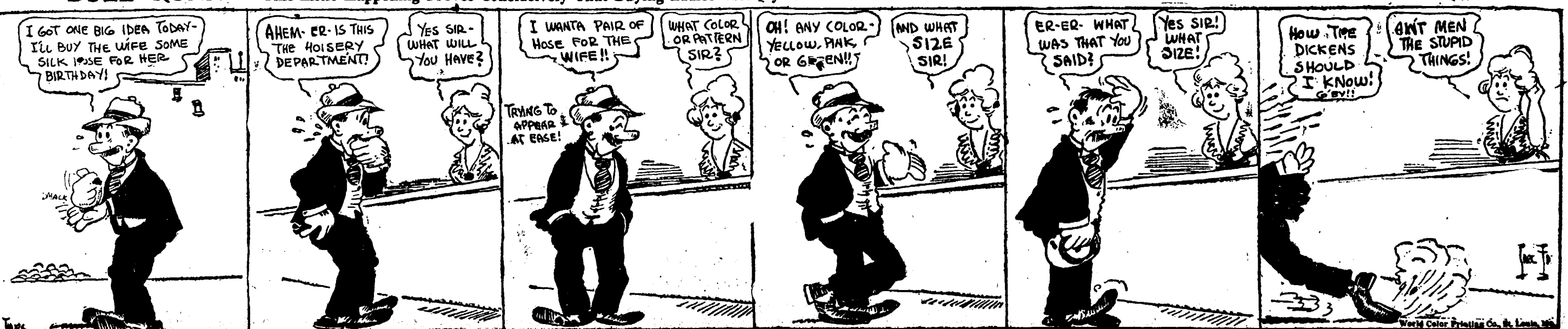
WE WILL SIGN YOUR BOND
LENNART & ORTLIEB
ROOMS 303-304 NOLL BLDG

ROOFING.

NORTHWEST READY ROOFING CO. ROOFING experts over ten years; 4,000 satisfied customers prove our service; work and material cannot be equaled. Let us show you. Phone 7206. 4-28-6m

BULL RUN—This Little Happening Proves Conclusively That Buying Ladies' Hosiery Is No Mere Man's Job!

BY CARL ED



KNIGHTS OF COLUMBUS INITIATE LARGE CLASS

Take in Eighty-Nine from Ft. Wayne, Decatur, Garrett and Huntington.

In the presence of between six and seven hundred members of the Knights of Columbus, eighty-nine men were initiated into the order Wednesday afternoon in the Lau building. The initiation was a joint session between the councils of Fort Wayne, Garrett, Huntington and Decatur, and hundreds of visitors were present for the ceremonies. The third degree was conferred on the class by Justin N. McCarthy and staff, of Chicago. Following the initiatory ceremonies a banquet was held at the Elks temple. Rev. M. J. Aichinger, of Auburn, responded to the toast, "Where We Stand," and addresses were also given by Thomas H. Hoey, of Chicago, and Justin N. McCarthy. William B. Sheehan, also of Chicago, sang several solos.

An important meeting of the local council will be held Monday night. It was announced Wednesday night that District Deputy Stephen Callahan would go to Indianapolis next Sunday to exemplify the third degree.

The knights who were initiated Wednesday are:

Huntington.
Leo J. Ehinger, Paul M. Martin, Emmet J. McGreevy, Paul J. Pfeiffer, Rudolph N. Scheer, Paul Gorman Trizier, Edward J. Gill, Thomas J. Landrigan, Louis Francis Mahern, A. Henry Reagan, George L. Schaefer, Louis G. Trizier, Edwin P. McCarthy.

Decatur.
John Wehmhoff, George Appleman, Tony Neswald, Dallas Reed, Ralph Mousey, Richard Ehinger, Carl Steigmeyer, T. S. Coffee, C. Sether.

Garrett.
Fred C. Moses, Frank Rothwell, Thomas Rogers, A. A. Johnson, Edward Blotkamp, Jonathan Shuttleworth, Clarence Bapst, Thomas Jankowski, Anthony Biederski, Stephen Jankowski, B. A. Johnson, Ferdinand Fischer, Frank Yankowski, Germaine Loth, J. E. Baker, Anthony Steinmetz, Gustave A. Stoeckley, August Voreling, John Ueber, Herman Vanderbosh, Ignatius Schiffl, Julius Cortaux.

Fort Wayne.
Joseph Grosh, George Jansen, Gregory Zern, Frank Herr, Rev. William Gelsdorf, Harry M. Brady, Virgil Sullivan, Howard Fleckenstein, John E. Rodermund, Charles A. Donort, Edward Ernst, Rev. George Hasser, Lawrence L. Munster, Arthur Rosenberger, Harold Conroy, Evert C. Litchfield, Edward J. Higgins, J. M. Klingenberg, Frank L. Bertke, Rev. Otto A. Peters, Charles Frankovich, William L. Roffelsen, Bernard Minnick, Vincent D'Agostina, Rev. John A. Dapp, Rev. John G. Bennett, Edward Schreck, Ralph Elbert, S. A. Swetz, Louis H. Kappel, John J. Schneider, Oscar G. Schlemmer, Herman E. Pettill, Allen Ward, William E. Wyss, Louis R. Grime, Dr. F. J. Berghoff, Clem P. Eckrich, Bryan Martin, Myron J. Parrott, H. F. Niehter, Leland J. Parrott, Herman Bir.

Makes Appeal for the Boy Scouts

Editor Sentinel: Some time ago the Fort Wayne high school cadet corps (Ft. W. H. S. C.) was organized. In the course of time it broke up and has been reorganized in the last few months. This was a good movement on the part of the high school for two reasons. First, it showed the public that the high school was not dead as some people had thought it to be. Second, it takes the place of more strenuous athletics.

The boy scouts were organized over seven years ago. It is a national organization. It is a good movement. It has done more to improve the character of the youth of America than any other organization, including the Y. M. C. A.

Now any city can be proud of a cadet corps, but cannot the same city be still more proud to contain a branch of a national organization like the boy scouts? Certainly. Cannot the same city, however, be still more proud of both?

Fort Wayne has both the cadet corps (Ft. W. H. S. C.) and the boy scouts of America (B. S. A.). She can be proud of either one, but, as I stated before, she can be still more proud of both. The high school, however, wants only the cadet corps. This you will readily see is not the broadest view. The high school should desire fame for Fort Wayne, not for itself.

When the cadet corps was organized nothing was said about missing pupils. Now 10 per cent is taken from the pupils' monthly grades for non-attendance at one drill. This means that a pupil who would have passed with a grade of 75 per cent will now flunk with a grade of 65 per cent. This punishment is too severe.

Many, or in fact, most of the scouts in the high school at the present time were in the boy scouts before entering the high school. Is it not loyal, therefore, for these boys to march with the scouts? Are the various teachers who oppose the scouts marching separate and in uniform but wanting them to march with the H. S. C. and not in uniform, showing much loyalty to Fort Wayne? Are they trying to help Fort Wayne make a good showing in any parade? Do they want Fort Wayne to have both the cadet corps and the scouts? No. They despise the scouts and want to get rid of them. And yet the boys who are now showing loyalty to the scouts by marching with them would be the first to go with the cadet corps when for any reason the scouts did not march. This is proven by the oath these boys have taken upon becoming scouts. If the rules now in effect (taking 10 per cent of the pupils' monthly grades for non-attendance at drill for instance) had been given when the cadet corps was organized, nearly all the scouts in the high school would not have signed up. Excuses to march with the scouts are now granted with the wrong spirit on the part of the high school; and as it is no one is allowed to withdraw from the cadet corps after once signing up. What are the scouts to do? Surely this is unjust!

It is evident that this method of managing the cadet corps is unjust and wrong; but we can only hope that in the future excuses permitting the boy

FOR THE HEART 50 CENT BOTTLE FREE

Thousands of people have made the mistake of buying stomach and liver medicine because of palpitation and irregular action of the heart. Treat the heart first, is a wise rule.

The heart is the "engine" of the body. Build up the heart, make it strong and regular in its action if you want to feel well.

Keep a strong stream of pure blood circulating through every organ, every part of the body. Feel younger, stronger, more active.

We want all who suffer from irregular heart action or poor circulation of blood, weak and overtaxed hearts, palpitation, heart pains, nervous disorders, "Tobacco Heart," nervous exhaustion or failure of the heart functions, to test CARDIANI.

You need only send your name and address to THE CARDIANI COMPANY, Dept. 342 A, East Hampton, Conn., with six cents in stamps to help pay part of the dispensing expense. You will receive by return parcel a regular 50c bottle of CARDIANI (30 doses) free from all further expense or obligation on your part. Guaranteed not to injure the most delicate system. Absolutely free from any habit-forming or dangerous drugs.

Try it. Find how quickly bad symptoms disappear and how much stronger one can feel. Do not neglect your heart—don't take chances.—Advertisement.

scouts to march with their various troops will be granted, more readily and with a better spirit on the part of the high school.

ISAAC LUCIUS BATTIN,
Senior Patrol Leader of Troop No. 3,
Fort Wayne, Ind., May 31, 1917.

THREE ARE ARRESTED AS PARADE PASSES

Child Neglector Was Watching "Boys in Drab" When Nabbed.

When the impressive Memorial day parade had passed there were three more men in the city jail. Frank S. Swan, contractor, who had a part in erecting two of the structures at the General Electric works, was intentionally watching the filing line of new soldier boys when Detective Sergeant Immel laid a heavy hand on his shoulder.

Swan is charged with child neglect. He is at liberty under \$300 bond for trial on June 15. The wife, who has been staying with friends on Park avenue, alleges that her husband has been traveling from town to town with another woman.

Albert Priest and Will Robison, colored, came all the way from Crestline, Ohio, to view the Decoration day demonstration here. They were having difficulty in maintaining a definite equilibrium as the procession passed. They were locked up on a drunk charge. A fine of \$1 and costs was levied on the pair on Thursday morning.

Was Hungry.
Henry Cochran, 31, had not partaken of food for two days, he said, when Detective Sergeant Walter Immel accosted him, near the Transfer corner, Wednesday evening. Cochran had been dodging officers all day, he told Immel. He was dirty and shabby. He knew he would be arrested if "spotted," he said. He was so hungry that he did not care finally, he admitted.

Cochran says he is a deserter from the army. He fled from camp at Douglas, Arizona, he states. He is held under \$200 bond to await word from federal authorities.

Other Police Court Cases.
The case of wife neglect against Thomas Smith was dismissed, Thursday morning. He had been continued for two weeks after Mrs. Smith filed charges on May 17. Mrs. Smith asked that action be dropped as there is now peace at the "cabin" where the pair reside, near the Centivire brewery. There is a little garden patch, Mrs. Smith is taking in washings and Thomas is trying to pay the back rent, the wife told Judge Kerr.

The case of assault and battery against William Klinger was dismissed. Klinger was driving the truck against which a small child ran, at the corner of Commercial and Ewing streets, two weeks ago.

Roy Yahne is supporting his children now, Judge Kerr was informed. The continued case against Yahne was dropped. Charles Kraft was released after pleading guilty to an intoxication charge.

JUDGE HENCH AT WATERLOO.
Judge S. M. Hensch was at Waterloo on Decoration day and made an address at memorial services at the cemetery in the afternoon and addressed the G. A. R. veterans at a patriotic meeting in the town hall in the evening.

Hawkins, the first English envoy from the East India company, arrived in India in the year 1609.

**MONTGOMERY
CASH
GROCERY
CO.**
174-194

NEW—POTATOES—NEW

Well, the new potatoes have pushed the old ones out of the market. New ones are cheaper and our stock is fancy, smooth, and clean; no waste.

New Potatoes, per pk. \$1.00
Flour, small sack, \$1.55
Cane Granulated Sugar, per lb., 10c
Eggs, farmer lots, per doz., 38c
Lard Compound, the best, lb., 23c
Milk, tall can, 12c; small, 10c
Salmon, tall can, 18c
Shredded Cod Fish, per pkg., 10c
New Pearl Barley, 40c; 3 lbs., 25c
Graham Wafers, per lb., 17c
Soda Crackers, per lb., 17c
Perfection Honey Cakes, per lb., 17c
Ginger Snaps, per lb., 12c
Shinola Shoe Blacking, 2 lbs. 15c
Cigar Clippings, Union Packed, per pound, 35c
Cotton Gloves, 10c; 3 pair, 25c
Barley for feed, per bushel, \$1.35
PHONE 174. PHONE 194.

**SENTINEL WANT
ADS ALWAYS
GET RESULTS**

MATTHEW ZAHN CALLED SUDDENLY BY DEATH

Had Been Resident of This City for the Past 46 Years.

Matthew Zahn, aged 78 years and a resident of Fort Wayne for the past forty-six years, died Thursday morning at his home, 713 East Jefferson street, at 9:30 o'clock. Death resulted from a complication of diseases and came rather unexpectedly. He had been in the employ of the city as a laborer for several years. Mr. Zahn was born in Germany, but came to America when he was 32 years old. He came almost directly to Fort Wayne and had lived here ever since. He was a devout member of St. Mary's Catholic church through all his residence in Fort Wayne. He was also a member of the St. Carolus Borromeus Relief society and the Holy Name society. He is survived by the widow, of this city, and three sisters in Germany.

Funeral services Saturday at 8:30 at the residence and at 9 o'clock at St. Mary's Catholic church.

Friends are asked to omit flowers; interment in the Catholic cemetery.

BEARMAN.

Mrs. Margaret Bearman, wife of Henry Bearman, of Madison township, died Wednesday afternoon at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Louis Bruoit, 1428 Grant avenue. Death came at the age of 61 years and followed a long illness. Surviving relatives besides the husband are six daughters: Mrs. August Klenke, of Zanesville; Mrs. Henry Grodrian, of Madison township; Miss Matilda Bearman, of Madison township; Mrs. Maurice Grodrian, of Madison township; Mrs. Louise Bruoit and Mrs. W. Hazelett, of Fort Wayne; two sons, Fred and Edward Bearman, both of Madison township; five brothers, John, Henry and Fred Trautman, of Fort Wayne; Jacob Trautman, of Aboit, and Edward Trautman, of Madison township. Fifteen grandchildren also survive.

GOWEN.

Mary K. Gowen, aged 40 years, died Wednesday night at her home on Florence avenue after an extended illness due to bowel trouble. Surviving relatives include the husband, three children, Grace and Chester Gowen and Mrs. G. Bauer. The body will be taken to the home of the daughter, Mrs. G. Bauer, 1908 St. Clair street.

FUNERAL NOTICES.

Beverford.—Funeral services for August Beverford will be held Friday afternoon at the residence of the sister, 2811 Broadway, at 2:30; private; interment in Concordia. Friends may view the remains until Friday noon.

COUNTY BOARD OF REVIEW TO MEET

Five Men Will Begin the Thirty Day Session Next Monday Morning.

The annual session of the county board of review will begin next Monday morning. This board will meet for thirty consecutive days and will pass on all revisions of taxation and assessment rates.

The board is composed of the county treasurer, county auditor, county assessor and two men appointed by the judge of the circuit court. The two men who served on the board last year were Paul P. Kinder and William Sible.

The next reappraisal of real estate will not be taken until 1919, so that this year's session, although expected to be a busy one, will not be one overtaxed with work.

COUNTY COUNCIL SESSION.

Special Meeting of This Body Will Be Held June 11.

A special meeting of the county council is being called for June 11, at which time the appropriation of \$50,000 for the Allen county Tuberculosis hospital will be considered. The first appropriation was for \$50,000 but when bids were opened it was found that this was not large enough to cover the expense.

Case Is Dismissed.
After calling in a jury and following the presentation of a portion of the evidence in the case of the State of Indiana against Albert Roth, charged with unlawful hunting, the game commissioner, through the prosecuting attorney, asked that the case be dismissed.

Seeking Assistance.
Asa W. Grosvenor, county surveyor, is looking for five or six experienced men who will assist in the work in the surveyor's office. He states that the work is very heavy and that it is absolutely necessary that help be secured at once.

Marriage Licenses.
Edward E. Doehrmann, real estate salesman, to Clara L. Rippe.

REALTY COMPANY MOVES.
The J. W. Miller Realty company moved into its new offices in the Utility building Thursday afternoon. They will occupy the rooms Nos. 432 and 433.

Birth Record.
Born, to Mr. and Mrs. James Mudd, 226 Elm street—a boy.

To Mr. and Mrs. Rev. Paul Miller, 1120 Barr street—a girl.

To Mr. and Mrs. James Hoy, 606 Huffman street—a boy.

Contagion.
New cases of contagion are: Marie Schelcher, 15 1416 Fletcher avenue; diphtheria; Virginia Arnold, 8, 1919 Spencer avenue, scarlet fever; and Charles Grumert, 2002 Oliver street, diphtheria.

COMMITTEE FILES MAPS AND PROFILES

Complete Report in Regard Training Camp to Get to General Barry June 3.

A complete report, including maps and profiles of the proffered site for a military training camp near Fort Wayne, was filed by the local committee Thursday. The complete report was sent to the war board which inspected the site here last Monday.

Upon the receipt of the report of the local committee which includes all details, the war board will make its report and must submit it to General Barry at Chicago by June 3. General Barry will then review all the sites as offered by various cities in the central department after which he will make his decision.

Local men who are interested in the location of the training camp near this city are optimistic about the decision of General Barry and feel confident that Fort Wayne's offer will be given due consideration.

ADDITIONAL SPORTS CHEVROLET BROTHERS

1-2 IN AUTO CLASSIC

Louis Finishes First With Average of More Than a Hundred Miles Per Hour.

Cincinnati, O., May 31.—Driving at an average speed of 102.1 miles an hour, Louis Chevrolet in a Frontenac yesterday afternoon won the Memorial day 250 mile auto race in 2:28:47. Gaston Chevrolet, his brother, also at the wheel of a Frontenac, was second, and Ira Veal, in a Hudson, third. Twenty-eight racing drivers started after the \$29,000 prize.

Chevrolet and De Palma had a battle royal for the first hundred miles, one or the other taking the lead at various times. But the intrepid Frenchman sent his car at a faster clip during the last half of the race and kept up his dare-devil driving to the finish.

The only accident of any moment was when W. S. Hanes' Mercer caught fire on the back stretch. The driver was not injured, but was forced out of the running. Other drivers were forced to quit on account of engine trouble.

Louis Chevrolet received \$12,500 of the purse, his brother, Gaston, \$6,000, and Veal \$3,000.

Winner Takes Lead.
Louis Chevrolet was in the lead at the end of fifty miles, having done this distance in 29 minutes and 52 seconds, for an average of 104.45 miles an hour. The Frenchman passed the seventy-mile mark with an average speed of 102.31 miles an hour. De Palma was second.

Before the eighty mile score was hung up Gaston Chevrolet captured second place. Louis Chevrolet's time for eighty miles was 47:23. At ninety miles the contest was between Gaston Chevrolet and De Palma for second place. The Italian passed young Chevrolet just before he registered ninety miles. Louis Chevrolet did this distance in 53:26, for an average of 101.08 miles an hour.

De Palma Slows Up.
Louis Chevrolet showed the way for the 100 miles. De Palma's Packard was pressing hard and Gaston Chevrolet was third. Louis Chevrolet's time was 59:27, an average of 101.92 miles per hour.

When the leaders had done 100 miles Raines' Mercer was out. Ostewen's Stutz had quit with engine trouble before this. De Palma snatched the lead at 120 miles, having made this distance in 1:11:17. Louis Chevrolet was second and Gaston third. De Palma lost the lead to Louis Chevrolet before 150 miles. Chevrolet's time for 150 miles was 1:29:12.

Gaston Chevrolet had edged into second place at the end of 160 miles. De Palma was third, a few seconds behind the younger Chevrolet. De Palma was losing ground as a leaking radiator had slowed him up and threatened to put him out of the race.

At 200 miles the Chevrolet brothers were in first and second places, with Louis Chevrolet's time of 1:57:12 showing a greatly increased rate of speed. His average was 102:39 miles an hour. Hearne in a Duessenberg had pushed up into third place and Veal was running fourth.

**RICKEY STILL SIGNS
STARS OF COLLEGES**

Transferring Branch Rickey to the Cardinals did not stop his operations designed to send young college stars to the major leagues.

Rickey has just signed Pitcher Edward Langdon, of Pittsburg university, for the Cardinals, his first operation of this sort since he accepted the presidency of that club.

Rickey failed to sign LeGore, of Yale, for the Cards, because LeGore had joined an eastern military unit for service in France. It is said LeGore refused a record breaking offer to play baseball.

Rickey's last big deal was the signing of Serrano Moore, Vanderbilt infielder, for the Browns before he went to the Cards. He was also responsible for the signing of George Sisler and Ernie Koob.

COLORED CLUBS TO PLAY NEXT SUNDAY

Sunday is going to be one big day at League park. Two colored clubs, the Black Diamonds, piloted by Ocean City Joe Smith, and the Colored Giants under Dupee and Wilson, will settle a long dispute on the field. The winner of this contest will play Mart Cleary's Lincoln Life club.

The colored clubs have been staging a battle of words for some time and are now going to settle all arguments. Two colored umpires will serve as arbitrators in this game. Ocean City Joe is certain he is going to put the sliders under the Giants.

WOLFENESSAUER

Women, Whose Favorite Color is Pink, Will Delight in This Exclusive Sale of Pink Silks

Lives there a woman who doesn't simply adore pink? Who hasn't, when a little girl longed for a pink parasol, or yearned for a fluttering sash of rosy hue? Pink is the most feminine and most appealing of all the colors, and particularly so this season, with so many exquisite shades and tones, each more alluring than the other.

STARTING TODAY

A Sale of Pink Chiffon Taffeta

At \$1.19

This week the silk aisle is a primrose path, featuring a sale of pink taffeta exclusively. It is an event of especial interest to June Brides and their Maids, Graduates and all Women who love daintiness generally. The silk is a beautiful quality of soft chiffon taffeta, one yard wide and comes in very lovely shades of pink.

Included are: Delicate Flesh Tint, Rose Pinks, Coral Pinks, Primrose Path, Old Rose, New Rose, Opalescent Pink and Changeable Pinks.

RAIDS OF RHETORIC
IN COLLEGE WRANGLE

Nine Orators to Discuss Needs of New State Constitution.

Shrapnels of science, raids of rhetoric and entrenchments of legal citations will be part of the intercollegiate word engagement at the high school building Friday evening. Object of the intellectual skirmish is to bring a clearer understanding of the benefits of a new constitution for Indiana.

Nine of the leading colleges and universities of Indiana will meet in the contest. The debate will start at 8 o'clock. The public is invited. The affair is now an annual event.

The final contest took place last year at Muncie, and the year before at Indianapolis. Both times the speakers represented exceptional talent, for the contestants are picked men all over 21 years of age.

All contestants will speak on subjects relating to constitutional reforms, hence the event will be educational and be a rare treat at the same time. Each speaker will be allowed twelve minutes to present his argument.

The cash prizes have, in every case, been donated by some prominent public spirited citizen, and this year are due to Samuel M. Foster, who is also largely responsible for bringing the contest to Fort Wayne.

MONROE DOCTRINE GREW FROM LOVE OF LIBERTY

Charles Niezer Talks to Rotarians on Principles of Document.

"The Monroe doctrine grew out of the same feeling that is in the country today, a love of liberty, a democracy, and a desire to spread that democracy to all parts of America," said Charles Niezer, in his talk to the Rotary club Thursday noon on the subject of the Monroe Doctrine.

"America has never proflited one bit, politically, commercially or any other way by the application of the principles of the Monroe doctrine, but she has steadfastly applied those principles for the benefit of her neighbors in South and Central America. Jefferson, Madison and Monroe are the greatest diplomats this country has known, because they are the men who established and put into a permanent form the principles of the Monroe doctrine. Theodore Roosevelt carried out the principles of the doctrine in his handling of the Venezuelan question."

Mr. Niezer went on to give some of the historical facts connected with the establishment of the doctrine and said in conclusion that the principles embodied in it must be extended to include, not only European countries, but Asiatic as well.

At the conclusion of the talk, all the Rotarians were asked to be on hand Wednesday night with hosts to do their part in the planting of the Rotarian potato patch.

Dr. M. F. Porter is in Washington, D. C., for a short trip.

Mr. and Mrs. D. S. Myers have moved from Home avenue to 2724 Broadway.

Dr. Charles Gruber went to Indianapolis, Thursday, to attend the meeting of the state board of veterinarians.

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PIANO STUDENTS

Welcome daylight saving plan. Studies to continue through summer.

MAX R. MILLER, Teacher of the Piano
1717 ILLINOIS AVE. PHONE 2085 GREEN.
TERMS—1-3 Grade, \$1.00. 4th Grade up \$1.50.

CENTRAL GROCERY

119 W. WAYNE STREET, FT. WAYNE, INDIANA.
462

Breakfast Table Tax is Boosted

**FIRST
SECTION**

The Fort Wayne Sentinel

Only Evening Newspaper in Fort Wayne Receiving the Associated Press Dispatches

ESTABLISHED 1833.

THURSDAY EVENING, MAY 31, 1917.

-16 PAGES. -2 CENTS.

**WEATHER FORECAST FOR
FORT WAYNE AND
VICINITY.**

GENERALLY FAIR AND COOLER
TONIGHT AND FRIDAY.

Denounce Draft Law as Immoral and Illegal

PEACE TERMS AND DEMOCRACY CROWD USE STRONG WORDS

**Conference in New York Raises Its
Voice Against Conscription
in Defiant Tones.**

WANTS FEDERAL OFFICERS TO LISTEN

New York, May 31.—The conscription act was characterized both immoral and unconstitutional at the first American conference on democracy and terms of peace which was again in session today at Madison Square Garden with socialists and pacifists in attendance.

The speaker was Daniel Kiefer, of Cincinnati, who was introduced after Dr. Judah L. Magnes, one of the organizers of the conference had referred to newspaper dispatches from Washington telling of the purpose of the department of justice to take stenographic notes at peace meetings and prosecute those who infringe the law.

"I don't know whether this is the kind of meeting the department of justice means," said Mr. Magnes, "but if it is and there are stenographers here, I would like to invite them to this platform, where they may see and hear everything that transpires. In Prussia, at political meetings, the stenographers are seated on the platform. They take notes and report to the government. Inasmuch as we are very rapidly becoming Prussianized we should follow the Prussian example at our meeting."

Dr. Magnes pointed out that the organizers of the conference had resolved that proposed adoption of any action contrary to the law would be declared out of order, but that they regarded as "perfectly within the law and favored all discussions as to the wisdom and unwisdom of existing laws."

SEEK PEACE IN MEETING

**German Delegates to the
Stockholm Conference
Not Kaiser-Marked.**

**MAJORITY WILL
SPEAK OWN MINDS**

**Teutonic Delegates Are Ex-
pected to Help End
War.**

Copenhagen, May 31.—Via London.—The program of the German majority socialist delegates to the Stockholm conference evidently,

GIGANTIC PLOT OF PROPAGANDA IS UNEARTHED

Columbus, O., May 31.—A gigantic propaganda plot, with national headquarters in this city, organized to induce young men of military age all over the United States to refrain from registering for conscription next Tuesday, has been uncovered by state and government secret service agents, according to announcement made this afternoon by James M. Cox. Details of the plot which was said to have extended into many states, became known when United States Marshals raided a print shop and office at 111½ South High street, where practically all of the propaganda literature was printed and distributed. It was stated that the plot appeared to be well financed and well organized.

SMALL BUYERS GET CHANCE AT LIBERTY BONDS

New York, May 31.—Small investors today were given an opportunity to subscribe their bit to the liberty loan through 30 canvassers, is making an appeal to the heads of 500 business organizations in the city to subscribe to the loan and to make it easy for their employees to buy bonds. The committee has divided New York into three districts. Canvassers have been assigned to each under district captain

floating some forms of commercial bond issues. The liberty loan industrial committee through 30 canvassers, is making an appeal to the heads of 500 business organizations in the city to subscribe to the loan and to make it easy for their employees to buy bonds. The committee has divided New York into three districts. Canvassers have been assigned to each under district captain

SAYS GERMANY SEEKS NO LAND

**A Semi-Official Newspaper
of Berlin Denies Plan
of Conquest.**

**FUTURE SECURITY
IS OBJECT OF WAR**

**New President of Lower
House of Austria is
Against Grabs.**

Amsterdam, May 31.—The declaration is made by the semi-official Norddeutsche Allgemeine Zeitung of Berlin that Germany desires no extension of territory for the purpose of aggrandizement or of political or economic accretion of power. Germany wishes solely to defend her own territory against foreign plans of conquest, the newspaper says, and moreover demands such guarantees as will serve for the best purpose of her future defense and self-protection.

These statements are made in commenting on the recent speeches by Lord Robert Cecil, British minister of blockade, and H. K. Asquith, former British premier. The newspaper says that, apart from the imputations in Mr. Asquith's speech, the principles expounded coincide with those of responsible German quarters, both formerly and during the present war.

(Continued on Page 2, Column 3.)

GERMANS CROWD LINE TO OBTAIN ZONE PERMITS

New York, May 31.—Unaware that the time had been extended to June 8, several hundred Germans formed in line in the federal building early today anxious to make application for permission to live or travel in the zones about forts, navy yards and armories. Even when informed of the extension of time, a majority remained in line until their cases could be heard by Marshal McCarthy and his assistants. Investigation of the applications already filed began today. In Hoboken, N. J., where a third of the population of 68,000 is German the United States marshal's office was besieged all day yesterday by applicants for permits. It was estimated that 1,500 applications were made up to the time the office closed. In Brooklyn last night more than 1,000 Germans were in line when Marshal Power closed his office after registering 5,000 applicants. As in Manhattan, a majority of the unsuccessful ones remained in line and waited until Marshal Power reopened his office this morning.

AMNESTY GIVEN TO THE FINNISH FOR OLD CRIME

Petrograd, via London, May 31.—(3:40 a. m.) The provisional government, on the proposal of the Finnish senate has proclaimed the complete or partial remission of sentences pronounced on all Finnish citizens for crimes or offenses committed prior to March 20, 1917.

The government has also decreed repressive measures against the abuse of alcohol. Persons getting drunk or drinking to excess in public places are liable to eighteen months' imprisonment. Persons convicted of acts of violence or other offenses will be liable to penal servitude for six or eight years.

PROWLER NEAR A RAILWAY BRIDGE SLAIN BY GUARD

Chicago, May 31.—An unidentified man, lurking near a railroad bridge on the outskirts of Chicago early today, was shot and killed by a private in an Illinois National guard regiment. The man was shot after he had knocked down with a brick another guardsman who ordered him to approach for identification.

ALL BLAME ON WESSEL

**Officials Question John Alt
and Miss Potthoff for
Two Hours.**

**ALT DENIES HE HAD
\$200 OF CITY FUND**

**Wessel Had Told That Board
Knew He Was Using
Money.**

"Wessel was the whole works," said Mayor W. J. Hosey, Thursday noon, after a two hour conference between city officials and city light employees, regarding the recent shortage in the city light funds. Frank Dix, superintendent of the department; John Alt, treasurer, and Miss Mary Potthoff, secretary, were called into the mayor's office for questioning.

"The matter will be dropped if the books of the light department are found to be correct by the accountants, I think," said Mayor Hosey. "Wessel is the man who caused all the woe."

"When Wessel took large sums of money he told Alt that the board of works knew that he was making use of the funds," Mayor Hosey says that he learned from Alt. "Alt was only a subordinate and trusted the motives of Wessel. So far I do not see how we can claim any evil intentions on Alt's part."

Miss Potthoff also thought that Wessel was using the light funds for the benefit of the city and that officials know of at least a part of his taking of the money. Mayor Hosey says the board was told by Miss Potthoff Thursday morning.

(Continued on Page 2, Column 3.)

TWO KILLED BY BLAST ON SHIP NEAR HONOLULU

Honolulu, May 31.—Two members of the crew were killed when the steamship Hamakua, carrying explosives, burned yesterday off island of Maui of Hawaiian group, according to word received here today. The vessel was a total loss. George Nystrom, first officer, was killed while directing the fighting of the flames. The boatswain is missing and is believed to have perished. Captain Wichert stated the fire was caused by an explosion, which blew off the hatches and caused the ship to be enveloped in flames almost immediately. The gasoline drums on the ship's deck exploded shortly after, making impossible a successful fight against the fire. Captain Wichert said the cause of the explosion was a mystery. The Hamakua, owned by the Inter-Island Steamship company, of Honolulu, was of 646 gross tons.

CENSORSHIP IS UP IN HOUSE IN FINAL ATTEMPT

Washington, May 31.—The long drawn out contest over the question of a newspaper censorship was renewed in the house today with the fate of the proposal somewhat in doubt.

The question arose when the house took up for adoption the conference report on the espionage bill containing the new compromise censorship provision. Both opponents and friends of the censorship proposal made eleventh hour canvasses among members to win support to their side. Should the provision be rejected, as predicted by many senate and house leaders, a separate censorship bill may be presented by the administration.

**The "Teeth"
—OF—
The Army and Navy
Uncle Harry Explains
the Importance of Dental
Work Among Soldiers and
Sailors
On Page 5.**

NEGRO RIOTS ARE ABATING

**After Five Days of Dis-
order East St. Louis
More Quiet.**

**JUST A LITTLE
SHOOTING DONE**

**Mob Eludes Troops and is
Having a Nigger Hunt
on the Quiet.**

East St. Louis, Ill., May 31.—Anti-negro riots, which began Monday night, have recurred each night, but with decreasing violence and Col. C. E. Clayton, commanding the six companies of Illinois National Guardsmen, now on duty, today declared he believed the officials had the situation well in hand and that there would be little more disturbance.

Last night, despite the fact that the city was patrolled by police, special deputies and National Guardsmen, fifty men massed shortly after the saloons closed at 5 o'clock and began a search for negroes. One was shot and wounded, while two others were beaten with fists and clubs and warned to leave town.

The mob congregated near a negro section in the outskirts of the city and the shooting attracted the National Guardsmen, who soon dispersed it. There was no further trouble until early today when three shots were fired from second story windows of a

(Continued on Page 2, Column 2.)

SPAIN IS AGAIN FACING A CRISIS DUE TO THE WAR

Madrid, May 31.—(Via Paris, 4:50 a. m.)—According to the newspapers the constitutional guarantees will be suspended again in two or three days. Former Premier Count Romanones has declared to an intimate friend that he regretted he was not invited to the mass meeting held by pro-ally sympathizers last Sunday. He said that if he had been present he would have maintained the declarations made in his letter to King Alfonso at the time he resigned. He added that many liberals who were partisans of the allies would also have liked to have been present. Discussing the same subject with the correspondent of a French newspaper Count Romanones said:

"The meeting was of enormous importance. It will perhaps exercise a greater influence on foreign than on home policies."

(Continued on Page 2, Column 2.)

WAR PIE WEDGE AT NICKEL RUN TO A SEVENTH

Chicago, May 31.—Pies cut in seven pieces confronted lovers of that pastry who lunched in moderate priced restaurants today. A few years ago a quarter of a pie could be had for a nickel. Then they began cutting it into five pieces, and a few weeks ago the angle and became more acute and they made it six.

The restaurant proprietors claim the wholesale price of pies has been raised from 18 to 25 cents within a week and that they are obliged to make seven divisions in order to obtain any profit at a nickel a cut. A few restaurants have restored the quarter portion and are charging 10 cents.

THE MARCH KING ENLISTS IN NAVY TO FORM A BAND

Great Lakes, Ill., May 31.—John Philip Sousa, who held the rank of lieutenant when he was director of the United States marine band at Washington, today became an enlisted man in the United States navy. He began the organization of the Great Lakes Naval training station band, which he hopes to develop into one of 300 pieces.

TEA, COFFEE AND SUGAR TO RAISE A GREAT REVENUE

**Staples of American Breakfast Table
Designed by Senate to Produce
Some Eighty Millions.**

HOUSE RATES ARE JUST ABOUT DOUBLED

Washington, May 31.—The senate finance committee today decided to provide in the war tax bill to raise \$80,000,000 by consumption taxes of two cents a pound on coffee, five cents on tea, one-half cent on sugar and three cents on cocoa.

Another important change agreed upon was the elimination of the present tax of 12½ per cent. on war munitions now ranking \$25,000,000. Substitutes for tea and coffee also will be taxed.

From the new taxes the committee estimates the following revenue will be raised: Sugar, \$50,000,000; coffee, \$15,000,000; tea, \$3,000,000, and cocoa, \$7,000,000. Coffee and tea taxes will be levied upon imports. Arrangements are being made to take care of import contracts made before May 1, by requiring purchasers from importers instead of the latter to pay the taxes.

Under the house bill it was proposed to tax coffee one cent a pound and tea two cents.

The decision to abolish the present special tax of 12½ per cent on war munitions was said to be due to two reasons—diminishing of the tax and imposition of increased excises profits on all corporations which will reach the munitions makers.

While this year's revenue from the

(Continued on Page 2, Column 3.)

GREAT LAKES TRAINING STATION IS HEALTHY

**Dr. Frank Billings Puts
to Question Recent
Reports.**

Chicago, May 31.—The Great Lakes training station is one of the healthiest communities of the world, Dr. Frank Billings, chairman of the health and sanitation committee of the Illinois State Council for Defense, announced today after a tour of inspection of the camp yesterday. Dr. Billings was accompanied by Dr. Arthur Reynolds, for years health commissioner of Chicago, and Dr. E. J. Doring, formerly with the United States marine medical service.

Referring to a report that there had been an inordinate number of cases of spinal meningitis at the station the doctors said they had found less than one-half of one per cent. of the sailors who have passed through the station have been affected by the malady. At no time had there been a case of typhoid fever in the camp, they said. Scarlet fever and measles have visited the camp but were quickly stopped.

(Continued on Page 2, Column 4.)

ASSAULTS ON FRENCH FAIL

**Germans Launch Frequent
Heavy Attacks in the
Champagne.**

**BIG SHELLS AND
GAS BOMBS USED**

**Crown Prince's Troops Do
Not Gain Much—British
Loss Heavy.**

Paris, May 31.—Noon: The Germans attacked the French lines in the Champagne with extreme violence at several points last night. The attacking forces were checked at some places, by the French fire and at others at the point of the bayonet, the Germans retiring each time after heavy losses, the war office announced.

The fighting was particularly desperate in the region of the Teton, the Casque and Mont Haut, the attack being launched in four successive waves after a heavy bombardment from large calibre guns and suffocating gas shells.

The French took prisoners during the fighting including two officers.

(Continued on Page 2, Column 4.)

GERMANY'S PLAN TO STOP EDUCATIONAL METHODS OF FOES

Havre, May 16.—(Correspondence of the Associated Press.)—A fine of ten thousand marks and three years' imprisonment are the penalties imposed by the German authorities on Belgians who dare pick up proclamations or objects of any nature dropped by allied aviators in invaded territory. The inhabitants are forbidden to approach any flying machine that may be obliged to light in Belgian territory and are obliged, whenever an aviator

lets fall any object whatever to notify the burgomaster, who in turn, must report immediately to the commandant.

This measure is supposed in Belgium to be intended to put an end to propaganda by the aviators of the Belgian, French and British flying corps, who have until now succeeded in keeping the Belgians remaining in occupied territory more or less posted on the military situation.

LIVING WALLS ENCASE ROUTE

Fifteen Thousand People
View Grand Memorial
Day Parade.

TRIBUTE TO DEAD;
HOMAGE TO LIVING

Services Held in Lindenwood
Surrounded by Decorated
Graves of Heroes.

To the martial tread of music, the grand memorial day parade, consisting of veterans of the civil war, military organization of all kinds and other recently formed societies passed through the streets of Fort Wayne Wednesday afternoon. The line of march was encased by a living wall, and it is estimated that fifteen thousand people viewed the procession. There were approximately six thousand people in the parade.

Success crowned every detail of the observance on Decoration day when tribute in its highest form was paid to those who died that liberty and others might live and when homage was paid to those who still survive to tell of the hazardous tales which surrounded the events of '65, when the first country in the world was kept intact.

The program was carried out as planned in Lindenwood cemetery immediately after the arrival of the procession. Hon. Harry H. Hilgemann gave the address which stirred the emotions of the thousands of people who crowded about the speaker's stand. Here, surrounded by the decorated green tents of heroes, the thrilling and emotional story of the reason of the day's celebration was imparted to all.

The orator of the day spoke in words of highest praise in whose memory and honor the day was being nationally observed. And as the time and occasion could not help but remind everyone of the world-wide war into which the Stars and Stripes have now been drawn, the speaker touched upon the subject for a few minutes.

Lawton Park Services.
Immediately after the patriotic organizations of the city had concluded the work of decorating the graves of departed comrades Wednesday morning, services were held at the monument in Lawton park.

Attorney Lee J. Hartzell was the speaker at this service. In addition to delivering a stirring address on the sacredness of Memorial day he told the reason for the celebration of the day in the following words:

"Memorial day had its origin in 1868. A German citizen came into this country and enlisted in the Union army. After the war, in conversation with Gen. John A. Logan, he told of the custom in his native land of once a year strewing fragrant and beautiful flowers on the graves of departed soldiers and sailors. General Logan, who was then the first commander-in-chief of the Grand Army of the Republic, conferred with Adj. Gen. M. Chipman, and as a result of the conference, May 30, was set apart as Memorial day."

Following an agitation extending for several days a meeting will be held Friday evening in the auditorium of the new high school building at Monroeville for the purpose of organizing an auxiliary to the Fort Wayne Red Cross chapter.

Dr. H. E. Steinman has been the chief promoter of the movement and he has succeeded in arousing the citizens of that part of the county to the importance of the Red Cross society in the present war and the tremendous demands that will be made upon it until the war is ended and peace has been declared.

On last Sunday the ministers in the little town told from their pulpits of the Red Cross work and urged their members to become identified with this organization. The Monroeville auxiliary will start out with a membership of about one hundred and twenty-five.

A class for the making of hospital supplies is being organized among the girls of the plant of the General Electric company. Mrs. Frank Taft has been placed in charge of cutting garments to be sewed by the various community circles being formed throughout the city.

Try Sentinel Want Ads.

STORMS KILL HALF A SCORE

Tornadoes in Missouri Do
Much Damage and Take
Many Lives.

ONE VILLAGE IS
ENTIRELY RAZED

Fifty Persons Injured in
the Area Where Storm
Passed.

St. Louis, May 31.—Tornadoes in Missouri and southern Illinois yesterday caused the death of at least ten persons and the injury of fifty or more, according to advices today from the various communities over which the storm passed.

At Mineral Point, Mo., four were killed and thirty injured; at Palmer, three are known to be dead and a number injured, and at Eye one man was killed; in Alexander county, Illinois, two men were killed and another fatally hurt. Four other Missouri towns, Graniteville, Bonne Terre, Diehlstadt and Bismarck, were reported struck by the storm, but definite information has not come from those points.

Only School House Spared.
The twister which took four lives at Mineral Point, flattened every structure in the village with the exception of the school house.

Much property damage was done in Alexander county, Illinois, where two men lost their lives. One of the freaks of the Illinois storm occurred near Mounds, where a ten-ton steam roller was lifted and whirled for fifty feet. An automatic block signal on the Iron Mountain railroad, near Mineral Point, put into operation by the wind, warned a Memphis-St. Louis train, carrying 400 passengers, who watched the storm destroy the village and then gave aid to the injured. The victims were placed on the train and taken to De Soto, where they were cared for at the Railroad Y. M. C. A.

Freaks of the Storm.
A number of freaks were reported, one being the experience of the station agent, who was standing with his arms about the shoulders of Thomas Le-masters, conductor, when the Mineral Point station was demolished. The agent escaped unhurt, but Le-masters was killed instantly.

A thrilling race with the tornado was won by the engineer of the Mississippi and Bonne Terre railroad, near Mineral Point, and possibly saved the lives of 100 passengers. When the twister became visible the conductor ordered the engineer to put on full steam in an effort to outrun it. The storm followed the train for more than a mile before it changed its course.

MILD FIRE LOSS FOR FIFTH MONTH

Eleventh Hour Blaze Adds
\$150 to Account of
Flames.

Two hundred dollars was added to the Fort Wayne fire loss for the month of May by a midnight blaze Wednesday night. The automobile standing in the frame garage at the home of Paul Gillett, 2517 South Harrison street, was ignited by its overheated engine. Gillett had just climbed into bed when a neighbor called "fire" before his home. The small garage was partially destroyed and the automobile badly damaged. Loss to the automobile is \$50 and to the automobile \$150.

Total fire loss for the month of May is \$5,405. That is \$2,000 more than was suffered during the fifth month of 1916. There were thirty-two fires during May of this year. There were 22 runs in the same month a year ago.

NEGRO RIOTS ARE ABATING

house near a negro district at a group of guardsmen, who were standing under an arc light. None of the guardsmen was hit. The disturbances, which started Monday night, grew out of a protest against the importation of negro labor from the south, made by labor leaders at a meeting of the city council.

Sentinel Want Ads. Bring Results.

WALLEN RESIDENT DROPS DEAD AT WORK

W. S. Ludwick Stricken With
Apoplexy While Plant-
ing Potatoes.

While engaged in planting potatoes, W. S. Ludwick, aged 56 years, a resident of Wallen, was stricken with apoplexy and died almost instantly. Accompanied by his eight-year-old daughter he left the home about 7 o'clock Wednesday evening. A short time afterward the little girl looked up from her work and saw her father totter and fall. She rushed to his side, but life was already extinct. The little girl fled to her home. Coroner J. B. McArdle was called and after an investigation pronounced death due to a stroke of apoplexy.

Try Sentinel Want Ads.

THE RUSSIAN COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF.



Gen. Michael Alexieff, commander-in-chief of the Russian armies, who now that the internal matters of Russia are adjusted, is expected to show a stiffer front to German attack. Military experts hardly expect a new drive, but hope that Germany will be forced to bring back some or all of the forces recently transferred to the western front.—(Copyright, Underwood & Underwood.)

CAPTAIN T. F. RYAN AND AIDS LEAVE FOR EAST

Will Aid Recruiting in Bal-
timore For Two
Weeks.

Capt. Thomas F. Ryan, at the head of Indiana's recruiting forces, left Fort Wayne for the enlistment invasion of Maryland and Delaware Thursday afternoon. Captain Ryan, who is in charge of the Fort Wayne recruiting station, is accompanied by six of his deputies.

The Indiana recruiters will be in Baltimore, Md., and vicinity for two weeks. Their action is due to an order issued by the regular army complement of the eastern states. Captain Ryan and his men were first called out because of the phenomenal recruiting record made by the Fort Wayne station.

Ray Kabisch, York Lackey and Hayle Drago are the latest Fort Wayne recruits. They signed up for cavalry service on Wednesday. Forty men were enlisted on Memorial day.

SAYS GERMANY SEEKS NO LAND

(Continued From Page 1.)

Lord Robert Cecil said in the house of commons on May 14 that Great Britain could not commit herself to a policy of returning German colonies and Turkish provinces in which the natives had been mistreated and asked whether such a policy should be adopted in the case of Poland, Alsace-Lorraine and Italia Irredenta. He said Germany should make reparations for despoiling Belgium, Serbia and Northern France and destroying merchant ships. Mr. Asquith said that if the war were to end in an honorable peace there must be annexation, continuing the emancipation of populations laboring under despotism and such retention of strategic positions as safeguards against future attacks as might be necessary.

Austria Is Moderate.

Amsterdam, May 31.—Dr. Gustav Gross, leader of the German National league, has been elected president of the lower house of the Austrian parliament, according to a Vienna dispatch. In his opening address Dr. Gross promised freedom of speech and impartiality in debate. He urged the house to see to it that the expectations of Austria's enemies that great dissensions would develop during the session should remain unfulfilled.

"We are in our unshakable determination," he said, "to continue the fight which was forced on us, to the greatly desired honorable peace which will guarantee our safety and independence in the future."

"At the same time nothing is further from our thoughts than suppression of other nations."

After the policies of various parties had been stated by their representatives, Premier Count Clam-Martinic said the government would make a declaration in regard to all the questions raised in one of the first sittings after the speech from the throne. The next sitting was fixed for June 5.

Commenting on the meeting of the Austrian parliament the Tageblatt of Berlin says divergencies of opinion were marked, especially between the Germans and the Czechs, and that the Austrian government has done nothing to improve this situation. It continues: "The fact is that the government appears before the house without a plan behind it and it may easily happen that the government will find itself in the minority."

Various successors to Count Clam-Martinic already are mentioned.

ALL BLAME ON WESSEL

(Continued From Page 1.)

Did Not Take \$200.
When asked if there was truth in the rumor to the effect that Alt had made use of \$200 at one time, John Alt stoutly denied any grounds for the assertion.

"I never made use of as much as \$10 at a time of the city money and never for more than a few days," Alt is said to have told the city officials. "When there were small personal bills presented to me and I did not have the money with me I sometimes made out slips for very small sums, & returned the money promptly."

Mayor's Statement.
Mayor Hoesy was authorized by the board at the end of the conference, Thursday morning, to give out the statement in behalf of the city officials.

"There is absolutely no evidence that Alt or Miss Potthoff benefitted in any way from use of the city funds,"

WILL AID RECRUITING IN BAL- TIMORE FOR TWO WEEKS.

The money taken was not applied in any way for their benefit. I do not think they can be held to have entered into a conspiracy about the misappropriation of funds. They were misled. They trusted Wessel. He is altogether to blame."

"The money has been returned," the mayor went on. "Wessel has paid the price for his folly. I think the matter will be dropped if the accounts are found to be correct."

Singrey Undecided.
Frank E. Singrey, member of the board of works, who had stated that John Alt must resign or prosecution would be started against Wessel and Alt, is undecided about whether he will demand further action, since the conference, Thursday.

"I have not made up my mind what should be done," said Singrey, Thursday afternoon. The future of the case relating to the misappropriation of city light funds will depend upon the condition of the books at the light plant, it is thought.

Miss Potthoff told of her conference with Wessel in Indianapolis, on Saturday. Wessel did not tell her where he expected to go, she said. She admitted knowing of the shortage for more than a year.

Frank Dix, superintendent of the department, knew nothing of the shortage until Alt told him of the \$3,370 deficit a few days before Wessel was called before the board, Dix said.

Mrs. John Wessel, mother of the former manager, who is thought to know the whereabouts of her son, refused to divulge his location, Thursday afternoon.

"I have nothing to say today," she answered, when called by telephone. Shows Up Accountants.
"This shows that we should have a more complete system of state accounting," said Mayor Hoesy, Thursday. "This shortage went on over the heads of the accountants for two years. They never would have discovered it. We paid them \$16 a day for their efforts."

"I am not blaming the accountants personally. All the power they have is to balance up the books. They can only tell whether or not the books are kept correctly. They should have the power of bank accountants and should take charge of all funds and books when they enter a plant."

The accountants will be at work at the city light plant for several weeks more, it was given out Thursday, as they have been called upon to go over the books for several months back, in an effort to find if all money has been returned.

ASSAULTS ON FRENCH FAIL

(Continued From Page 1.)

BRITISH LOSSES ENORMOUS.

London, May 31.—(11:30 a. m.)—British casualties as published in May show a total of 5,302 officers and 108,231 men.

The British offensive on the Arras front, involving some of the severest fighting of the war, naturally has resulted in large increase in casualties over the inactive winter season. Casualties for the last few months have not been received, but in February the total report was only 1,243 officers and 17,185 men.

The assertion of the British that their losses are fifty per cent smaller than in the battle of the Somme, notwithstanding the fact that larger forces are engaged, is not borne out by the May figures, although in the absence of the casualties' report for April, early in which month the offensive was launched, the showing is not conclusive. The casualties reported in the first three months of the Somme drive were 307,169 officers and men. In August of last year, the second month of the Somme battle, the casualties were 127,945, as compared with 112,233 for May, the second month of the Arras battle.

RAIDERS DRIVEN OFF.

London, May 31.—"A hostile raiding party was driven off early this morning south of Arras," says today's official report on the Franco-Belgian front operations. "We secured a few prisoners."

"There was considerable artillery activity on both sides during the night in the neighborhood of Bullecourt and on the right bank of the Scarpe."

KAISER ON WEST FRONT.

Copenhagen, May 31.—(Via London, 10:50 a. m.)—The German emperor on his recent visit to the western front was received at Doun by General von Below. General von Below was formerly in command of the German forces on the Monastir front and has recently been brought across Europe to command one of the armies on the Arras front.

DON'T FIGURE

Let us do the figuring and giving suggestions on June bride presents, such as Jewelry and Glassware.

VOIROL'S, 1513 Calhoun.

THE STORE THAT DOES THINGS

A Hartmann Wardrobe Trunk

will prove a great convenience and assure the proper packing of your wardrobe.

Separate compartment for all your clothes; hang there as in your closet at home. Open when destination is reached. Clothes in perfect condition.

\$22.50 to \$85.00

Complete Line of Suitcases and Traveling Bags.

Patterson - Fletcher Co.

WAYNE AND HARRISON.

REWARD FOR U-BOATS.

Nice, May 31.—H. C. Barol, an American resident here, has given 125,000 francs to the ministry of marine as prizes for officers and gunners on merchantmen who sink submarines. The money is to be distributed in prizes of 5,000 francs.

VESSEL TAKEN BY GERMANY.

Amsterdam, May 31.—According to the Maasbode, the Dutch steamer Pomena, bound from Copenhagen to Amsterdam, has been taken into Swinemunde. The Pomena is a small vessel of 786 tons owned in Amsterdam.

RUSSIA WANTS MONEY.

Petrograd, May 31.—Via London.—The provisional government today approved the proposal of Temporary Finance Minister Teretschenko to raise 200,000,000 rubles and take steps for securing for the treasury "the supply of paper money which already has become indispensable." The Official News Agency announces.

NEW ADVANCE IN ALBANIA.

Rome, May 31.—Via London, 4:46 p. m.—Italian troops in Albania have occupied the villages of Cerevoda, Velizest, Isoja and Cafa, the war office announced today.

The towns occupied by the Italians are in the central part of southern Albania. This extension of the Macedonian front westward to Avlona, on the Adriatic, long has been held by Italian forces. Their advance is claiming more of Albania from Austrian influence.

SEEK PEACE IN MEETING

(Continued From Page 1.)

from the statements of Dr. Eduard David, one of the leading delegates, carries no endorsement by the German government.

Dr. David clearly intimated that the action of the delegation is only binding upon its party and that the envoys have no definite pledges or authorization from the administration at Berlin.

The hopes of the delegates that the German government ultimately will be found amenable to the majority socialist program of peace without annexations or indemnities are based partly upon the party's strength in Germany and partly upon the indefinite statements of that master phrase maker, Chancellor von Bethmann-Hollweg, like his declaration that the government is ready to conclude a peace, "which will leave no thorns to rankle."

Dr. David does not hope that peace will result directly from the Stockholm movement. The utmost he expects is that the conference will lay a basis for a peace movement on which peace lovers in all countries can unite.

If the conference proves abortive, Dr. David declares that Germany has perfected its organization so as to be on what it can raise and will continue the struggle without weakening. In answer to a question regarding the present German attitude toward America the socialist leader said that there was no one in Germany who did not regret the break with the United States, and that it was the general hope that the war would be concluded before America's participation in the conflict could become actual.

ENGLISH TO BE THERE.

Stockholm, May 31.—(Via London, May 31, 7:00 a. m.)—The Dutch and Scandinavian socialist committee has been informed that the British labor socialist organ will send representatives to the Stockholm conference. G. H. Roberts and Ramsay MacDonald, labor members of parliament, are expected.

TEA, COFFEE AND SUGAR TO RAISE A GREAT REVENUE

(Continued From Page 1.)

munitions' tax was estimated to yield \$25,000,000, treasury experts told the committee it would be much smaller.

Another provision adopted today by the committee would exempt from taxation alcohol required by medical officers and reducing its alcohol content in the making of "near beer" when such alcohol becomes denatured for commercial purposes.

The committee did not discuss the proposed postal increase on second-class publications.

EARTH SHOCKS FELT.

Cleveland, Ohio, May 31.—Earth shocks were recorded at St. Ignace college observatory early today. Beginning at 4:03 a. m. they reached the maximum at 4:10 and subsided at 5:10 a. m. No estimate as to distance or location is given.

WORLD WAR ARRESTS

BUILDING PROJECTS

Many Plans Are Abandoned
and May is \$500,000

Short.

Because of financial uncertainty and high price of building products due to the war, many building plans have been dropped by business men and even home builders in Fort Wayne. The accompanying slump drops the month of May \$471,684 below the record of the fifth month of 1916.

Falling off, largely due to the drop in the records for the month of May, is \$40,295 for the first five months of this year in comparison with 1916. Sixty-six more permits had been issued at the close of May, 1916, than this year has brought out. The figures are: May, 1916, 102 permits issued, \$897,225 expended for building; May, 1917, 79 permits, \$225,541 spent for construction.

For the first five months the totals are: For 1916, 354 permits and \$1,300,686 expended; for 1917, 288 permits, with \$1,200,391 spent for building.

ADMIRAL UPSHUR OLDEST OFFICER OF NAVY PASSED

Washington, May 31.—American naval officers everywhere today were mourning the death of Rear Admiral Upshur, who until his death here last night of heart failure, was the oldest living graduate of the naval academy and dean of the flag officers. He was 84 years old, and his naval career had included service with Commodore Perry in the historic voyage to Japan, service in the civil war with Porter and many important commands with the power navy.

JULY WHEAT 89 CENTS DOWN IN A SHORT TIME

Chicago, May 31.—July wheat today went under \$2 a bushel and touched \$1.94, which is 89 cents lower than the price which immediately preceded restorative regulations by the board of trade here two weeks ago.

Flour prices have to a large extent followed the lead of wheat. No agitation has developed among bakers to reduce bread prices, however. At the top of the market the six-cent loaf was advanced to ten cents and the fifteen-cent loaf made its appearance. This was attributed largely to the advance of wheat and flour. Good crop reports from Texas and Oklahoma were influential in the decline in wheat.

Summary of the Day's War News

Desperate attempts by the Germans to push back the French from the vantage ground won in the recent attacks by Gen. Petain's forces in the Champagne region have been renewed. As a whole the French line remained intact until the success of the German attack early today in a sustained effort of an extremely violent and sanguinary character, gas shells being liberally employed. The front was denied at only one point and this but slightly, the crown prince's troops gaining a footing in some advanced trenches northeast of Mont Haut.

At the Teton the Casque positions northwest of Aubervie and at Mont Blond, on the front, against which the attacks were launched, the net German gain was nil, the valuable ground which the French need for the pushing of a further offensive, particularly for observations, being retained intact.

Along the British line in France the comparative quiet continues, broken only by trench raids. Increasing artillery activity from the Arras front, however, is reported today near Bullecourt and further north along the Scarpe, east of Arras. British losses of men in the Arras battle are reflected in the figures of casualties published during May, which total 112,233, including 5,302 officers.

The political situation in Spain is being closely watched, particularly in view of today's newspaper announcement in Madrid that the constitutional guarantees would shortly again be suspended. Former Premier Romanones is quoted as declaring that conditions in the country, which is known to be suffering keenly in a general economic way from the war, as well as directly from submarine sinkings, were becoming graver every day. He considered the recent heat meeting of pro-ally sympathizers as of enormous importance, as perhaps likely to ex-

ITALIAN ENVOYS ARE RECEIVED IN SENATE

Prince Udine Delivers a Mes- sage from King Victor to America.

Washington, May 31.—Prince Udine, head of the Italian mission, delivered in the senate chamber today a message from King Victor Emmanuel to the American people. Resplendently garbed in uniforms of gold and blue with green shoulder sashes, the mission was enthusiastically received. The union of effort and purpose of Italy and the United States was emphasized by the prince, who spoke in part as follows:

"In this hour of danger, in which military absolutism is threatening everyone, there are nations that have forgotten old and new competitions and have united to defeat this menace to the common safety. We are in a most fortunate position. Between the United States of America and Italy there has never been any cause of conflict. This new and closer union means for us a greater bond of sympathy and solidarity, added to those which already linked up."

"This long friendship without strife, this union without mistrust, this cloudless future are enhanced by the fact that both our peoples are at war to defend the same ideals of humanity and justice."

"For nearly three years our continent looked with anxious eyes toward your great and free country. We knew that the European war had increased your trade and gave new vigor to your industries. Many feared that because of the ocean that divides us, the great world of grief from oppressed Belgium would only sound faintly in your ears; many feared that, absorbed by the activities of industry and labor you would fall to take an interest in our struggles and in our sorrows."

"We, however, looked towards you with trusting sympathy; we felt that the great fatherland of land, the noble democracy, which offered its hospitality to all the peoples of Europe without distinction of race, of religion or of languages, and granted to all of them the protection of the same just and humane laws could not remain indifferent. You bring all the enthusiasm of your national youth to science and to labor."

NINE HUNDRED NEW LOTS ARE PLOWED

Nine hundred lots that had never raised anything but sod or weeds or ash heaps in former years are now under cultivation in Fort Wayne. It is given out from food relief headquarters. This means about 150 more acres of land under cultivation in the city of Fort Wayne than ever before.

If all the city patches were put out in potatoes and the weather was right there might be a crop of 75,000 bushels of tubers, it is pointed out. But since a part of the plots are a mingling of beans and corn and even beets the crop outcome cannot be estimated in any one product.

GEORGE E. RICABY WILL SPEAK TONIGHT

This evening at the Commercial club, on the occasion of a dinner given by the Wildwood companies to the real estate men of the city, George E. Ricaby, vice president and general sales manager of the E. C. Close Realty Co. of Toledo, will give an address dealing with the remarkable success of his company in its development work in the Ohio city.

The Wildwood companies, in the holding of a series of Thursday evening dinners for the consideration of final details of the sale of lots in Brook View, takes occasion to bring to the city men of the type of Mr. Ricaby, who are able to speak with authority on many topics close to the affairs of all who are interested in the development of the city's physical resources.

WILL NAME COUNTY COUNCIL OF DEFENSE

Following the request of Governor Goodrich, Judge John W. Eggegan of the Allen circuit court will make the appointments of members of the county council of defense Friday afternoon at 2 o'clock. The judge is considering whom he will appoint and will make the announcement on Friday.

This council is to be a purely non-political one and is to be composed of seven members. One of the members is to be a lady and one shall be a representative of labor. In making the appointments the judge has been asked that all seven must be unquestionably patriotic and in sympathy with the purposes of the National and State Councils of Defense.

ONLY BIG
CIRCUS
COMINGFORT WAYNE,
FRIDAY, JUNE 1HAGENBECK-WALLACE
CIRCUS

DIRECTION OF ED. BALLARD

1,000 PEOPLE
3 R.R. TRAINS
400 ARTISTS
500 HORSES

BIGGEST ZOO ON EARTH
GIANT OF TENTED INSTITUTIONS
EARTH'S MOST AMAZING ACTS
\$3,000,000 INVESTED - DAILY EXPENSE \$7,500

50 CLOWNS
80 MUSICIANS
60 RIDERS
60 AERIALISTS

PARADE AT 10 A. M. PREVIEWING THE FIRST PERFORMANCE
ONE 50c TICKET ADMITS TO ALL

Reserved and admission tickets on sale Circus Day at the D. & N. Pharmacy. Same prices as charged on the show grounds. 5-10-26-31

LATEST PHOTOGRAPH OF GEN. PETAIN,
COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF OF THE FRENCH

GENERAL PETAIN

A new photograph of General Petain, generalissimo of the French army and supreme commander of the allied forces operating in northern France. (Copyright, Central News Service.)

BE PATRIOTIC AND FILL OUT

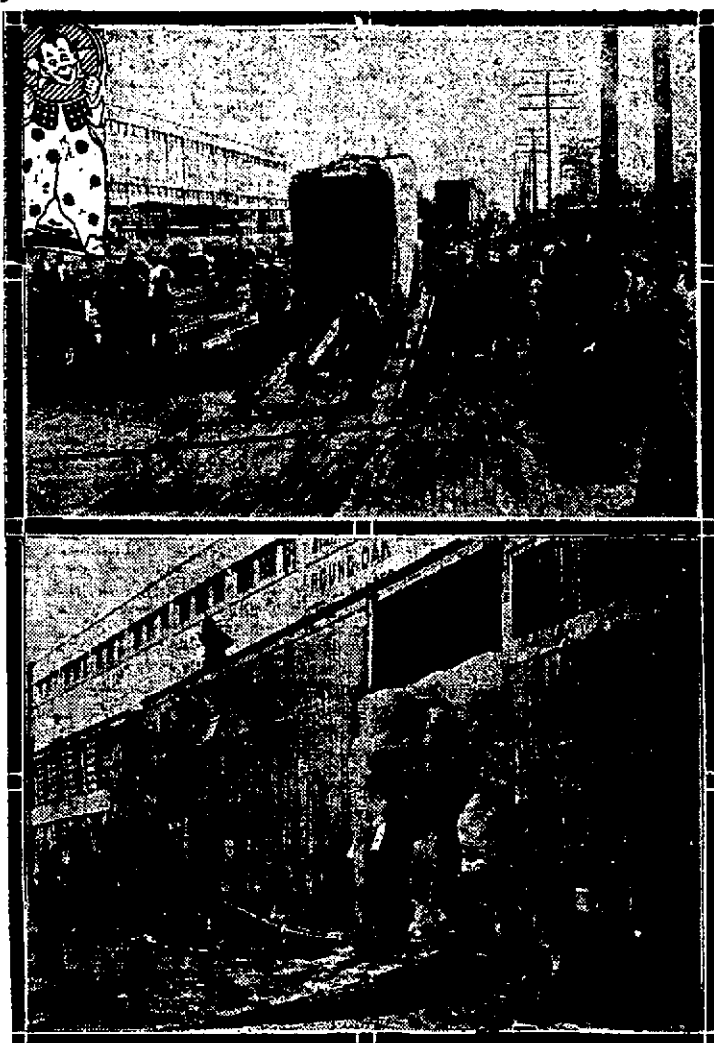
THIS BLANK AND MAIL TODAY

NATIONAL FOOD RELIEF COMMITTEE, Fort Wayne Branch, 810 Clinton St., Fort Wayne, Ind.

Gentlemen: In consideration of you, as lessee, using the ground for the purpose of aiding the cause of National Food Production, I hereby lease to you, for the growing season of the year, 1917, the following described real estate, to-wit:

In the City of Fort Wayne, Indiana, on the side of street and between streets.

Date

HAGENBECK-WALLACE DAY WITH RED
WAGONS AND ELEPHANTS, ALMOST DUE

CIRCUS DAY SCENES

CIRCUS DAY AT A GLANCE.

SHOW LOT—Old circus grounds. **ARRIVAL**—In three sections over the Wabash railroad early Friday. First section expected before daylight. All cars unloaded by 8 o'clock.**PARADE**—Leaves show grounds at 11 A. M. and will pass through the principal downtown streets.**TICKETS**—On sale Friday for both performances by a special circus representative at the D. & N. Pharmacy at same prices as charged on the show grounds.**PERFORMANCES**—Two and 8 P. M. Doors open an hour earlier. **DEPARTURE**—Soon after Friday midnight for Winchester, Ind. Show grounds illuminated at night by special plant carried with circus.

Novelty will be the keynote of Friday's Hagenbeck-Wallace circus, the best elements of the dear old-time circus, with the newest things in the way of European thrills. Monotony and repetition have been eliminated, it is said.

Three trains of double length railroad cars, twice the size of the ordinary car, are used to transport the Carl Hagenbeck-Wallace circus. The first section, known in the parlance of the circus as the "flying squadron," is scheduled to leave Adrian, Mich., where the show plays today, soon after midnight. The dining tents with its conveyors will inaugurate the encampment at the fair grounds, and food will await the hungry hundreds when they reach the circus grounds.

The circus parade will make its start from the show grounds at 11 o'clock Friday morning or as near that hour as conditions will permit. The parade stretches three miles in length and its beauty, promise is given, will surpass the expectations of the young and old. A score of camels will tread the route, and of camels, zebras, sacred cattle, yaks and other "freak" animals there will be legion. Dozens of open cages will disclose their jungle inmates and trainers. More than 600 equines, ranging from the powerful plumed draft and Percherons and Clydesdales, thoroughbred chariot racers and ring horses to the sturdy little Shetland ponies, ever dear to the hearts of the children, will display themselves.

The allegorical and tableau floats and other appurtenances with the pageant are resplendent with gold leaf and all represent the best efforts of distinguished designers, sculptors and decorators. Eight bands and two steam calliopes will give ceaseless brass harmony and the nonsense clowns will pervade the long line. The circus performance will begin promptly at 2 o'clock in the afternoon and at 8 o'clock at night, and the Hagenbeck-Wallace management announces that their mammoth new arena tent is waterproof. It is 540 feet in length and is declared to be nothing short of an Aladdin-like canvas palace.

The menagerie comprises an equipment and includes, with few exceptions, every beast, bird and reptile mentioned in natural history. The zoological department represents the monument of the late Carl Hagenbeck, who at the time of his death last year, was the recognized "animal king" of the world. The work of securing new and rare specimens for the travelling zoo still goes on at the European headquarters of the Hagenbeck-Wallace circus.

The trained wild animals number 400 and appear under the personal direction of Philip Hagenbeck, assisted by almost a score of trainers, many of international fame. The beasts perform in a massive steel-girded arena weighing many tons. Among the performing animals will be lions, tigers, jaguars, pumas, leopards and the largest collection of white Polar bears ever seen together at one time.

The circus performance is replete with novelties. Almost every civilized country has furnished a star. There are 400 performers, who work in three rings, two elevated stages and on the quarter of a mile hippodrome track. Among the artists best known to circus goers is Miss Dottie Julian, an Australian bareback rider of fame in many civilized countries. Although Miss Julian is only 18 years of age, she has accomplished what few male bareback riders have done, the forward and backward somersault on a running horse.

Among the aerialists is the Ward troupe, who hail from the Royal cir-

cus, Amsterdam, Holland. Paul Fischer twice daily courts death while performing the triple somersault. As far as it is known in circus history, Fischer is the only person who has successfully mastered the intricate trick of a triple revolution in the air. His act puts to rout some of the so-called laws of gravitation as advanced by learned men. In every other department efforts have been made by the management of the show to secure the most skilled performers in their lines.

The comedy end is looked after by 50 funmakers headed by Arthur Borella, Fred Egner and Lon Moore. The youngest clown is Harold Brady, 4 years old, and "Pop" Arneson, of three score and ten years, is the oldest of the funmakers. The clown department of the Hagenbeck-Wallace circus has been long noted as supreme and this year it is even larger.

Tickets will be on sale for both performances all day Friday by a special representative at the D. & N. pharmacy at the regular prices charged on the show grounds. By advance purchase, intending patrons will avoid the expected crowds at the scene of the exhibition sale.

Telephone Clint Willson: 893, and order tornado policy. Don't wait until your home is blown down.

4,500 PEOPLE FROLIC
AT PARK WEDNESDAYWeather is Not Favorable
But Crowds Have a
Happy Time.

Robison park was officially opened to the public Wednesday and approximately 4,500 people enjoyed the pleasure resort on the opening day. The weather was a hindrance to larger crowds, but those who made the trip reported having had a happy time.

Misfortune or ill luck marked the opening day. William Crowell, who was to have made a balloon ascension, was suddenly taken ill Tuesday evening and consequently could not make the flight. He will take the trip into the air next Sunday.

The band which was to have given an afternoon concert marched in the Decoration day parade. The ponies failed to arrive from Indianapolis due to shortage in shipping facilities. The monkeys that inhabited the cage last year died during the winter and although Mr. Williams sent for five more they also died before the opening day. The chutes have been torn down due to lack of support and the small oriental designed building which occupied an important and conspicuous place half way up the large hill has also disappeared because the law has put a ban on fortune telling.

Despite all this ill luck the natural beauty of the park remains. Everything in the park has been repainted and the entire place has been put on a very neat appearance. There will be plenty of attractions before the season ends.

Dancing proved to be the popular pastime of the people Wednesday. The large pavilion was crowded the entire afternoon and evening. Although the weather did not warrant them summer gowns were much in evidence as were also the neatly designed con- signment of spring hosiery.

HOME DECORATING
HINTS.

Let us help you with paint advice. No surface too large or too small to receive our careful attention. Acme Quality Paint Store, corner Main and Clinton.

Scratch tablets—just the thing for school children, 2 for 5c and 5c each, at Sentinel office. 5-14-17

Try Sentinel Want Ads.

Outdoor Eye Ease

You can enjoy outdoor recreation, motor, golf or fish with perfect ease if you trust your eye-aids to Meigs. Anything from a closed-in auto goggle to a specially made golf glass ground to suit your eyes.

Optically perfect protectors that cannot injure the eyes cost but a few cents more than the other kind and you take no chances. We have them from 25c to \$3.50.

If you wear glasses constantly, let us show you NEUTRO LENSES, made exclusively by us. They "look white, but kill the light," and have all the advantages of dark colored lenses.

1012 Calhoun Street. **MEIGS** Lyric Theater Building.

Fort Wayne's Largest Optical House.
"The Place to Get Better Glasses."

CHINA AND BRAZIL IN WAR WOULD
ADD 400,000,000 ENEMIES OF KAISEREvery Continent Will Be
Represented in Conflict if
Two More Republics, Now
on Verge, Declare Against
Germany.

Staff Special.

Washington, May 31.—Four hundred million people will be added to the enemies of the kaiser if China and Brazil, the two greatest republics not yet in the war, but on the verge, decide to declare hostilities against Germany.

China is the most populous republic in the world; Brazil second largest in the western world. China's population is variously estimated at between three and four hundred million. Brazil's is about 25,000,000.

Brazil can put more trained soldiers in the field immediately than the United States. Four million men can be called out under Brazil's military service law.

But Brazil, under the efficiency of war conditions, may do more for America and her allies with her resources than with her soldiers.

Her vast tropical resources have been barely touched and but wait the hand of necessity to pour forth wealth untold for the sustenance of the fighting nations.

China's entry into the war might be



AN OFFICER OF THE CHINESE ARMY.

Have you
Indigestion?

Your food will continue to disagree with you, and cause distress until you strengthen your digestive organs, and tone and sweeten the stomach. You can do this quickly and surely by promptly taking a few doses of

BEECHAM'S
PILLS

Their natural action relieves the stomach of undigested food, stimulates the flow of gastric juice, renews the activity of the liver and bowels, and strengthens the digestive system. Take them with confidence, for 60 years' experience prove that Beecham's Pills

Are good for
the Stomach

Largest Sale of Any Medicine in the World. Sold everywhere. In boxes, 10c, 25c.

of more significance to China than to the allies.

Though a republic, it is recognized that the republican government has been restrained by the hand of politicians of the old regime, many of them crooked, all of them looking backward.

This old influence would be completely broken by war, regenerating the nation, it is declared.

It is said to have been due entirely to American influence that China took the first step and broke diplomatic relations with Germany.

Long under the jealous eye of Japan, war might mean for China and the United States a closer relationship and more of freedom from Japanese exploitation.

It is pointed out that if American influence were to take China into the war that same influence would emerge the stronger after war.

China has rich iron and copper mines. Yunnan province is one of the world's leading copper districts, and copper is one of the most needed war materials.

China's army, while not a very definite quality, has been somewhat rejuvenated under the influence of Young China and it, with Chinese natural resources, might be of material advantage in co-operation with Russia.

Entrance of China and Brazil would bring every continent into the war.

Brazil, too, it is believed, soon would be followed by other South American republics, notably Argentina.

A market for electric light plants could be developed in south China if American products could be sold as reasonably and give as great satisfaction as British plants which have been recently installed.

A humane, as well as an efficient system of caring for stray cats and dogs in Milwaukee is due to the efforts of Miss Lenore Cawker, a millionaire dog catcher. Last year Miss Cawker's establishment handled 3,000 dogs alone, and the difference between \$3,000, the cost of running the department, and her salary, Miss Cawker herself supplies.

"ONE DISH OF
POST TOASTIES
GOT ME"SAYS
Bobby
NEVER WERE
CORN
FLAKES
LIKE 'EM!

Try Sentinel Want Ads.

The Fort Wayne Sentinel

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PUBLISHED EVERY EVENING EXCEPT SUNDAY.
(BY ESTATE OF E. A. K. HACKETT).



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Vol. LXXXIV..... No. 223



THURSDAY, MAY 31, 1917.

ARMY REGISTRATION.

The fundamental thing to keep in mind is that every male person in the United States between the ages of 21 and 31 must register on June 5 under the terms of the conscription law. There are some exceptions that relate to men already in the service of the United States. It is next in importance to remember that failure to register carries a severe penalty. It should also be kept in mind that registration is neither enlistment nor conscription. The government is merely taking a military census and preparing the rolls of eligibility by age under the new law. Selection and exemption will come later. Every man who is of military age by the terms of the law, but who for any reasons—physical, domestic or otherwise—may think himself entitled to exemption will have a chance to present his case and obtain a hearing in due time. But there is no exemption from registration June 5.

There are few who will attempt to escape the legal obligation to register. Such as do so will have short shrift of immunity, for they will be hunted out and no doubt punished, either by complete exposure as slackers or by more formal and painful recourses, as the law provides. Of the ten millions of Americans of military age under the law the government will select a half million. One out of every twenty will be called for service in the first army to be organized by the selective process. Those of the small percentage who dread service have an odd-on chance that they will not be called in the first draft—what a turf sport would describe as a twenty-to-one shot. But the chances to escape conscription have nothing at all to do with the necessity to register. That cannot be escaped. The law is plain and its mandate is inexorable. No one endowed with good sense, no matter what his spirit may be, will seek to evade the compulsions of the new army law. No one with common sense will spare a moment to listen to the little sprinkling of agitators here and there over the country who are counseling a resistance to the conscription law. There will be an early day of reckoning for persons who from misguided zeal of pacifism or from motives more sinister undertake to obstruct the complete operation of the law and the purpose of the government to levy an army for the nation's defense.

Admonition is good advice wasted on the vast percentage of American citizens of military age. They stand in no need of it for they are ready and willing to serve and will not be at all backward in complying with the duty to register. There are some who may have no purpose to slack, but who may not wholly appreciate the seriousness of any failure to get their names down on the lists. The small number comprised of those who fatuously imagine the law can be resisted and the national government defied will do well to take all the good counsel they can get from any source that the conscription law cannot be beaten.

Let it be kept straight in the mind that on Tuesday, June 5, every male person in the United States, who being then between his twenty-first and his thirty-first birthdays and not then in the military service of the government, must go to the place designated for him and register. That is all that will be required on that occasion, but little as it is, it is a matter of inescapable compulsion that bears alike upon all whose age brings them within the scope of the act. There is but the one day—June 5—for registration.

POPULAR SALE OF BONDS.

A popular sale of government bonds is new to the people of the United States. The fact that bonds are offered to the masses of the people is in itself strange enough to require some time for thorough digestion. Into the minds of millions there never before has entered any thought of the possibility that they could ever

have the opportunity or find the means to purchase government bonds. Some little time must be given for appreciation to grow that they have opportunity and for realization to expand that they can find the means.

The first war loan floated by Great Britain was taken up readily enough, but the British government did not think fit to furnish details as to how and by whom it was taken. The public did not invest. The last and greatest of the British loans was absorbed by more than five millions of subscribers. That means that one in every eight persons in the United Kingdom invested in the bonds of the government. The financial needs of the nation, the attractiveness of bonds as an investment and a better appreciation of their own responsibilities and their own possibilities had grown in the public mind of Great Britain's people between first and last bond issues.

The liberty loan is an appeal first off to the patriotism and the buying power of the mass of the American people. A ready popular subscription to these bonds will be impressive as a notice to the world that the people of America are not slacking in any wise in support of their government in the war. That is one high purpose to be served by a quick absorption of the liberty loan. Another good purpose is that every investor in the liberty loan bonds has become a saver of money and so a source of additional strength to the nation. Those who buy liberty loan bonds will find themselves able to buy bonds of any subsequent loans that the government may have to issue to carry on the war. The investor in a fifty-dollar liberty loan bond today will find himself able to invest in a one-hundred-dollar victory bond next year.

There will be given every opportunity for all the people to acquire liberty loan bonds. The terms fixed by the government have been made still more liberal and easy by the reserve banks and other financial institutions and specially by the great employing corporations. These bonds can be acquired on small monthly installments that scarcely without exception every person now at work will be able to meet.

Liberty loan investments are vital to the nation. The money borrowed upon the bonds must be had to carry on the war. Liberty loan investments are the safest and most convenient investments that any one can take. With a liberty loan bond you can do to the extent of its face value anything you can do with money to an equal amount. It pays interest, it runs for a long time, it is absolutely secure.

THE CONTINUOUS RIOT.

Just to show that North is North and South is South and that it were just as well that never the twain should meet, East St. Louis, which is somewhere on the edge of both, has been staging a continuous performance in race riots for the past five days. There has been some shooting of both whites and blacks by both whites and blacks, the calling of police reserves, the early closing of saloons and finally the appearance of the state guards—all of which details make up the usual concomitants of any well-regulated race riot—but there appears to be no well settled desire among the belligerents to reach peace upon any terms. Meanwhile, if there must be continuance of shooting, why is not that job put up to the militia and the police? It would look better, be perfectly legal and might—though possibly might not—bring about a return of order to the distracted city. However, every community to its own devices in dealing with a race war—and East St. Louis appears to have the most novel and altogether futile shown in the records. Five days of disorder, shooting, deportations and nigger-drives ought to satisfy any community's longing for the strenuous and picturesque.

By token of the fact that it only took congress six weeks to pass an army bill, with the nation meanwhile at war, it may be conceived that congress—having matters of tariff to deal with—cannot possibly put in more than five months debating a war revenue measure. With Washington weather to help out the country, it is conceivable that congress may get the job off its hands by dog days.

That youth Karensky who has taken hold of the Russian war department has a more or less American style of breezy rustling, do-it-now in the way he goes after the Slav armies with orders to get busy. We predict that M. Karensky will become a great man or an exploded phenom at no great length of days.

It should be stated that the eloquent tribute "to the unknown dead," printed on this page Decoration day, was from the pen of Rev. Manford C. Wright, pastor of Trinity Methodist Episcopal church. Unintentionally Rev. Mr. Wright's name was omitted from the article when it was published.

If you are a male, past twenty-one, under thirty-one and resident in the United States next Tuesday, you must register for conscription. The fact that you may have but one leg or none at all does not exempt. You must register.

THE TRANSFER CORNER

By R E M

BALLADE OF DAILY CARES.

(Dedicated to those who should worry.)
Vexed questions all folks with despair—
The WHAT, the WHICH, the WHY, the WHO?—
What is the rip with Angleters?
When will the war end? And how true
Are these sad tales they tell on Prue?
Yet, of them all, or good or bad,
Just one obtrudes upon my view—
Where IS the LAMB that Mary had?
What's German kultur? I don't care!
Nor—what's the date of Waterloo,
Nor—why they call a Russ a bear,
Nor—what makes liards change their hue,
Nor—why my notes must all come due,
Nor—how to tell good eggs from bad!
But I'd like to know, say, wouldn't you?—
Where IS the LAMB that Mary had?
That line of Hindenburg is where?
(Ah, reader, don't you wish you knew?)
Who first per-oxidized her hair?
What's the best way to thicken glue?
Whom doth poor Villa still pursue?
Where can one get a liver pad?
All these seem trifles—I just stew—
Where IS the LAMB that Mary had?
L'envoy. (Which is good advice.)

Oh, Worried Ones, what do you do?
Too many WHYS will drive you mad.
Rest up on one that's tried and true—
Where IS the LAMB that Mary had?

Our Daily Affirmation.
SOME PEOPLE WHO SEARCH FOR A
ROBE OF RIGHTEOUSNESS WILL NEVER
FIND ANYTHING BUT A SECOND HAND
PAIR OF PANTS.

No Surgeon.
A. M. wishes it distinctly understood that although he has been a Red Cross delegate he is not up on deligation.

When a Spade's a Spade.
If we may trust newspaper reports, Miss Dorothy D. Brooks has opened a "war wedding bureau" and proposes to "father the next generation with the cream of the country before they go to war." She calls first for "a widower soldier to marry a Spanish war widow." This, we should say, is exquisite directness on the part of Dorothy that ought to bring results. But, in passing, it occurs to us that Dorothy is doing her fighting like many another. Why does she not change her own name while the changing is good, and do her own little bit toward staying off race suicide? Dorothy, you are a joke!

Transfers.
B. L. T. says: "As you fill your gasoline tank, at an extra two cents per, it is a comforting reflection that you are contributing your share of the most recent gift to the Rockefeller Foundation."
K. C. Star says: "Missouri expects Pershing to redeem the reputation Stone almost succeeded in throwing away for her."
Detroit Free Press says: "If we were our wife we'd not be satisfied with our wages either."
"It is not true that love makes all things easy—it makes us choose what is difficult."—Felix Holt.
Luko says: "An old bachelor may join in other indoors sports, but he never had the fun of sneaking upstairs to bed with his shoes in his hand."
Washington Post says: "In this sophisticated age it behooves the navy not to be taken in by any old shell game."

The Quip Severe.
Jinks—I heard you were head bookkeeper at Tilton's.
Rinks—Yep.
Jinks—How far ahead did you get?

Remoscopy.
Do not rough-house the religious views of others. They are probably believing exactly what is right for them at the present time.
We do not care to twang a golden harp for all eternity just to please a lot of sleepy, wall-eyed cherubs. We'd much rather finish our heaven-period in a few hundred years, and come back for another man-sized dip in the sea of earthly trouble.
People who are always kidding about "spirit return" are the very guys who would jump howled if they met a spook in a seance room.
The time will come when the theory of essential and universal compensation will reach through every physical plane and mental plane concept. People will then know that the oldest laws of the world are true.

Modernized.
Yankee Doodle went to town,
Upon a spotted pony;
The Germans blew him into bits—
Say, that sounds slightly phony!

That Expense Account.
It is said that a local firm received the following expense account some time ago, sent in by one of its star road-men:

"To incidentals \$25.75"
As the useful word, "incidentals," seemed to hog the entire program, so to speak, the firm wrote to its salesman for an itemized account. In due season the letter came back as follows:
"Gentlemen—I can't give you an itemized account of last Friday's expenses—I wish I could. As near as I can remember, though, there was a little railroad fare, and a little taxi there, and a little supper rare, and some little girl's red hair, and a genuine, gee-whilliker-daddy-long-legs of an old fashioned tear."
"Yours truthfully,"
"JIM"

An Improvement.
Mrs. Silks: My husband hammers on something all the time.
Friend—Too bad. Mine only knocks on the outside door at 3 a. m.

How Could She?
"Walst—lost—white silk, between 1320 E. 45th and Shakespeare school."—Tribune.
Impossible! So crude, you know!

Subsiding Storm.
An exchange gives us the following bit of classic diction in a description of what seems to have been a legal battle:
"For a moment things looked squalid and that the two attorneys might come together, but Mr. Whipple stated that he did not infer that Fleming had a hand in the matter, but that he had been guilty of hobnobbing with various witnesses, and that he had been in the employ of Landers for more than twelve months. Both attorneys were subsided without coming to blows."

Our Daily Tip to the Kaiser.
WILLIAM, YOUR UNCLE SAMUEL IS NOW PREPARING TO GIVE YOU SOMETHING QUICK AND DEVILISH, DEVILISH QUICK.

The Nifty Pastor.
"Pastor's Wife Foo of Kissing Games, Also Opposed Girl Sitting in His Lap."—Headline.
We do not understand why pastors' wives, as a rule, are so strict.

Not in Fort Wayne.
"Ape Routs Police with Milk Bottles."—Headline.
Lively Corpse.
"Dead Man Made Move as if to Reach for Pistol."—Headline.
Can this be true? What a horrible thing if he had managed to shoot!

STAY IN HIGH SCHOOL

Appeal by United States Commissioner of Education

Nation's Need of Trained Men and Women at Home and in Europe Will Exceed the Supply

An urgent appeal to pupils to remain in high school next fall as a patriotic duty has been issued by Dr. P. P. Claxton, United States commissioner of education. Dr. Claxton points out that there are in the high schools of the United States this year more than one and one-half millions of boys and girls, and somewhat more than 200,000 of them will graduate this month and next. In an ordinary year 30,000 or more of these would next fall enter college, normal school or technical school to be prepared for such service to society, state and nation as can be rendered only by those who have received education beyond that which the high schools can give. He says, "Many college presidents and others fear that on account of our entrance into the war few boys and girls will enter college next fall and that the total college attendance will be very small. The number ought, however, to be much larger than usual. The more mature young men are, the more serviceable they are in the army. The selective draft will take only those between 21 and 30. In the total of 60,000,000 people of productive age in the United States the 350,000 students in colleges and normal schools and technical and vocational schools of high grade constitute only about one-half of one per cent. More than half of these live in cities and cannot be employed in agricultural production except as a few of them may find work on the farms during the summer. Their going to college will not lower the productive capacity of the country as a whole in any appreciable degree. The colleges, normal schools and technical schools will all be open with undiminished income from public funds and endowments, and the expense of their maintenance will continue. It is quite probable that many of the older stu-

dents will not return next fall and the higher classes will be smaller than usual. The graduates from the high schools should see to it that the lower classes more than make up for this deficiency.

"This appeal is made on the basis of patriotic duty. If the war should be long the country will need all the trained men and women it can get—many more than it now has. There will be men in abundance to fight in the trenches but there will be a dearth of officers, engineers and men of science, knowledge and skill in all the industries, transportation, and in many other places where skill and daring are just as necessary for success as in the trenches. The first call of the allies is for 12,000 engineers and skilled men to repair the railroads of France and England, and other thousands will be needed later. Russia will probably want thousands of men to repair and build her railroads. The increase in transportation and the tax on our own roads will call for large numbers of men of the same kind. New industrial plants, ship yards and our armies abroad will call for highly trained men beyond all possible supply unless our colleges and technical schools remain open and increase their attendance and output.

"When the war is over there will be made upon us such demands for men and women of knowledge and training as have never before come to any country. There will be equal need for a much higher average of general intelligence for citizenship than has been necessary until now. The world will have to be rebuilt and American citizens will have to assume a larger part of the task. In all international affairs we must play a more important part than we have in the past. For years we must feed our own industrial population and a large part

of the population of western and central Europe. We must readjust our industrial and social and civic life and institutions. We must extend our foreign commerce. We must increase our production to pay our large war debts and to carry on all the enterprises for the general welfare which have been begun but many of which will be retarded as the war continues. China and Russia with their new democracies and their new developments which will come as a result will need and ask our help in many ways. England, France, Italy and the central powers will all be going through a process of reconstruction and we should be ready to give them generously every possible help. Their colleges and universities are now almost empty. Their older students, their recent graduates, and their younger professors are fighting and dying in the trenches, or are already dead; as are many of their older scientific and literary men, artists, and others whose work is necessary for the enlargement of the cultural and spiritual life and for all that makes for higher civilization. For many years after the war is over some of these countries will be unable to support their colleges and universities as they have supported them in the past. America must come to the rescue. We must be ready to assume all the responsibilities and perform thoroughly and well all the duties that will come to us in the new and more closely related world which will rise out of the ruins of the old world which is now passing away in the destruction of the war. To what extent and how well we may be able to do this will depend upon you young men and women who are this year graduating from our high schools and upon those who will follow in the next few years to a larger degree than upon any other like number of people."

DO NOT REPEAL CHILD LABOR LAW, IS APPEAL OF BIG LABOR LEADER

(By SAMUEL GOMPERS.)
(President American Federation of Labor.)

No more indefensible demand can be made at this time than that to relax federal and state child labor laws. The standards established to protect and conserve the health and welfare of men, women and children are not privileges to be cast lightly aside at the first appearance of danger and now problems.

They are inseparable from the very existence of the nation, to be sacrificed only in the last supreme effort for self-defense.

We have only recently entered the war and have not yet made the effort to meet war needs under existing standards for the conservation and welfare of the workers.

Until by actual tests the men and women of the nation have proved themselves unable to cope with the emergency, we ought not to attempt to shift our responsibilities upon the shoulders of the children.

We owe it to the children to guarantee them opportunity for the fullest physical and intellectual development. We have no right to impose upon them conditions and service that would blight their future and lessen their possibilities throughout life.

The declaration that turned our peaceful nation from a peace basis to organization for war leads us to a course obscured by the shadow of the unknown.

Before our nation could readjust itself and in calm and sober judgment determine the basic principles which obtain under war as well as peace, the agencies for exploitation sought to take advantage of the nation's emergency.

Before the exalted impulse to sacri-

fice everything to our beloved country's need had been transformed into practical, rational efforts to meet immediate problems, unwise advisers were urging that we tear down all the safeguards built up by years of effort and struggle to protect human life and welfare.

This policy is unwise and pernicious. While no sacrifice is too great to defend the nation's existence, yet it must be made only in accord with the importance of the thing sacrificed.

Only in direct emergency should we sacrifice the standards and safeguards which are essentials to the health and vigor of our people.

The causes which involved our country in this war is that human life might be made safer and freer.

All our policies and methods of fighting the war must square with this directing ideal. It is fundamental that we give equal care to maintaining freedom and democracy in our own land while we fight to maintain them internationally.

The labor movement has fought for years to establish safeguards for the children of this nation, and it will resist every effort to tear down these safeguards.

There is no more deadly certain way to undermine national power than to deny children the rights necessary to most complete development of heart, mind and body. Child labor denies these opportunities, not only to the individuals themselves but to their children and children's children—sapping the life force of the nation.

Our duty to our fellows, our country and to humanity forbids any deterioration of safeguards to assure wholesome, vigorous childhood, thus assuring the perpetuity of our nation and the ideals for which it stands.

A MOVE ON PETROGRAD.

(Indianapolis Star.)
It would not be surprising if the present vacillation, indecision and apparent lack of cohesion in the forces of the Russian republic are banished by the action of Germany. A report comes from Petrograd that Teutonic forces are massed at Libau preparatory to a drive on the Russian capital as soon as the melting of the ice makes possible the embarkation of troops. The German warships are reported as in readiness to co-operate in the attack.

The Russian generals are making preparations to meet the proposed assault and it is reasonable to expect that they will be successful. Russia has beaten off other attacks on Petrograd made when Germany's army was in much better shape than at present, and should be able to withstand another assault. Such an offensive on the part of the Teutonic forces would be just the move that might be needed to galvanize the Russian republic into a formidable foe.

The troops on the east front have made practically no move in recent months. Germany has been expending every energy and effort known to its propagandists to get the Russians to make a separate peace. Having failed in that, one might have supposed Berlin would be glad to leave well enough alone and to have Russia as a passive enemy, such as it seems inclined to remain, if left alone. A move against Petrograd may be a disastrous boomerang that will make the Russian army something to be reckoned with again.

WAR TASK IS HUGE.

(Kansas City Star.)
Some idea of the enormous mass of work that the war department must do before September 1 if the training of the new army is to start then is shown by the fact that 64,000 buildings must be built in the thirty-two cantonments to house this first contingent. It means that 600,000,000 feet of lumber must be converted into barracks, mess halls, bath houses and the various other structures of a modern camp. This lum-

ber item alone will cost the government \$18,000,000, according to lumber experts on the council of national defense, who have been in Washington assisting the government in the preparation of its plans and specifications.

According to an official announcement by the government, it plans to build 2,000 buildings at each one of the thirty-two cantonments scattered throughout the country, and that in doing this it will employ between 64,000 and 96,000 men. One hundred and twenty-eight thousand cars of material will be used in building them.

But the question of supplying buildings houses the first contingent of the new draft army is not the most vital at the present time. When that 500,000 goes into camp it means that the war department must have uniforms and other personal equipment for approximately 1,200,000 men. It is intended to have the regular army to its maximum war strength of 300,000 by that time; the national guard is to have 400,000 and the new army 500,000.

It will take months before this big force is supplied with machine guns, field pieces and other ordnance equipment necessary to make it a well-rounded-out army. Complaints that are coming in from the various parts of the country indicate that the people of the United States generally have no conception of the vast amount of work that confronts the war department because of lack of preparedness when the country went into war, and it is expected there will be an avalanche of criticism as soon as those enrolled under the selective draft law are called to the colors.

AN UNFAIR PSYCHOLOGY.

(From the St. Paul Pioneer Press.)
Even the careful and competent motorist must remember that in case of accident the public psychology is such that no allowance is made for contributory negligence on the part of the injured party. Between pedestrians who neglect the most ordinary precaution and drivers who are incompetent or reckless, the careful and skillful driver bears more than his share of the burden.

SHARK EAT SHARK.

[Grand Rapids Press.]

The food and fuel gamblers are being driven to cover and with punishment staring them in the face they are turning on each other in the desperate struggle for self preservation. In Chicago, where federal activities against the sharks have about reached the indictment stage, the speculators are falling over themselves to turn state's evidence. Their actions are confessions of wrong-doing and indicate that the lowly consumer is about to have his inning.

The cleaning out of the speculators in grain, coal and produce is the first duty of the government if effective control is to be established for war purposes. These leeches on the human household are burdensome enough in times of peace. In times of war they are impossible and short shrift should be made in each and every case. The fact that federal authorities have progressed far enough to cause willingness on the part of some of the gamblers to betray their more dangerous and shadowy colleagues is encouraging. The dark business of the food and fuel sharks should be effectively extinguished at the beginning of the war and no measures neglected to bar its return at any future time.

THE BETTER WAY.

(Houston Post.)

Another reason why it is advisable to absorb the \$2,000,000,000 liberty loan promptly is that it will get the country's hand in so that the next one can be floated easily. It is better to lend money to one's own government and get it back than it is to be forced to hand it over to an enemy government and part with it forever.

PLACING THE BLAME.

(Atchison Globe.)

When a farmer's wheat looks spotted he seems to think that the county commissioners or the president of the nation are not doing right.

FROM THE SENTINEL PAGES 25 YEARS AGO

T. W. Blair delivered the Decoration day address at Pierceton, Ind., yesterday.

The macadam improvement on South Fairfield avenue is about completed.

I. P. Sharp has sold his crockery store to F. C. Cratsley and Charles S. Wharton, who will get possession tomorrow.

The mail carriers presented a handsome appearance in yesterday's Decoration day parade, as did also the fire department.

Charles Brown, a member of the Zollinger battery, while in the parade yesterday fell from a caisson, badly bruising his foot.

Neal Nide, of this city, pulls the stroke oar in the Harvard college boat crew. The crew expects to defeat Yale in the coming contest.

Twenty-five years ago yesterday was performed the solemn ceremony uniting in marriage Mr. and Mrs. William Pape, of 151 High street.

Wilding & Derheimer expect to start upon their East Wayne street contract tomorrow. The street will be paved with brick from Hanna to Hanover street.

Christian Misner, the South Calhoun street butcher, was thrown from his wagon yesterday afternoon near the corner of Calhoun street and Creighton avenue and very badly bruised.

Samuel Meyer, a young farmer residing northeast of the city, was overcome by heat this morning on the street near the Globe flouring mills, and he was conveyed in the patrol wagon to the Hope hospital.

The term of John Wilkinson, the superintendent of the county poor farm, expiring the county commissioners will meet next week for the purpose of electing his successor. A fight is being made for the position.

Rinaldo Hall, driver of Scherer's bakery wagon, was injured in a runaway accident yesterday. The wagon passed over him, fracturing three ribs, also inflicting internal injuries. Hall was taken to his home, 407 East Wayne street, where Dr. A. J. Boswell attended him.

"THAT'S THE POLISH"

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SHOE POLISHES

10¢ -BLACK-WHITE-TAN- 10¢

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Uncle Harry Tells Why Soldiers and Sailors Must Protect Their Teeth

"I didn't know soldiers fought with their teeth," Uncle Harry said. The puzzled look accompanying the remark brought a smile from the person addressed.

"What prompted you to say that, Joe? There's something on your mind and perhaps I can help you solve the problem," said Uncle Harry.

Without replying, Joe read from the newspaper lying before him on the table: "The dental requirements for enlistment in the army are that the applicant must have at least six serviceable double teeth, two above and two below on one side, and one above and one below on the other side, and so opposed to each other that they are fit for mastication."

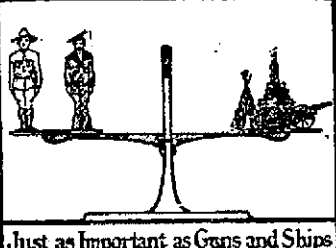
Particles of food remaining in the mouth after eating.

"What does bacteria mean, Uncle Harry?" asked Helen.

"This is one of the times when I shall not ask you to look up the meaning in the dictionary," said Uncle Harry smiling, "because the explanation is rather difficult to understand. But I think I can make it clear to you. Bacteria are the very lowest forms of plant life, and are so small that they can be seen only through a powerful microscope. When bacteria are protected or covered up by these particles of food, an acid is formed which roughens the enamel and if the bacteria are thus permitted to get into the cavities they do dangerous work."



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"I know that animals bite and scratch, because their teeth and claws are the only weapons they have," continued Joe. "But soldiers have guns, pistols."

"And bombs, bayonets, hand grenades and lots of other things," interrupted Jimmie.

"You are both right, boys," replied Uncle Harry, "but some day you will no doubt learn that every one in this world depends upon some other thing or person. When I went to school there was a verse in my copy book which I have never forgotten. It went like this:

For want of a nail the shoe was lost,
For want of a shoe the horse was lost,
For want of a horse the rider was lost,
And all for the want of a horseshoe nail.

"So it is with the teeth. While a soldier does not actually use them to bite his enemies, teeth are a very important part of his equipment. It is necessary for the soldier to be physically fit; to undergo long marches and to perform many services which require a sound body and a clear head. But if a soldier has teeth which will not masticate, or grind his food properly before he swallows it, then all sorts of troubles are likely to follow, such as indigestion and a consequent lowering of vitality, making mental effort difficult.

"For that reason there has been appointed a special committee on dentistry of the council of national defense to look after all matters pertaining to the teeth, because Uncle Sam has begun to realize that this is probably the one subject he knows the least about in his preparation for war."

"Thank you, Uncle Harry," said Joe. "I see now why soldiers are required to have good teeth and how it is necessary to be able to chew properly so that the food which they eat may make them strong and able to fight."

"You are right as far as you go, but there is even more to it than that," Uncle Harry added. "While it is necessary to put the teeth in good condition, constant care is also required to keep them so. Never forget that we get our food through a mouth which should be free from germs which produce disease. Decay is caused by covering up bacteria with

home of Mr. and Mrs. George Ireland, Sunday.

Rev. W. H. Stevens, publisher of the "Silent Evangel," of Indianapolis, was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. D. A. Woolford, the latter part of last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Nill, of Fort Wayne, visited Mr. and Mrs. Charles Nill, Sunday.

A mass meeting will be held Friday evening to make arrangements for the organizing of a Red Cross chapter.

Louis Husted and Miss Bessie Husted, of Harlan, visited Rev. and Mrs. Zechel, Sunday.

Mothers' day was well observed at the M. E. church Sunday. Mrs. Van Buskirk was acting superintendent and the Sunday school attendance was 214. The church service was well attended also and the choir was composed of mothers, grandmothers and great-grandmothers.

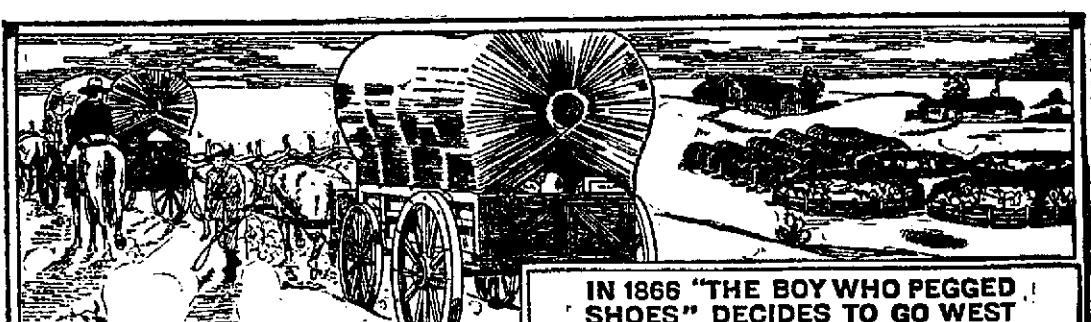
The funeral of Mrs. O'Brien, who died Saturday night, was held Tuesday morning at St. Rose Catholic church. Mrs. O'Brien has been a resident of this place a great number of years and was the widow of William O'Brien, who died several years ago. Two children survive her—Mrs. Maggie Reinbolt, of Lima, Ohio, and a son, Thomas O'Brien, in the west.

July 11 and August 15, via Toledo and Boat lines, July 25 and August 1, via Cedar Point and Boat lines. Plan your vacation to take in one of these trips.

THE OHIO ELECTRIC RAILWAY COMPANY.
May 29, 31, June 2, 4, 6

DR. SWISHER SPEAKS.
Huntington, Ind., May 31.—Dr. L. A. Swisher, pastor of the Methodist church, made the annual address at the Memorial day exercises of the G. A. R. Graves of old soldiers were marked with flags Tuesday, and the usual morning details of G. A. R. men were not sent out Wednesday. No flowers were used except by individuals, because the late spring has made blossoms scarce.

Try Sentinel Want Ads.



IN 1866 "THE BOY WHO PEGGED SHOES" DECIDES TO GO WEST

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"THE SHOE THAT HOLDS ITS SHAPE"

\$3.00 \$3.50 \$4.00 \$4.50 \$5.00 \$6.00 \$7.00 \$8.00

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W. L. Douglas name and the retail price is stamped on the bottom of all shoes at the factory. The value is guaranteed and the wear protected against high prices for inferior shoes. The retail prices are the same everywhere. They cost no more in San Francisco than they do in New York. They are always worth the price paid for them.

The quality of W. L. Douglas product is guaranteed by more than 40 years experience in making fine shoes. The smart styles are the leaders in the fashion centers of America. They are made in a well-equipped factory at Brockton, Mass., by the highest paid, skilled shoemakers, under the direction and supervision of experienced men, all working with an honest determination to make the best shoes for the price that money can buy.

For sale by over 9000 shoe dealers and 103 W. L. Douglas stores in the large cities. If not convenient to call at W. L. Douglas store, ask your local dealer for W. L. Douglas shoes. If he cannot supply you, take no other make.

Write for booklet, showing how to W. L. Douglas shoes by mail, postage free. 210 Spark St., Brockton, Mass.

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GAZE UPON \$33,500 WORTH OF "STARLIGHT."



Here we have the brightest luminaries of the films. There is \$33,500 worth of "starlight" shown in the picture. The weekly salaries of the trio come to that total. On the left is Douglas Fairbanks (ought to be Douglas Moneybags). Douglas banks \$10,000 a week. In the middle of the scene is the adorable Mary Pickford, idol of five or six continents and a planet or two, who likewise stops up to the cashier's window once a week for her "pay envelope" with \$10,000 in it. On the right is Charlie Chaplin. His salary is—only \$13,500 a week. The picture is unusually interesting since the three stars are rarely in the same place long enough to pose before the lens. In the movie world they are known as "The Big Three."

Maurice Blum, son of Mr. and Mrs. Fred L. Blum, of this city. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. D. C. Truesdale in the presence of the immediate relatives. The bride has been a teacher in the grades of the public schools for the past year. The bridegroom is a former teacher in the local high school, but has been attending college in Chicago, studying law.

Mrs. E. B. Tallman and daughter, of Grand Rapids, Mich., are here visiting her sister, Mrs. S. A. Eckhart, and other relatives.

Mr. and Mrs. O. D. Oviatt and daughter, Margaret, are moving to Elkhart, where they will reside.

Miss Edna Morley, domestic science teacher, left Wednesday for Battle Creek, Mich., where she will take a three months' music course.

A tornado policy is not expensive. Order at once from Clint Willson. Phone 893.

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BALDWIN PIANOS

AND
Manual Player Pianos
BERT DUESLER
208 WEST BERRY ST.

FORT WAYNE FIRM IS GIVEN CONTRACT

Boss Mitten Company Will Erect a New Building at Bluffton.

(Special to The Sentinel.)
Bluffton, Ind., May 31.—The contract for the building for the Boss Mitten factory was let to Hilgemann & Worburger of Fort Wayne. Jerry Meyers, of this city, received the contract for the plumbing and heating. The building is to be 100x70 feet, and is to face Washington street. Work of excavation will be started next week.

Short Bluffton Items.
Hewell Banks, the champion check-player, will be in this city the last of the week giving an exhibition to the public.

Sarah First, 45, a resident of near Liberty Center, died at the Easthaven asylum at Richmond, where she had spent the past five years.

Miss Alta Brinneman has been taking treatment of a Fort Wayne physician for the last few days, for her eyes. One morning last week she awoke to find one eye blind. She is now under the care of the Fort Wayne specialist. A straining of the eyes working in a local factory is responsible for the misfortune.

The little five-year-old son of Mrs. Lena Price met with a painful accident when he fell from a buggy in which he was standing, landing on his head on the brick pavement. No outward injuries were found but the boy is suffering with concussion of the brain.

Wabash street people have a preference to brick pavement, according to a petition in circulation today. Contract for the pavement is to be awarded by the council next Monday.

MONROEVILLE NEWS.
Monroeville, Ind., May 31.—Mrs. Alice Johnson, of Fort Wayne, is visiting Mrs. N. P. Brown and other friends.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank White, of South Bend, spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Henry Krick.

Bert Sleanoff, of Akron, Ohio, was the guest of Miss Ella Mull, Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Shifferly, Miss Lucy Jones and George Knecht motor to Danville, Ill., Saturday, for a few days' visit with relatives.

Mrs. C. W. Barnhart, of Fort Wayne, visited old friends here Sunday.

Miss Jennie Jones has completed her year's school work at Rochester, Ind., and is home for the summer.

Mrs. Henry Krohn and daughter, Anna, are visiting relatives at Fort Wayne.

Mr. and Mrs. S. F. Painter and Miss Nelle Hall and baby, of Sydney, Ohio, are guests at the homes of Gurney and Seth Painter.

Dwight Youse is spending a few days at Indianapolis.

Earl Erwin, of Ada, Ohio, spent Sunday here with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. William Erwin.

Mr. and Mrs. Vern Krohn, of Fort Wayne, visited their parents, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Krohn, Saturday and Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. John Dickerson and daughter, of Convoys, Ohio, and Mr. and Mrs. John Runcher, of Fort Wayne were entertained at the country

Why Society Women Wash Their Own Hair

They do, not because it is a fad, but because they wish to obtain the greatest possible hair beauty and be sure they are not using anything harmful. They have found that in washing the hair it is never wise to use a makeshift but is always advisable to use a preparation made for shampooing only. Many of our friends say they get the best results for a simple home-made canthrox mixture. You can use this at a cost of about three cents a shampoo by getting some canthrox from your druggist, and dissolving a teaspoonful in a cup of hot water. This makes enough shampoo liquid to apply to all the hair instead of just the top of the head, as with most preparations. Dandruff, excess oil and dirt are dissolved and entirely disappear in the rinsing water. Your hair will be so fluffy that it will look much heavier than it is. Its lustre and softness will also delight you.

FORT WAYNE PLUMBING and HEATING Co., Inc.

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Society

Mrs. Frank Rahe, of Fairfield avenue, invited a few girlhood friends of her sister, Mrs. Harvey Hall, to meet her this afternoon. Mrs. Hall is here on a visit from Charleston, W. Va. The guests took their sewing or knitting and had an old fashioned visit.

Miss Helen Gruber, who is to be a bride in June, is the honored guest at a party which Miss Ada Garman and Mrs. Diem, of South Harrison street, are to give this evening at the home of Mrs. Diem.

Misses Emma Jacobs, Helen Good-fellow and Helen Gruber are to be guests at a dinner party at the Anthony hotel on Friday evening, for which the other nine members of a social club are to be the hosts. The honor guests are all young women whose engagements to wed have recently been announced.

Miss Mildred Flick, who is to be a June bride, is to be the honored guest at a dinner party at the Anthony hotel on Friday evening, for which the Misses Helen and Marie Aurentz, Gertrude Holland, Violet Lambert and Juliette Lange are to be hosts.

Dr. and Mrs. E. H. Kruse have gone to Atlantic City for a few days' trip. Mrs. John Gibson, of Chicago, is visiting Mrs. S. M. Foster, of Fairfield avenue.

Miss Marguerite Langford has come home from a six weeks' visit in Chicago and Milwaukee.

Miss Delight Anderson, of West Williams street, will entertain the Tocalon club on Friday afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. John Ross and Mr. and Mrs. Charles Rabus motored to Hamilton lake on Decoration day. Howard Wetzel and Carl Pennington are in Angola attending commencement exercises at Tri-State college.

Mrs. Eph Bailey, of South Bend, and Mrs. C. A. Clements, of Grand Rapids, Mich., are visiting Mrs. A. M. Tourmarker.

Misses Elmer and Marie Carpenter motored to Richmond with a party of friends on Tuesday evening to spend Decoration day.

Mrs. W. H. Kelley and son, Billy, returned to Cleveland on Thursday, after a visit of several weeks with H. A. Keplinger and other relatives.

Misses Clara and Anna Melching, of East Wayne street, have returned from a visit with their brother, Edward, who is at Fort Benjamin Harrison.

Mrs. Roger I. Fisher and Mrs. Charles Worden, Jr., are to entertain the Junior Orphans' Home club next Tuesday at the home of Mrs. Fisher. It will be the annual meeting of the club.

Mrs. D. Burns Douglas and two children, accompanied by Mrs. M. A. Summerbell, of Chicago, left Thursday afternoon for Northampton, Mass., and New Hampshire points, to remain all summer.

Mrs. H. Van Swearingen has returned from Chicago, where she visited three sons, Frank and George and their families, and Howard Van Swearingen.

TUNIC OF SILK INSTEAD OF COAT



MRS. NEWBOLD LEROY EDGAR.

The season's best out-of-door fashions were on view at the recent garden party of the Zoological society at Bronx park.

Mrs. Newbold Leroy Edgar wore one of the most stunning of the many handsome costumes, its unique feature being a box pleated tunic of figured silk worn above a skirt cut plain to show the design of the material.

Long gloves drawn nearly to the elbow are a detail which added greatly to the effect of many of the garden party dresses.

ingen, and also a daughter, Mrs. Charles Feltows.

Miss F. Torrence, of Indianapolis, is the guest for two days of Miss Gail Calmerton, supervisor of primary teaching in the city schools. Miss Torrence is a teacher in the City Normal of Indianapolis.

Mr. and Mrs. Will Curtis, of Reed City, Mich., who are visiting Mr. and Mrs. Fred Fry, at their home in Harrison Hill, 4124 South Harrison street, are to go to Detroit in a few days to visit their daughter.

A club of young women met with their sewing with Miss Louise Breuer, of Washington boulevard east, on Wednesday, and enjoyed a pleasant time. Each guest was presented with a corsage of pansies and bridal wreath.

Mr. and Mrs. W. F. Graeter and Miss Myrtle Graeter have returned from a motor trip to Indianapolis. They visited the camp at Fort Benjamin Harrison to see Russell Graeter, and then went to Greencastle to visit Miss Hope Graeter, who is a student at DePauw.

Herbert Conture and daughter, Regina, of St. John, Quebec; Emory Conture, of Lincoln, Neb.; Mr. and Mrs. Mose Conture, of LaOtto, were guests the first of this week of Mr. and Mrs. Fred Conture, of South Harrison street. The visitors have returned home.

One of the many lovely parties to honor Miss Mildred Flick was given in the afternoon of Wednesday by the sisters of her fiancé, Misses Isabelle, Eugenia and Lillian Buchanan, of Maple place. There were a dozen and a half young girls present and the time was enjoyed in sewing and in writing verses in rhyme to honor the bride. A luncheon was served at 5 o'clock on a beautifully decorated table done in yellow roses, daisies and marguerites with a bride doll and flower girl doll besides for the centerpiece. Miss Flick received a beautiful gift from the hosts.

Ruhl-Philley. The Philley homestead was the scene of a beautiful wedding on Decoration day when Agnes E. Philley, the younger daughter of Mr. and Mrs. M. C. Philley, was united in marriage to Mr. Edward Ruhl, formerly of this city.

A musical program—Mendelssohn's "Spring Song," "To a Wild Rose," "Simple Confession," and the "Sweetest Story Ever Told," preceded the wedding march, when at the appointed hour, 2:30, the well known strains of Lohengrin announced the approach of the bride party. Mr. Ross O. Philley attended Mr. Ruhl and the bride was attended by her sister, Miss Anna Mary Philley. In the sunny bay window of the living room banked with ferns, palms and marguerites with tall baskets of dogwood, forming an arch over the bride and groom.

Rev. Mr. Bair of the Immanuel Baptist church, performed the ceremony, the ring service being used, and during the ceremony Miss Grace C. Philley softly played Encke's "Melody of Love." The bride, always a charming girl, made a most beautiful picture in her bridal gown of white satin girlishly fashioned and her bouquet of bride roses, swansonia and sweet alismum, tied with white tulle bows, a veil of embroidered net in bonnet effect, completed the costume. Miss Anna Mary also wore white voile with wide flowing ribbon sash and her flowers were pink sweet peas and marguerites. Following the congratulations a wedding dinner was served to the immediate families, but later in the evening a reception was given to over a hundred friends and relatives. Mr. and Mrs. Ruhl left late in the evening in their auto for their new home in North Webster, Ind., where Mr. Ruhl is cashier of the bank. Mr. Ruhl is a young man of estimable character and both he and Mrs. Ruhl enjoy the respect and good wishes of their many friends. For traveling Mrs. Ruhl wore a suit of brown silk with a blouse of gold colored crepe de chene and hat of sand colored straw finished with a fancy ornament of the same hue.

Reiman-Olson. Miss Alma J. Olson, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Charles M. Olson, and Mr. Benjamin D. Reiman were united in marriage at half past 1 o'clock on Wednesday afternoon by Rev. C. O. Shirey, at the home of the bride. An improvised altar of palms and ferns with tall white baskets of pink and white roses on either side. Miss Rose-mund Noll played the wedding music and the familiar strains from "Lohengrin" announced the approach of the bride. Miss Ruth Culler was bridesmaid. The bride looked very sweet and attractive in a gown of white net and silk made beautifully, and over which hung the long folds of her tulle veil, fastened with a tiny wreath of lilacs of the valley. A shower bouquet of bride roses and white sweetpeas lent a finishing touch to the bridal costume. Miss Culler was dressed in pink georgette crepe and silk and her flowers were pink sweetpeas. The house was decorated with spring flowers of several kinds. A reception from 2:30 to 4 o'clock brought many friends to the Olson home to extend congratulations. In the evening Mr. and Mrs. Reiman left for Detroit and Port Huron, Mich. Mr. Reiman is in business in Port Huron and with his bride will be at home soon in Court street, that city. The bride's traveling costume was a dark blue poplin with which she wore a black straw hat. Cuffs and collar of white broadcloth were finishing touches to the coat. Mrs. William Raschke, of Hobart, Leona and Bernice Raschke, Miss Grace Short, of Hamlet, and Miss Jeannette Shirey, of Winona Lake, were out of town guests.

Doehman-Rippe. Miss Clara Louise Rippe, granddaughter of Mr. Catherine Riedmiller, of Taylor street, and Mr. Edward E. Doehman, a son of Mr. and Mrs. William Doehman, were married at 5 o'clock on Thursday afternoon at the parsonage of St. John's Lutheran church by Rev. H. P. Danneker. There were no attendants other than the immediate relatives who witnessed the marriage service. The bride and groom left immediately afterwards for Detroit, Mich., for a visit but will be at home on Friday.

Freshmen Entertain. The freshmen class of the Central Catholic high school gave an entertainment on Thursday evening that was one of the best of the year and which everyone present heard with much pleasure. The orchestra did well and solo work won hearty applause. Those who took part were Maurice Zurbuch, Albert Serva, Herman Centlivre, R. Young, C. Fox, F. Schneider, William Goetze, E. Miller, George Bolan, Robert Blew, Tom Beutzel, Francis Lillak, Merlyn Herganbrother, Clarence Costello, Richard Deininger, Paul Blew and D. Shoemaker.

Non-Partisan League Meet. Branch No. 1, of the Non-Partisan League, meets this evening at 8 o'clock in Lakeside Normal school. The speakers will be Dr. Carrie Ranning, of this city, and Mr. Lockridge, of Indianapolis.

Non-Partisan League Meet. Branch No. 6, non-partisan league, will meet this evening in the South Wayne school. J. Lloyd Armstrong will give a talk and Mr. Mills will be present with registration blanks.

Dancing Pupils Recital. Miss Grace Romary will present Class in Elks' Hall on Monday.

Dancing pupils of Miss Grace Romary will give a recital next Monday evening in Elks' hall at 8:30 o'clock.

LET PERFUME TELL THE SECRET OF YOUR PERSONALITY, SAYS ACTRESS



Peggy Wood

New York, May 31.—"No woman should use a perfume that does not express her personality," says Peggy Wood, the stage star.

"When a discriminating woman buys a dress," says Miss Wood, "she selects one most becoming to her. So it is with perfume. I have been making a study of type of women and perfumes they ought to use to express their distinctive personalities."

"A woman should classify herself according to her beauty—whether she belongs to the rose or violet type or some other. A Jack rose woman is different from a tea rose or white rose, for instance."

"Perfume stimulates the imagination. Sometimes its odor brings back a former association, a chance acquaintance. It helps to stamp one's personality in the minds of others."

"Men are actually more sensitive to perfume than women. They use it in

home in this city after the first of July in their own home at 810 Packard avenue. The bride, who is a charming young woman in every way, looked extremely well groomed in a dark blue cloth skirt and long coat made with a vest and collar of gold brocade. The bride's blouse was a combination of blue and gold georgette crepe embroidered in shades of blue and gold beads. The bride's hat was blue to match the coat, with a corded silk crown trimmed simply by a tan band of silk, embroidered in beads, of different colors. The bride's bouquet was a corsage of pink roses and lilies of the valley, and her shoes and gloves corresponded with the touch of tan trimming on the hat. Mr. Doehman is a widely known young man, his association with the City Suburban company for nine years having brought him in contact with many business and residence people by whom he is highly regarded.

Yehl-Rison. Miss Pearl Edith Rison, daughter of Mrs. Elizabeth Rison, and Mr. Charles Yehl, son of Mr. and Mrs. Virgil Yehl, of Weisser Park avenue, were married in St. Peter's church on Tuesday morning at 9 o'clock. Rev. Charles Thiele officiated at the ceremony and mass. Miss Catherine Buelow and Mr. Emil Yehl were the attendants. The bride made a pretty appearance in her bridal costume of white satin, a veil held to her hair with a cluster of swansonia blossoms and with a bridal bouquet of bride roses of swansonia. Miss Buelow was dressed in white but her armful of pink roses gave her a pretty touch of color. After the service the wedding party, that included the immediate family, relatives, were served breakfast at the bride's home. Pink and white flowers and ferns decorated the house and the bride's table. The bride and groom are taking their wedding trip and will soon be at home to their many friends in this city. Mr. Yehl is employed at the Menefee company.

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WHAT PERFUMES STAND FOR.

Dark languorous beauty..... Yellow jasmine
Innocence..... White star jasmine
Cool but sensuous..... Gardenia
Delicacy, slight sentimentality..... Tea rose
Charm, with a touch of the sensuous..... White rose
Material instinct..... Jacqueminot rose
Self-denial..... White violet
Refinement..... Orris
Forcefulness..... Avoca

shaving soap, talcum powder, in their pipes, shoes and other leather goods. "But men ought not to use blossoms of flowers. They should use the root, gum and leaves of the flowers. Blossoms of flowers suggests effeminacy."

any will give a recital next Monday evening in Elks' hall at 8:30 o'clock. This will be the first recital which Miss Romary has given. The program:

"An Old Fashioned Bouquet"
Violet..... Conna Baker and Charlotte Alter
Tulips..... Charlotte Walsh, Marjory Zurbach
Wild Roses..... Ada Scherer and Ruth Wieber
Browned Susans..... May O. Doud, Virginia Fox
Poppies..... Blanche Gladieux, Hilda Balsiger
Firefly..... Leah Stewart
Narcissus..... Beatrice Muhler
Poppies..... Conna Baker
Hansel and Gretchen..... Helen Balsiger
Forget-Me-Not..... Baby Charlotte Walsh
Valse Gracieuse..... Charlotte Alter
Mardi Gras..... Mildred Christman
Moment Musical..... Leah Stewart, Charlotte Hensel, Charlotte Alter, Thelma Feagler and Grace Romary.
Fox Trot..... Mary Shaw, E. Castle
Ragtime Pipes of Pan..... Charlotte Hensel
Carnival..... Thelma Hensel
Gavotte..... Theresa Barrow, Conna Baker
Ballet of Southern Roses..... Class Solo
Stars and Stripes Forever..... Class Solo
Solo..... Virginia Fox
Pianiste..... Miss Alba Kessler

WENHOFF MONUMENTAL WORKS

Will Show Quarrying and Manufacture of the Famous Barre Granite.

The Wenhoff Monumental works, 405 Bass block, have procured this educational and industrial film and the citizens of Fort Wayne will have an opportunity to see the Famous Barre Quarries and Manufacturing Plants in operation.

The Wenhoff Monumental works have erected hundreds of monuments in the cemeteries of Fort Wayne and Allen county made from this "Rock Eternal."

This picture will be shown in addition to the usual high-class program at the Transfer Theater one day only, Friday, June 1.

AT THE PALACE

AS CHINESE DO THEM.

Two Children of Confucius to Dance at New Palace.

Miss Dong Fong Gue and Harry Haw, two children of Confucius, will present a real novelty at the New Palace for the remainder of the week. These two young children of the land of the yellow dragon will present a group of modern songs and dances as the Chinese conceive them. These young terpsichorean artists from the Orient are exquisite exponents of the most modern dances and their singing of American rag time is enviable.

Oscar Lorraine, the violin virtuoso, one of the bright features of the New York Winter Garden show, is on this bill too, in his eccentric fiddling act in which he interperses some song bits of his own, playing his accompaniment on his violin. Add Hoy's Minstrels, a black face comedy act of the first water with Add Hoy himself on

FRANK'S | New York Office, Waldorf Building | FRANK'S

20th Bargain Friday

Let Us Store Your Furs
Safe from moth, theft and fire. Our staff will call. Phone us.

Six sensational sizzlers to make this event increasingly important to value hunters. Read the items carefully for a full realization of the savings you can made tomorrow.

\$1.00 Roman Striped Petticoats 75c

\$22.50 Silk Jersey Sport Suits \$9.50

We purchased these when in New York last week. Twenty-five women's and misses' silk jersey sport suits that we have never had a suit of like kind to sell at less than \$25. We found a manufacturer who had too many in stock and needed the ready cash. So here they are, just arrived in time for Bargain Friday. All the new plain and combination shades, Russian and plain straight line styles. All sizes up to 40 bust. Choice, Bargain Friday, \$9.50. —Second Floor.

\$15.00 to \$19.50 Cloth Suits and Coats Picked For Bargain Friday Selling at \$9.50

When down town tomorrow take elevator to our second floor and look them over. If you don't say it has paid you to come and see the best coat and suit value in the city we will never ask you to take our word again in the future. We claim each suit or coat to be worth from \$15 to \$19.50, and this is placing a much smaller value on them than we should. But that's our way of advertising. NEVER INFLATE VALUATIONS. We would rather surprise you and have you tell us, as many of our patrons have told us time and again, "My! This is truly a wonderful value." —Second Floor.

Extra Special! \$7.50 Misses' and Women's Coats, \$3.00

Sale on this wonderful coat value will not start until 10 a. m. Friday morning. One reason for making this late hour is to give everybody a chance to be here. We noticed at our previous \$5.00 sale of women's coats that they were all sold before 9 o'clock and the late comers were disappointed. Remember this sale will not start until 10 o'clock Friday morning. All wool serge coats; black and white shepherd checks. Full belted models. On sale at \$3.00. —Second Floor.

20TH BARGAIN FRIDAY

20TH BARGAIN FRIDAY

20TH BARGAIN FRIDAY

75c Percale and Lawn Waists 37 1/2c

Just one-half price for these beautiful waists for Bargain Friday only. Limit, 2 waists to a purchaser. —First Floor.

\$1.50 Waists 69c

We purchased from a manufacturer who made nothing but waists to sell at \$1.50 and better, all his best styles. Richly embroidered and lace trimmed lavas and organdies; deep sailor collars, deep cuffs; all fresh merchandise; no leftovers. About 25 styles in the lot. Sizes up to 44 bust. This entire lot of 24 dozen will be placed on sale tomorrow, Bargain Friday, at 69c. Three waists to a customer. —First Floor.

\$1.98 and \$3.50 Silk Waists \$1.69

We have sold hundreds of these waists this week for \$1.98 and \$3.50 and they are good values at these prices. They have all been sold, exceeding about three dozen new spring styles in assorted shades, but not all sizes. Bargain Friday, choice \$1.69. —First Floor.

FRANK DRY GOODS COMPANY

720 Calhoun Street

114 W. Berry St.

the bones end, with Joe Forsman as tambo, will be a riot with the lovers of the burnt cork brand of fun, for the artists are all soloists, both dancers and vocalists. Myrtle and Delmar, in their novelty acrobatic stunt, "Over the Garden Gate," Ashley and Allan, in an item of their own, "The Dawn of a New Day," and Harry and Nolan, two charming girls in song and at the piano, complete this alluring bill.

Good Table Habits Are Part of Home Economy

(By BIDDY BYE.)

Have your children been allowed to form unhealthful habits of eating? How many times a week do you allow your child to have an ice cream soda or a nickel's worth of candy? Children must have sugar—more sugar than adults, but candy should be a real luxury, not any part of the daily diet. Good food habits are an important part of personal hygiene and economy, and every mother is neglecting an important duty to her child when she does not inculcate such habits by serving suitable amounts of suitable foods to her children, and expecting them to eat what is set before them.

It is very easy to prejudice a child against a certain food. If a child hears a mother say, "I never eat cheese," it is dollars to doughnuts the child will never eat cheese, and thus will be deprived of a splendid food, as rich in protein as meat.

Most foreigners are great cheese eaters and they usually eat it in place of meat. I have in mind a family which includes husband, wife, son and daughter. The wife did the housework. The family was very fond of griddle cakes for breakfast, but no two members of the household could agree on the kind. So the housewife and mother made buckwheat cakes for father, corncakes for son and bread cakes for daughter. This family was wasting the most precious thing they had, their money, but knew it. They were wasting the energy and strength of the wife and mother.

Many children will not eat the yolk of an egg, so mother obligingly gives them the white of her egg at breakfast, when she should either make them eat a whole egg or go without. Real hunger is not very finicky, and a little hunger now and then is good for a pampered child. It will show him that no food is to be looked upon with disdain.

I know a home where the children were taught to eat meat instead of cereals and milk, simply because the mother had a prejudice against milk and cereals.

Both parents of these children died of Bright's disease, and one of the children succumbed to high blood pressure; another is full of rheumatism and toxic poison. One of these children, grown to womanhood, found that buttermilk was a specific for the auto-intoxication which troubled her. When she first began to drink it, it almost nauseated her. Now she describes herself in perfect health, and drinks with great gusto at least a quart of buttermilk a day. It is her favorite beverage.

If your child craves sweets, bake a batch of oatmeal cookies or give him a slice of bread, butter and sugar. Don't send him to the candy shop with a nickel and let him buy any composition of glucose and sugar that pleases his fancy.

Equally Good Foods Can Be Made from Corn

As a substitute for wheat breakfast foods, try white or yellow cornmeal or hominy grits, served with cream of sugar, butter, syrup, or fresh or dried fruit.

As a substitute for wheat biscuits, rolls or toast, the housewife can employ a dozen different forms of cornbread, such as hoe cake, doggers, soft or spoon cornbread, hominy bread, cornmeal or rye toast brown bread, Zupli Indian bread, etc.

Fried cornmeal mush, fried hominy, or cornmeal pancakes made with very little wheat flour, will be found a pleasing variation from wheat cakes. Cornmeal codfish cakes, cornmeal scrapple, cornmeal croquettes, cornmeal or hominy cooked with meat, fish, cheese, eggs or milk, will supply nourishing dishes for the hearty country.

Hominy grits and coarse hominy (sometimes called samp) may be

WHAT WEATHER TELLS A BRIDE.

If it rain in the morning tide
The groom will live to bury the bride.
If it rain in the afternoon,
The bride will live to bury the groom.

boiled and used like macaroni or other wheat pastes to serve as side dishes with meat.

For dessert, Indian pudding, cornmeal and fig or apple pudding, apple dumplings, cornmeal doughnuts, gingerbread, cake, fruit gams, etc., will contribute variety as well as nourishment to the bill of fare.

The housewife who wishes to substitute corn for some but not all of the wheat flour, can make excellent raised or light bread, pancakes, waffles, muffins, rolls, graham flour Indian bread, etc.

That wheat, rice, rye, barley, oats, corn and potatoes are largely interchangeable as sources of starch in the diet, is made clear in Farmers' Bulletin 808, "How to Select Foods—What the Body Needs."

Waste-Saving Soups Will Be Found Useful

(By BIDDY BYE.)

From European housekeepers the American woman might learn many helpful lessons. They have no such abundance and variety of foods to draw upon for their tables as she has, and so have used brains and ingenuity to make the most of what they have. One of the things in which the European cook excels is the making of soups, and possibly because they make such delicious and savory soups is the reason soup holds such an important place on the European menu. Soups should not be regarded as the luxury of the rich or the last resort of the poor, as they are too often considered in America.

The French, renowned for their inexpensive, delicious and delicate cookery, follow this plan with respect to soup. Often when soup is the main dish of a meal, bouilli is made from the soup meat and served as a side dish.

Bouilli is made by allowing the soup meat, which should not be boiled so long that all the nourishment has been cooked out of it, to cool, then chopping it fine. Season it to taste and heat it again with a little butter—keep it moist by adding a spoonful or two from the soup kettle. This bouilli, served with thin squares of toast, is delicious.

Soups are made by cooking meat, fish or vegetables in water or milk. Just consider the possibilities here. You can use almost any meat, any fish or any vegetable, or any combination of any or all these, and produce a good soup.

The plan of having a stock kettle constantly at hand, into which all leftover meat, bones, trimmings and scraps are put as an ever-ready foundation for soup, is not to be encouraged. For ordinary family cooking, especially in warm weather, it is better to make such rich stock one day for soup the next than to take the risk of having it mold or sour.

Even very weak stock, made from the well-scraped bones of a chicken or leg of lamb or other roast meat, or the water used in boiling fresh vegetables, as peas, potatoes or asparagus, contains nourishment and flavoring, and good soups can be made from it.

When a meal is started with soup, less meat is necessary—a less hearty meal, really, will be needed. If a good, rich soup is served (and it can be made from the cheapest cuts of meat) with bread, it is almost a meal in itself. With the addition of a substantial dessert, it makes a splendid meal.

HOW TO TREAT TOMATO PLANTS FOR SETTING OUT

Tomatoes and egg plant are tropical plants and will not stand the slightest touch of frost. Cool weather is poisonous to them. That's why they appear in the garden so late.

A dozen plants will do for the average family if the garden space is small. Those plants will furnish enough for summer eating. More plants will give you some to put away for winter in cans or as ketchup. If you transplant seedlings early be

on guard against cool nights and cover up plants with paper or muslin frames. If you transplant late it may be that the plants are more than a foot high rather spindling in appearance.

Don't attempt to set them deeply and maintain them in upright position. Remove all except three or four topmost leaves about the growing plant.

Dig a shallow trench about three or four inches deep, slightly sloping from a deep point at one side to the surface of the ground at the other.

Place the bare stem of tomato and root in the trench, with the root at the deepest portion. Cover the stem throughout its length with fresh soil, and pack this firmly.

Under these conditions the plant will take root throughout the length of the buried stem, and in a short time the added root system thus given will force it into vigorous growth.

SAVE YOUR BOTTLES FOR FALL CANNING

Save your bottles, especially wide-necked ones, for putting up fruits, preserves, jellies, jams and fruit juices. Home canning specialists of the United States department of agriculture report a serious shortage in preserving jars is threatened.

Nothing should be packed in jars or cans, they say, that can be conserved effectively in other ways. Such products as apples, pumpkin and squash can be dried and evaporated, rather than preserved in jars, so the glass jars may be used for preserving jellies, jams, fruit juices, vegetables, soups and meats.

Cork and paraffin seals help preserve the contents.

GREAT SALES FROM THE LYONS EXHIBIT

Orders Taken for Forty-Two Millions by the American Agents.

Lyons, May 15.—(Correspondence of The Associated Press.)—Forty-two million dollars worth of orders were taken by American houses during the second Lyons fair, just closed. The buyers were from France, Switzerland, Spain, Holland, Portugal and the Scandinavian countries. The business was mostly in machines, engines, machine tools and food products. The total of the transactions registered during the fair was about \$80,000,000, so the share of the United States was a little more than half.

There were about three times the number of exhibitors who were at the first fair, and the importance of the transactions is considered by the promoters as proving a most satisfactory program.

Dry cleaning is our business. Try us at once. Peerless. Phone 6095.

Phone 67 Palace TODAY 2:30 8:30

Supreme Vaude

SHOP AND RAILROAD NEWS

B. C. DERCK IS TO BE CHIEF CLERK

**Comes to Wabash Division
Storekeeper's Office to
Succeed D. E. Guy.**

B. C. Derck, storekeeper at Peru for the Wabash, has received the appointment of chief clerk to the division storekeeper at Fort Wayne, succeeding D. E. Guy, advanced to the office of division storekeeper, as mentioned by the Sentinel last Monday. Mr. Cassil, of the mechanical department of the Peru shops, has been appointed storekeeper at that point in place of Mr. Derck. Mr. Cassil has experience in the supplies department, having been storekeeper at Peru once before, being transferred to the mechanical department about seven years ago. Mr. Guy has called in Miss Mabel Van Swearingen to fill the position in the clerical force caused by the resignation of Miss Irene Martin, who is to be married in June. Miss Van Swearingen was formerly employed at the Young Women's Christian association quarters. She began work this morning. Although the official term of Mr. Guy as division storekeeper of the Wabash is supposed to begin June 1, he has practically occupied that position for the past three or four days. G. T. Owens, former division storekeeper, whose transfer to the Moberly division was also mentioned by the Sentinel Monday, went there Tuesday and immediately took up the duties of the office. He expects to return here June 29 to prepare for moving his household goods to Moberly, when that city will become the family home.

BOWSER EFFICIENCY CLUB.

Held an Outdoor Meeting at Weisser Park Tuesday Evening.

The Bowser Efficiency club held an outdoor meeting at Weisser park from 5:15 until dark on Tuesday evening. The occasion was a ball game between the accounting and collection division and the engineering division of the Efficiency club. The members of the club and the ball teams were transferred from the general offices of the company to the park in about thirty automobiles, which lined up in procession, with S. F. Bowser leading the way.

Free cats and cigars were furnished at the park and a real ball game was staged which the accounting and collection division won in seven innings by a score of 4 to 3.

The Bowser military corps formed and marched to the park and put on a real classy drill on the ball ground before the ball game began.

INSTALLS A YARDMASTER.

E. H. Eggers to Look After Railway Yards at G. E. Works.

To meet the exigencies of the growing business at the General Electric works the office of railway yardmaster has been created and E. H. Eggers has been installed therein. He will have charge of the movement of all cars on the Wabash tracks within the G. E. yards. Mr. Eggers was formerly a clerk at the Wabash freight office, having charge of the over and short department. He also held other positions with the Wabash and is quite well informed in railway work.

REACHES FRANCE SAFELY.

J. H. Wort, local manager of the American and National Express companies, has just been advised by their New York office of their travel department service of the safe arrival in England of the first two hospital units of the United States war department, and their travel department had the honor of arranging for the steamship passage to London of these first two contingents to the great war. They were met by representatives of their European offices and the usual American express service was rendered.

DROPPING OUT PASSENGER TRAINS.

The Baltimore and Ohio company announces that when its new time card becomes effective June 10, it will show two less passenger trains than does the present time card. The trains are Nos. 31 and 32, whose terminals are Gar-

rett and Chicago Junction and which cater entirely to local business. Arrangements will be made for through trains to handle the local business now being handled by 31 and 32. This reduction of passenger trains is made in conformity to President Wilson's suggestion that it be done to release engines for other service.

CALLED EAST ON BUSINESS.

Chief Clerk W. L. Wilt, of the Pennsylvania motive power office, left last night for Pittsburgh to resume the special work he has been engaged in for several weeks in the office of G. F. Smith, Jr., general superintendent of motive power of the lines west of Pittsburgh. Material Inspector C. P. Cherry and W. F. Bade left last night for Allegheny on business for the company.

SHIPPING CLERK SICK AGAIN.

John R. Pulver, chief clerk of the shipping department of the General Electric works, is again disabled by sickness after recently recovering from an illness which kept him from his office two or three weeks. His condition is not regarded serious.

INDUSTRIAL NOTES.

Daniel Spencer is a new laborer at the Pennsylvania boiler shop.

L. R. Ayres is a new laborer at the Pennsylvania machine shop.

F. A. Vegler, stationary fireman at the Pennsylvania planing mills, is sick.

A. Lepri, who was sick, reported for work at the Pennsylvania erecting shop this morning.

After a week's illness C. T. Sullivan resumed work in the Pennsylvania vise shop this morning.

Miss Lulu Crissey, stenographer at the General Electric works, is sick and off duty.

F. W. Budrek, an electric welder, took a position at the Pennsylvania shops this morning.

Miss Mary Rosencranz, a clerk in the billing department of the General Electric works, is sick and off duty.

Clyton Marshall, a machine operator, took employment at the Pennsylvania shops this morning. He was transferred from another department.

Inventory is in progress at the Wayne Knitting Mills and the works will close Friday noon for the balance of the week.

O. C. Jackson, who resigned a position at the Pennsylvania shops held three weeks, took employment at the General Electric works this morning.

Death of a relative is the cause of absence from work of helper H. W. Weisheit, of the Pennsylvania erecting shop.

Machinist John Raddy, who had a foot hurt a week ago, reported for work at the Pennsylvania erecting shop this morning.

P. J. Scully, of the Pennsylvania car machine shop, is off looking after some private business.

A. Stege, of the car machine shop, and H. Lauer, of the cabinet department of the Pennsylvania shops, are sick and off duty.

Henry Tusing and O. Miller, who had been sick, reported for duty at the Pennsylvania blacksmith shop this morning.

R. K. Kramer, Pennsylvania machinist, is off duty pending treatment for an injured eye. A piece of steel lodged in the optic a few days ago.

George Hoffman, a crater at the General Electric works, is on duty again after an absence on account of an injury to one of his legs last Friday.

J. Kalliker, of the Pennsylvania blacksmith shop, is off duty as the result of having one of his fingers painfully cut Tuesday on the big shears.

Jacob Walschmidt will be off duty at the Pennsylvania planing mill a few days. He had a growth on one of his eyelids removed by Dr. S. H. Haxtveit yesterday.

New names on the payroll at the blacksmith shop of the General Electric works, of which Henry C. Lepper is the foreman, are Frank Neuman, J. D. Hoover and Homer G. Dennis.

William Kilpatrick, a machinist, took employment with Foreman William H. J. Schultz, of the dynamo department of the General Electric works, this morning.

Miss Rosella Stoll, a stenographer, has been transferred from the office of T. W. Behan to the factory superintendent's department of the General Electric works.

Machinist E. E. Richey, of the Pennsylvania lathe shop, is sick and off duty. Machinist O. J. Farnan has returned from a visit to Chicago and is at work again in the Pennsylvania shops.

The Wayne Knitting Mills Mutual

Benefit association has re-elected G. C. A. Ortelb secretary-treasurer and Ervin Holt and Adam Baus members of the board of trustees. Ed Melsner is the newly elected trustee.

Paul Gellert, clerk in the cost department of the General Electric works, is absent from his desk today because of a fire last night which destroyed his garage and damaged his automobile.

James Brown, clerk and stenographer in the Pennsylvania claim agent's office, was shocked yesterday by the receipt of news of the death of his mother, which occurred at Continental, Ohio. Mr. Brown left yesterday afternoon for that place to remain until after the funeral.

The "color car" is at Crestline today and Friday and will come here Friday night to go west Saturday as far as Valparaiso, returning here Saturday to be open to examinations Monday. It is in charge of Chief Dispatcher Harry Hart, Operator C. T. Toothill and Engineer George Grubb.

Herschell Fell, assistant warehouse foreman of the General Electric works, is taking a short vacation, which he is spending in planting potatoes and doing other garden work. Mr. Fell last night of preparing the General Electric farm and staking off the lots for the tenants. He is watching with interest the result of the project.

William Meyers, an assembler at the General Electric works, dynamo department, has obtained a six months' leave of absence and gone to his father's farm, seven miles out on the Mayville road, to help with the work of planting and harvesting the crops. He expects to return to the shops next fall.

The Wayne Knitting Mills announce another increase in wages of 5 per cent, making the third within a year and bringing the total increase up to 15 per cent. The increase affects all employees who are not now sharing in the annual profits and it is understood that it will be in effect as long as the present condition of business and the high cost of living exists.

A bulletin issued by Supt. W. F. Watterson, of the Nickel Plate, announces the coming of the color blind car to Fort Wayne next week. It has been in operation at Bellevue and other points on the east end of the division this week. Examinations are made biennially and employees entering the service since July 1, 1916, are not subject to examination.

Fort Wayne lodge No. 136, Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen, will have three meetings this week for obligating applicants. They will be held Friday and Saturday evenings at 8 o'clock and Sunday afternoon at 2 o'clock at Unity hall. President James E. Karns says that there will be a total of seventy applicants initiated at those meetings.

The Lake Shore road will give the train service and rates to Pleasant Lake, Angola, Fremont and Ray it gave last year, commencing next Sunday. This will require a special Sunday train, which will leave the city at 7:30 a. m. No. 147, which did not operate on Sundays, will be daily hereafter, taking the place of No. 153, which has been running out of the city on Sundays at 6 o'clock. The train arriving here at 10:30 p. m. will handle the return business into Fort Wayne on Sunday.

NEW STANDING IN CINCINNATI RACES

**Final Computations Give
Ira Vail First Place in
Speedway Event.**

Cincinnati, May 31.—Ira Vail finished second in the 250 international automobile sweepstakes race at the Sharonville track yesterday, according to the official announcement from the judges of the race here today. The official statement places Gaston Chevrolet, who was announced yesterday as having finished second, third. The electric timing devices, which were not fully computed until today, also showed that Earl Cooper had finished fifth instead of seventh, as announced yesterday. The standing of the first fourteen cars, as announced officially today, follows:

Louis Chevrolet, first; Ira Vail, second; Gaston Chevrolet, third; Tom Milton, fourth; Earl Cooper, fifth; Otis Henning, sixth; Eddie Hearne, seventh; A. H. Patterson, eighth; Barney Oldfield, ninth; Ralph Mulford, tenth; Omar Toft, eleventh; Wm. Taylor, twelfth; Joe Thomas, thirteenth; G. E. Ewan, fourteenth.

NEW INDIANA LAWS ARE NOW IN EFFECT

**Governor Issues Proclamation
Declaring 1917
Acts in Force.**

Indianapolis, Ind., May 31.—Governor Goodrich today issued his proclamation declaring the laws enacted by the 1917 general assembly to be in full force and effect throughout the state. Under the law, printed copies of the laws must be in the hands of each of the clerks in the ninety-two counties of the state before the governor issues the proclamation.

Many important laws were enacted at the 1917 session. These included: Calling a constitutional convention for January, 1918; state wide prohibition, woman suffrage, state highway commission, granting the ballot to absent voters and changes in registration laws.

STATE COMMISSIONS FIGHT RATE BOOSTS

Washington, May 31.—Railroad commissions from eight states voiced their protests against the proposed 15 per cent. advance in freight rates at the continuation today of hearings before the interstate commerce commission. These states were Kansas, Nebraska, Iowa, Oklahoma, Wisconsin, Minnesota, South Dakota and Louisiana. At the same time, a special examination of the commission heard protests against the proposed increases by representatives of several industries, including Indiana limestone interests.

AUBURN NEWS.

Auburn, Ind., May 31.—The Decoration day services held in this city yesterday were the largest and best attended of any similar celebration in the history of Auburn. The various organizations turned out en masse and the program was excellent.

The Franchise league meeting, held in the assembly room of the court house Tuesday evening, was well attended, not only by Auburn people, but from the adjoining towns as well. Garrett sent a large delegation of women and they expect to organize there.

Judge Dan Link was at Albion Wednesday, where he delivered the Memorial day address.

Mrs. Sadie Bruce and sons, Harry and Ralph, have moved to this city and will make their home with her father, Solomon Shearer. They formerly lived at Lakin, Kansas, but after the death of Mr. Bruce they decided to return to this city, which was the home of Mrs. Bruce before her marriage.

County Agent A. Z. Arehart and Attorney W. D. Stump were at St. Joe Tuesday evening, where they participated in the program at a patriotic celebration held in the Methodist church.

Mrs. A. P. Bourns, of South Jackson street, who submitted to an operation at an Elkhart hospital Tuesday morning, is reported as getting along very satisfactorily. Her husband, Rev. Bourns, is with her.

A marriage license was issued yesterday to Nick Gornak and Miss Clara Schivell, both residents of Garrett. The groom is employed as a blacksmith by the Baltimore and Ohio road and they will make their future home here.

Hubert Hartman, former resident of this city, and prosecuting attorney of DeKalb county, has written his Auburn friends of his approaching marriage, June 18, to Miss Margaret Weaver, of Detroit. The groom left this city several years ago and went to Detroit, where he engaged in the practice of law. Later he became legal adviser for the Ford Auto company, where he still retains his position.

The Dilgard furniture store, on North Main street, is to be extensively remodelled and the work will be started this week.

At a meeting of the Auburn Evening Musical the following officers were elected for the coming year's work: Mrs. B. W. Bolder, who has served so efficiently as president of this organization, was re-elected; Mrs. W. F. Schermerhorn will act as vice president; Mrs. Ed Hicks, secretary; Miss Lulu Kinsey, treasurer, and Mrs. Edwina Wigent, parliamentarian. They will not have another meeting until October, when they will resume their work for the winter.

The Treesh family are planning to hold their family reunion at the country home of Mr. and Mrs. George Treesh, near Corunna.

GARRETT NEWS.

Garrett, Ind., May 31.—Dr. M. M. Klingler and family will leave tomorrow for New York city, where the former will attend the meeting of the American Medical association. They will visit several other places of interest before returning.

Dr. T. C. Sargent, of the soldiers' home at Lafayette, and a former resident of this city, is visiting his son, Ed Sargent and family for two weeks.

Homor Sharpless has returned to his studies at the Howe military school.

Carol Koerber has been quite ill for the past week with tonsillitis.

Mrs. W. B. Miser, of Springfield, Ill., is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. T. J. Ansbauer.

Mrs. John Roos is spending a few days visiting Fort Wayne friends.

Mrs. Clarence Collier was called to Fort Wayne Tuesday by the illness of her sister, Mrs. Orange Barrett.

The Delores club formed a theater party and went to Fort Wayne today.

Mrs. H. C. Barretta and daughter, Miss Treva, spent Tuesday and Wednesday in Chicago.

Howard Hershberger, who has been attending the Northwestern university as a law student, will return to his home in this city the first of the week to spend the summer.

Rev. Vahan B. Beshgetoor, an Armenian minister, will deliver an address at the Presbyterian church in this city Thursday evening. He is a native Armenian and has been a minister for twenty-five years. He will talk on his experience and escape from a Turkish prison. There will be no charges made but a collection will be taken at the close of the service. He has talked in several of the neighboring towns and those who have heard him say that he relates many interesting as well as instructive things.

The commencement exercises of the parochial school of this city will be held at the school hall June 14, at which time a class of five will graduate. Those to complete the course are Mary Agnes McDermott, Veronica Thackery, Orpha Teeters, Francis Fraelle and Joseph Biedrzycki.

Miss Faunda Olinger, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Mitchell Olinger, of Lee street, went to Sacred Heart hospital Wednesday evening and on Thursday submitted to an operation for appendicitis.

Miss Ardella Steehr is spending this week with her sister at Monticello, Ind.

Mrs. Monte L. Green was called to Auburn today by a message stating the death of her cousin, Miss Catherine Dills, of Grand Rapids, who was to be brought to the home of Mrs. Green's parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Ralston, of Auburn, this afternoon and the funeral held tomorrow.

G.W. Gates & Co.

THE CLOAK HOUSE

A Sale of Ready to Wear



WHILE this sale will be general in all sections of the store, we will only mention a few items, that because of timeliness will prove more interesting to you.

Practically every department is represented—Coats, Suits, Dresses, Blouses, Petticoats and Separate Skirts. Mention should also be made of the Children's Department. Each have contributed their bit to make this a selling event of the season.

EVERY garment represents a special purchase at a reduced price, or is from our own stocks and bears the hall mark of The Gates Store quality and style exclusiveness.

The extraordinary values offered for Friday and Saturday should start June selling off here with a whirl.



Smart New Coats

Wool Velours, Poplins, Tweeds, Plaids and Fancy Checks—many choice styles to select from—values up to \$22.50; while they last **\$10.75**
Beautiful new Motor Coats in Cravenetted Cloths, including the new Trench Coat of Army Cloth, Military Capes and Coats of Satins, Taffeta Silks and light weight Woolens—all at special prices for this sale.

Distinctive Styles in Suits

Faille Silks, Satins, Taffetas, Yo Sans and Klaki Kools, Tricotines, Poiret Twills, Silk Jersey and Men's Wear Serges; values up to \$49.50.
YOUR CHOICE TOMORROW **\$24.50**
Wonderful values in Smart Suits for Women and Misses at **\$10.00 and \$14.75**

More of Those Beautiful Silk Skirts at \$5.00

Decidedly the best values we have ever offered in merchandise which is so much in demand. They come in beautiful colorings in plaid and striped taffeta silks or in plain black or navy taffeta—have swagger pockets and are shown in a variety of captivating styles **\$5**
At the same price are a number of black sateen skirts and skirts of poplins, serges and novelty cloths, values to \$8.50.

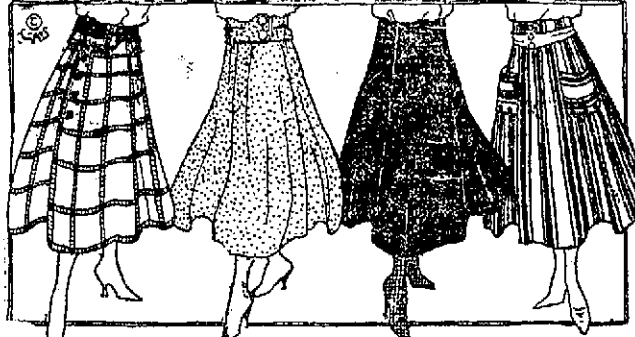
A splendid showing of new white washable Satin Skirts; White Pongees and the newest styles in skirts of White Crepe de Chine.
An exceptional showing of new Summer Skirts in washable, non-shrinkable cottons.

A SALE OF BLOUSES

A table of beautiful blouses—odd blouses from stock—in all colors—values up to \$7.50, including some choice styles in Lingerie Blouses **\$3.95**
New Summer Blouses in batistes, organdies and voiles in embroidered and plain, convertible and high neck models with jabots and frills; specially priced **\$1.95**

500 New Summer Dresses—Lovely New Styles \$2.95, \$35.00

Petticoats
Silk Jersey
tops, wide
taffeta
flounces.



Petticoats
White satine,
double panels
back and
front; non-
transparent

Very special
at
\$2.95

\$1.25
Extra sizes
\$1.50

MORE OF THOSE BEAUTIFUL SILK SKIRTS AT \$5.00.

MIDDY BLOUSES—A Sale

A large lot of smart styles in Middy Blouses with pretty colored trimmings; all sizes for Misses and Women. Some of them slightly soiled from counter display. Regularly \$1.00, \$1.25 and \$1.50. Choice tomorrow **69c**

Hats of White Milan \$1.95, \$5.00

Trimmed, Untrimmed, Ready to Wear.

Months ago we foresaw the vogue of Milan straw for summer millinery. So confident were we that Milan straws would be the proper item that we anticipated the demand, thereby gaining selected quality and concession in prices as well.

Since this early purchase, Fashion has emphatically decreed that Milan straw shall be ultra modish.

LEARN NEW ART OF BAYONET FIGHTING



The British system of bayonet fighting is replacing the American, which is regarded unfit for modern war purposes. Bookies at the officers' training camp at Plattsburg, N. Y., are here shown, practicing the new art on a dummy fitted with good and solid articles.

T. W. BLAIR SPEAKS AT ANTWERP WEDNESDAY

Fort Wayne Man Delivers
Decoration Day Address
Before Big Audience.

[Special to The Sentinel.]
Antwerp, Ohio, May 31.—Decorations day was fittingly observed here by the G. A. R. and W. R. C. assisted by the F. and A. M. and I. O. O. F. lodges. The procession to the cemetery was the largest in many years. The boy scouts and children with flags headed by the Citizens' band making a procession nearly a mile long. The G. A. R. and children, assisted by the boy scouts, carried out the program at the cemetery, after which all marched to Riverside park, where the address of the day was made by Captain T. W. Blair, of Fort Wayne, which was truly patriotic. He paid a touching tribute to the boys that were the blue, but who are resting now, oblivious of the nation's peril at the present time, but who nobly did their bit when our country was in peril in the years gone by, and in whose honor the nation assembles each year to pay tribute to their bravery, that the Star Spangled Banner shall wave over the land of the free and the home of the brave.

Short Antwerp Items.
The Thimble club was entertained by Mrs. L. S. Seelye, Wednesday evening last, and the club enjoyed the usual good time.
Walter Quisno is wearing a very much disfigured face, due to an accident that happened to him at his blacksmith shop, Tuesday. He was treating the hoof of a horse with carbolic acid, using a syringe. The horse jerked his foot, hitting the syringe in a way to throw the stream of acid in his face. Very luckily, his eyes were unharmed, but the acid left its effects on his face.

George Poorman, a former resident in this vicinity, but now residing near Wilmington, Ohio, accompanied by his wife and sons, Harry and Herbert, visited relatives here a few days this week, going from here to Auburn, Ind., Wednesday, where they will be the guests of his mother, in the home of his sister, Mrs. Eliza Poorman, and family, before returning home.

Mrs. Sophia Hanekratt, of Emmett, Ohio, visited here this week, the guest of her sister, Mrs. John Sunday, and family, returning home Wednesday.

Mrs. William Hill, who accompanied her husband to Detroit, one day the past week, where he entered a sanitarium for special treatment for ailments that have prevented his working at carpenter work is home. She reported him as getting along nicely, but would have to remain at the sanitarium a couple of weeks to secure a cure.

Dr. S. Demuth, of Cecil, was an Antwerp visitor a short time Monday evening, having come here to meet his son, Forrest, who is a mail clerk on the Wabash, the train, No. 8, not stopping at Cecil.

Mrs. Mina Smith, who has been visiting her brother, W. Sperry, and family, at this place, left Tuesday for Ada, Ohio, where she will join her son, Professor Guy Smith, and at which place they will make their home.

Levi Wilson, of Chicago, visited here the first of the week, the guest of his father, William Wilson, and other relatives.

Jonas Sessler and daughter, Mrs. Charles Ashton and son, Paul, and daughter, Pauline, of Fort Wayne, are spending a few days here, the guests of his son, Frank Sessler, and family.

Telephone Clint Willson: 893, and order tornado policy. Don't wait until your home is blown down.

CONVOY NEWS.

Convoy, O., May 31.—Fred Bauer spent Saturday in Fort Wayne with his sister, Mrs. Henry Steinbauer, who is a patient at the Lutheran hospital.

Mrs. Harry Rancevau was a Fort Wayne visitor Tuesday.
John Green, of Upper Sandusky, returned home Wednesday after spending several days with relatives here.

Mr. and Mrs. Ira Kilgore, of Fort Wayne, came Tuesday for a brief visit with Mr. Kilgore's brother, Chance Kilgore, and family.

Paul Pence, Arthur Tracy and Charles Plumley spent Wednesday in Celina, fishing.

A few of Miss Iva Herl's friends were pleasantly entertained Tuesday evening at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Floyd Herl on Main street. Progressive rook was enjoyed by all. At a late hour a dainty lunch was served. Pink and white roses were given as favors and attached to each flower was a tiny card announcing her approaching marriage to L. Dean Steffy, of Coldwater, Mich., June 14. Those present were Misses Mary Mollenkopf, Cleo Glancy, Lillian Moore, Leah Moore, Royal Moore, Lela Mentzer, Dorothy Hart, Mabel Temple, Ida Dressel, Vera Shook, Frankie Zentz, Florence and Bernice Dwire, Rose Reynolds, Mrs. Florence Schaberg and Mrs. Ruth Pugh. Prizes were won by Mrs. Ruth Pugh and Ida Dressel.

Peto Borden and wife, of Union township, and Mr. and Mrs. D. J. Pugh were entertained at dinner at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Gertus Pugh on North Main street.

Cistern cleaning. Phone 1346 Green. 4-24-eod-1m

The bureau of standards has found that better glass melting pots can be made of clays found in the United States than the clays imported from Germany, heretofore considered necessary.

SCHOOL CHILDREN
Writing Tablets, 2 for 5c at Sentinel office. 5-15-tf

SENTINEL WANT
GET RESULTS
ADS ALWAYS

LEAKY GASOLINE LINE CAUSES AN AUTO FIRE

Touring Car Driven by Elmer
Stites is Badly Damaged
at Columbia City.

[Special to The Sentinel.]
Columbia City, Ind., May 31.—The touring car driven by Elmer Stites caught fire while it was being driven on Van Buren street, near the Burget jewelry store, Wednesday afternoon, and its occupants made a hurry-up scramble for safety. Fire extinguishers put out the blaze, which was caused by a leaky gasoline line and defective wiring.

Columbia City Short Items.
The Commencement dance, held Wednesday evening in the Commercial club hall, was well attended.

The funeral of the late Reuben Lee was held in the Eberhard church Tuesday forenoon, Rev. L. A. Luckenbill officiating. Interment was made in the church yard, the pall bearers being Therlow Growcock, Nile Nolt, Howard Arnett, Samuel Perry, Kenneth Anderson and Will Wolf.

Henry Lee, residing in this city, was successfully operated upon Wednesday forenoon for appendicitis at his home, Drs. B. P. Linvill, of this city,

ODD, ISN'T IT?

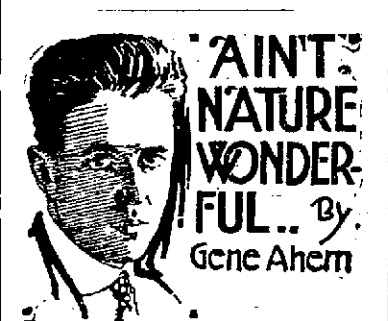


Copenhagen.—Berlin now is feeling a meat shortage and residents have been told to eat grass.

and Mendenhall, of Fort Wayne, performing the surgery.

The forty hour devotional at the Catholic church was concluded Wednesday evening at 8:30. Father Kohl was in charge and he was assisted by the following pastors: Paul A. Welsh, of Arcola; A. J. Kroeger, of Decatur, and G. Hottenroth, of Goshen. Rev. Aehinger, of Auburn, delivered an impressive sermon.

Following the regular Masonic ritual, presided over by Walter E. Cook, deputized grand master of the Masonic lodge, who resides in Fort Wayne, the corner stone of the new city hall was laid here Wednesday afternoon at 4 o'clock, and immediately afterward the 3,000 spectators present, accompanied by the Columbia City band, joined in the singing of the hymn "America." Grand lodge was opened in the temple at 2 o'clock, after the arrival of visiting Knight Templars from Warsaw, Plymouth and Fort Wayne, and blue lodge members from all over Whitley county and points in northern Indiana.



DID YOU KNOW?

Learn Something Every Day.
The cystostellata of rhynchoflagellata of the class mastigophora are protozoans with one large and small flagellum, of spheroidal form. They are foremost among various phosphorescent pelagic organisms.

And if you didn't, it doesn't make any difference.

You don't have to be a linguist to be able to laugh in any language.

Likewise you don't have to have an

CAN'T BEAT "TIZ" WHEN FEET HURT

"Tiz" for sore, tired, puffed-up,
aching, calloused feet
or corns.



You can be happy-footed in a moment. Use "Tiz" and never suffer with tender, raw, burning, blistered, swollen, tired, aching feet. "Tiz" and only "Tiz" takes the pain and soreness out of corns, callouses and bunions.

As soon as you put your feet in a "Tiz" bath, you just feel the happiness soaking in. How good your poor, old feet feel. They want to dance for joy. "Tiz" is grand. "Tiz" instantly draws out all the poisonous exudations which pull up your feet and cause sore, inflamed, aching, swollen, smarting feet.

Get a 25-cent box of "Tiz" at any drug store or department store. Get instant foot relief. Laugh at foot sufferers who complain. Because your feet are never, never going to bother or make you limp any more—Advertisement.

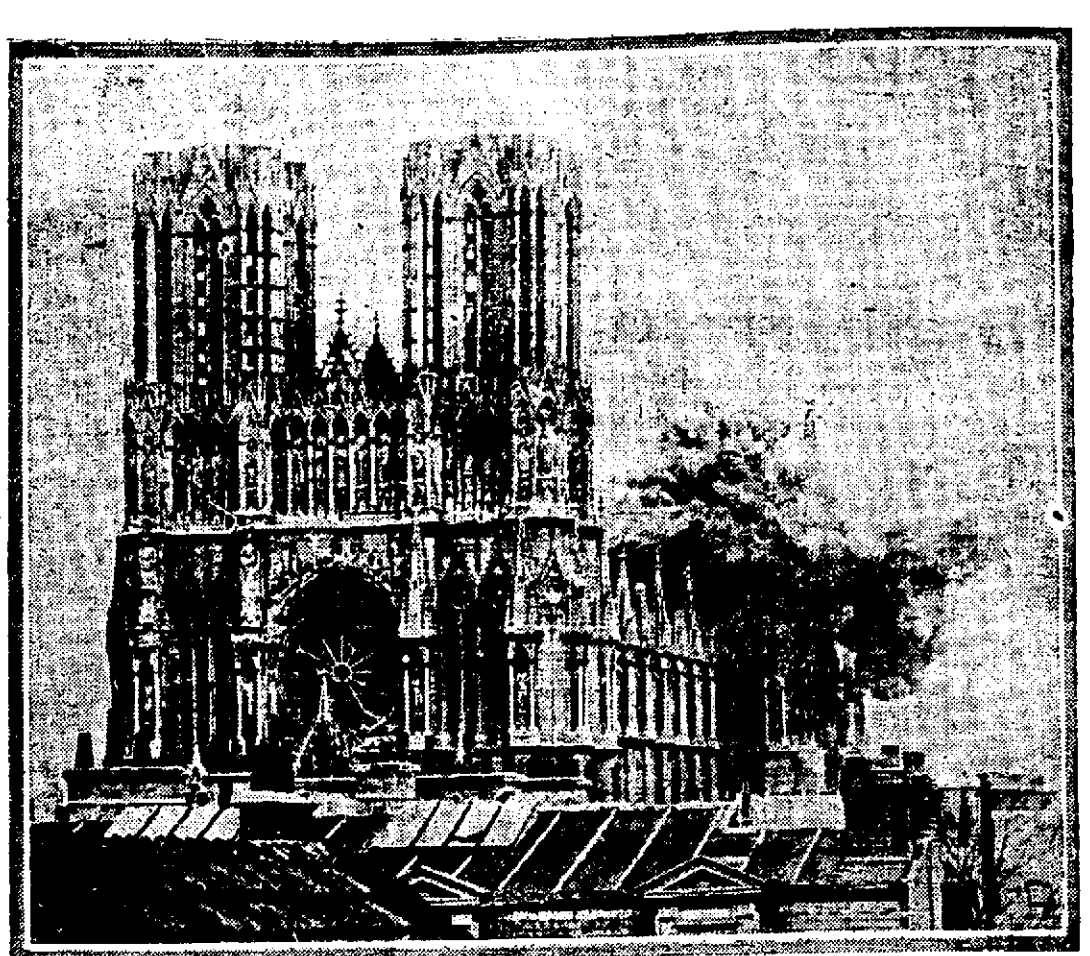
car for music to be able to play a triangle or ukelele.

A camel doesn't voice his opinion on anything or for that matter doesn't make any noise at all so it's a mystery why he has ears to listen.

An armadillo would be tough on razors if he shaved.

Sentinel Want Ads. Pay.

GERMAN SHELL BURSTING ON RHEIMS CATHEDRAL.



This photograph, taken in the bombardment of April 23, shows a "Direct Hit." The Teutons resumed the shelling of the cathedral in revenge of General Nivelle's victories, which drove them further away from the city. The cathedral is still within range of the big guns, but another considerable French success should make the ancient edifice safe from further attack. (Copyright Underwood & Underwood.)

3,812 MORE ACRES PLANTED.

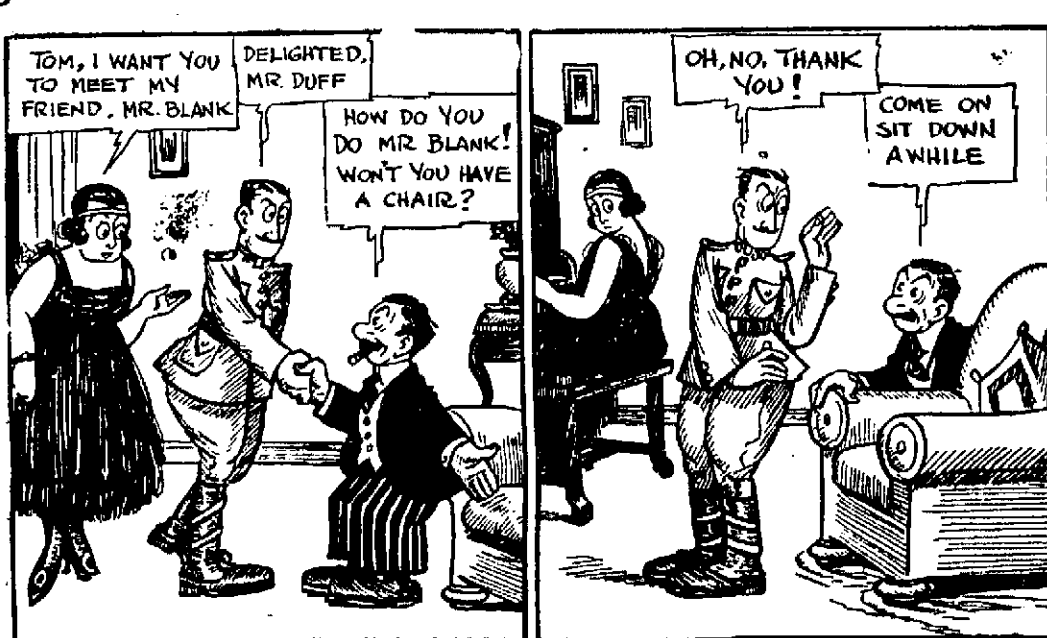
Van Wert, Ohio, May 31.—Responding to the nation-wide appeal for increased food production in 1917, Van Wert county farmers have planted 3,812 more acres this year than last, ac-

cording to the crop statistics compiled by County Auditor William Klein from the tax returns. The statistics are based on returns from practically every taxpayer in the county, there being less than 1 per cent which is not included in the figures. The total acreage in the principal crops in 1916

was, 106,809, while for the same crops in 1917 the total acreage was 110,663. This includes the wheat, rye, oats, winter barley, spring barley, corn, ensilage corn, sugar corn and potatoes.

Try Sentinel Want Ads.
Sentinel Want Ads. Pay.

Doings of the Duffs



IT'S NOT NERVOUSNESS, TOM.

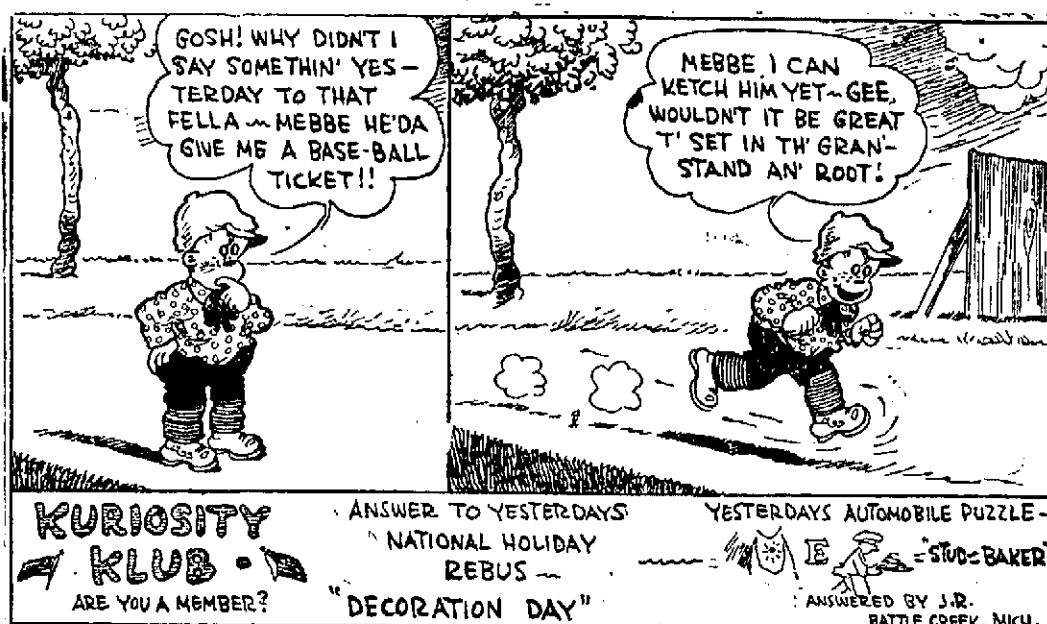


By Allman

Freckles and His Friends

THAT'S JUST A KID'S LUCK!

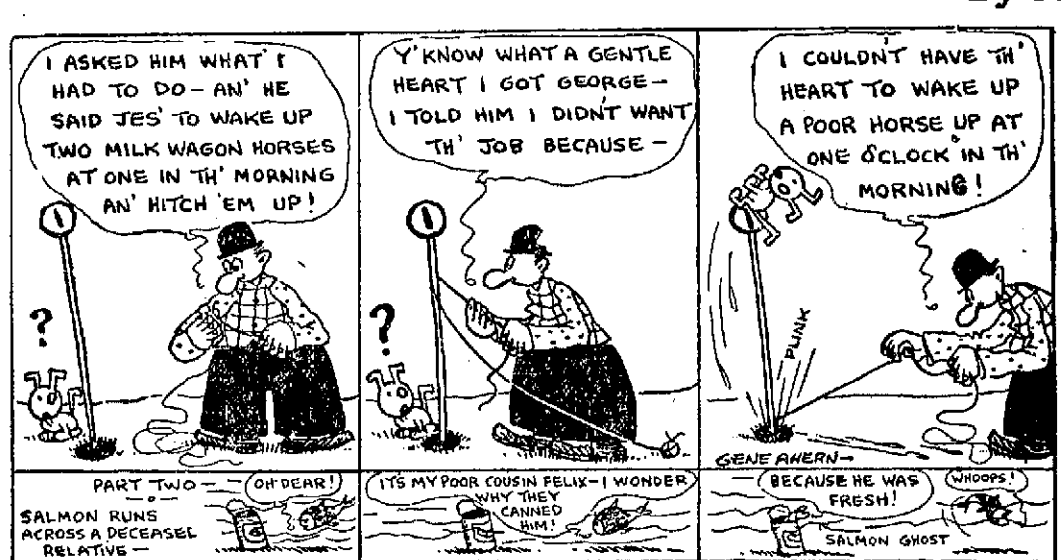
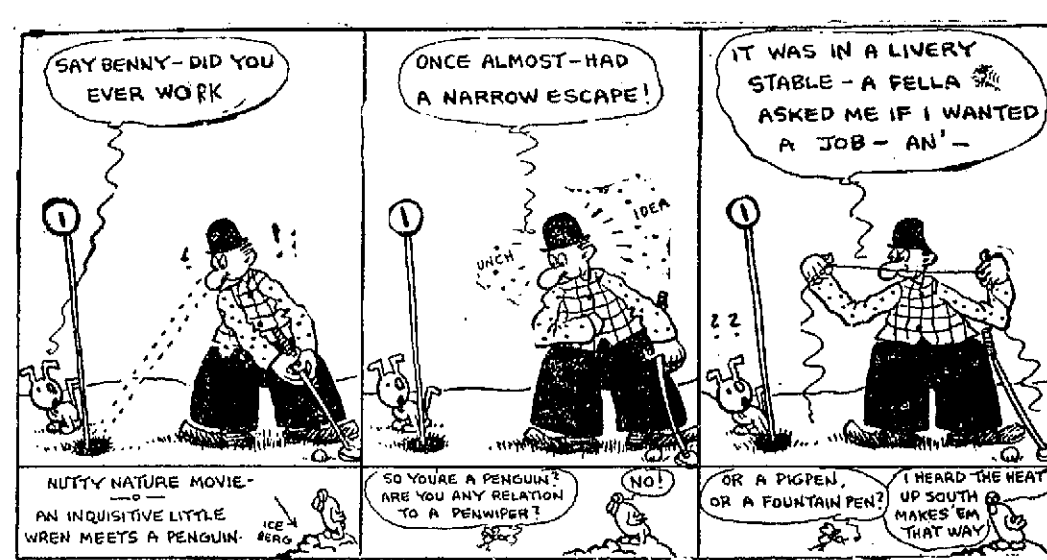
By Blosser



Squirrel Food

IT WOULD BE ALL RIGHT IF THERE WERE MERRY-GO-ROUND HORSES.

By Ahern



Chestnut Charlie

By Blosser



WILL MEET IN
EVERY WARD

Preparations for Demonstration Monday Night Will Be Made.

RED CROSS NURSES

WILL PIN BADGES

Announcement is Made of the Various Meeting Places.

Every young man within the conscription ages, his father, mother and sisters and wife are asked to attend the meeting to be held in his ward Thursday evening. Plans and preparations for the great demonstration on next Monday night for registration day, June 5, will be completed at this time.

The meetings in the wards will be held as follows: First ward, Clay school; second ward, city hall; third, Commercial club; fourth, Jefferson school; fifth, Washington school; sixth, Emmaus school hall; seventh, Hanna school; eighth ward, Harnar school; ninth, Bloomingsdale school; tenth ward, James H. Smart school.

At the meetings to be held Thursday evening prominent citizens of the ward will give addresses.

It is announced that three hundred Red Cross nurses will be on hands at all the voting precincts in the city to pin honor badges on all the young men who register.

Second Ward Meeting. Precinct Captains Frank Schlobeck, H. Link and Creighton Williams will have charge of the meeting in the second ward to be held in the council chamber of the city hall. Addresses will be delivered by Adam Reinhardt, Byron Hayes and others. All citizens of the ward are urged to attend. The ladies will have entire charge of the securing of the registration booths.

Third Precinct Committee. Committees have been appointed in the Third precinct of the First ward to act in matters pertaining to registration day. All committees are urged to meet at the Clay school this evening at 8 o'clock at which time addresses will be delivered by A. E. Thomas and Lute H. Moore. Councilman Jacob Agne will preside. The various committees will receive instructions as to their duties. Owing to the absence of J. B. Cahill from the city Dennis Gorman has been appointed captain of the precinct and is at work apprising the residents of the precinct of the meeting and the necessity of a big turnout.

Members of the booster committee are as follows: William J. Bright, John W. Hayden, J. N. Study, Alex. Cour, George W. Graham, T. J. Bots, F. C. Baude, Dr. A. Harrod, Henry Hilgeman, Frank Heib, Elmer Robinson, John Murray, George F. Jerome, Charles M. Brink, James B. Cahill, Henry W. Lepper, A. W. Jaxthelmer, Conrad F. Kettler.

The committee on banners is composed of the following: A. L. Randall, Frank J. Callahan, John M. Smick, Marion Black, Albert Schoenboim, Dr. G. L. Greenwalt.

The decoration committee is P. A. Moran, Dr. J. W. McCausland, Louis Schwartz, M. M. Smick, A. W. Golden, E. H. Hurlbert, G. W. Anspach, A. A. Martin, E. H. Volland, Edward White.

The committee on parade is made up of the following: Thomas W. Blair, E. E. Ehemann, William D. Kyle, Matt Beckman, A. W. Kettler, John Brown, Carl H. Baude, J. W. Ward, George M. Deiningner, J. T. Hanna, H. H. Wirth, J. L. Sullivan, Thomas Clifford, J. C. Trier, C. H. Algeier, J. J. Fauley, Henry Kanning, George B. Humphrey, Frank Roy, J. B. Blasing, J. C. Hartman, Nate Beadell, Frank Schefman, Rudy Krull, C. A. Cartwright, E. F. Parrot, F. W. Niebergall, H. G. Bequette, Herbert Frier, William Woenker, F. P. Luley, A. C. Boerger, Walter Krentzer.

Fifth Ward Meeting. Every citizen of the fifth ward is urged to attend the meeting to be held in the Washington school this evening at 8 o'clock at which time preparations will be made for the parade on Monday night and for registration day, June 5. Short addresses will be delivered. Every person eligible for registration is particularly urged to attend.

In Seventh Ward. Stephen Callahan and Judge Sol A. Wood will be the principal speakers at the meeting to be held in the Seventh ward at the Hanna school. A special invitation to the mothers, sisters and sweethearts of the young men eligible to register is extended by Charles D. Nolan, major for the ward.

DONALD DETZER TO
LEAVE FOR FRANCE

Donald Detzer, son of Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Detzer, 910 West Wayne street, has been accepted as an orderly in St. Luke's base hospital No. 14, Chicago, and will leave for the battlefields of France in about five weeks. Donald is the second son of Mr. and Mrs. Detzer in the services of the country in the present crisis. Karl Detzer, formerly of The Sentinel, is now at the training camp of the officers' reserve corps at Fort Benjamin Harrison, and prior to opening of that camp was with the Second Indiana regiment stationed "somewhere in Indiana." He was also with this regiment on the Mexican border.

CONSCRIPTISTS FILL
CITY CLERK'S OFFICE

A Misunderstanding Causes Hundreds to Make Application Now.

There was only standing room for the hundreds of young men who thronged the office of the city clerk Thursday. It was a veritable stream of conscriptible citizens that clamored up and down the steps of the city hall. More than 800 draft blanks have been filled out by non-residents and absentees.

Many of the men were at the city clerk's office because of a misunderstanding. They thought they could register now, even if they are to be in the city on June 5. Such is not the case. The early registration is allowed only for those who cannot be at their usual voting precinct on registration day.

Visit of the many men to the second floor of the city hall is causing a rush in registration for the coming city election. The two election clerks were kept busy taking down data Thursday.

PARK BOOKS OUT.

Annual Report is a Work of Art.

The twelfth annual report of the board of park commissioners came from the press Thursday. The volume contains the reports of all park departments for the past year. The book is handsomely illustrated with pictures of the different parks, statues and monuments, including the recently erected memorial to Johnny Appleseed and the monument to Perry A. Randall, in Swinney park.

The book also contains a summary of all the improvements that have been made in the various parks in the city during the past year and mentions some of the plans that are in prospect for the coming year.

The latest report is considered the most artistic yet turned out by the local park commissioners. One thousand of the books are being delivered to the office of the board, in the city hall. They will be delivered to public libraries, city officials and all taxpayers of the city who apply for the pamphlets.

CHARLESTON ASKS AID.

Mayor Gets Telegram From Stricken City.

Charleston, Ill., appealed to Fort Wayne for financial aid through a telegram sent to Mayor W. J. Hoesy Wednesday. The message reads: "This city is in need. One-third of the houses are destroyed. One-third of the citizens are homeless. Business is suspended while relief work goes on. Many are injured and physicians and nurses have been sent here. Temporary food and shelter is distressing. We seek more permanent relief."

At the request of the mayor The Sentinel gladly agreed to act as a center for receiving and caring for any relief funds which may be contributed for the Charleston sufferers.

HAUT DIKE WORK.

May Mean Permanent Delay in Building Boulevard.

Preliminary work for what was expected to be Fort Wayne's most elaborate boulevard, is arrested by injunction proceedings in the circuit court. The new boulevard was to be an extension of Kensington avenue, parallel with Anthony boulevard, starting with the Maysville road and running north to State boulevard. In order to protect the boulevard and the city adjacent, which was to have been placed along the driveway, a dike was to be run north and south at the city limits, from the region of Edgewater avenue to the Maysville road.

Phoebe Hamilton owns property on Kensington avenue. She claims in her court complaint that the dike being heaped up for the dike, as a protection against the Maumee river, is damaging her property. She filed injunction proceedings. James S. Poddick and Levi McAfee are named as defendants. If the damages are allowed the boulevard project may be dropped altogether.

Mark Water Levels. The water levels, established on the abutment of the old Main street bridge are being repaired. The numbers have been extended to mark the flood tide up to 27 feet, the level of the flood of 1913. The city has granted permission for a commercial organization to place an electric sign on the ancient stone abutment.

Inspecting Work. Members of the board of works spent a part of Thursday morning in the inspection of paving improvements which are under way on Fox avenue, and several alleys of the city. The avenue paving job is moving rapidly. Much of the brick pavement has been installed in the alley east of Hanna street. Work of building sidewalks along Grace avenue is progressing at a good rate.

FARMER KILLED ON TRACK.

Lafayette, Ind., May 31.—Michael Niehsen, 75, a farmer, was instantly killed this morning at 8:15 o'clock when he was struck by westbound Big Four passenger train No. 9, five miles west of here. He was crossing the tracks and when he saw an eastbound train bearing down upon him he stepped in front of the westbound train.

SOUTH BEND BUYS BONDS.

South Bend, Ind., May 31.—South Bend's subscription to the Liberty loan will reach the million dollar mark this week. Manufacturing institutions and retail stores are making liberal purchases and in turn will dispose of the bonds to employees on the installment plan.

ACCOUNTANTS TO HOLD
ANNUAL MEETING HERE

Central Electric Railway Men in Session at the Anthony June 8 and 9.

The annual session of the Central Electric Railway Accountants' association will be held at the Hotel Anthony here, Friday and Saturday, June 8 and 9. A program composed of reports, business meetings and addresses has been prepared for the accountants.

Membership in the association is made up of the heads of accounting departments in the various roads affiliated with the Central Electric Railway association. H. E. Vordermark, vice president of the Fort Wayne and Northern Indiana Traction company, is the representative of that company in the association. Officers are: Oren A. Small, of Benton Harbor, Mich., president, and A. L. Neereanser, of Indianapolis, secretary.

The program of the convention is as follows:

Friday, June 8.
9:00 a. m.—Executive meeting.
10:00 a. m.—Regular session at Hotel Anthony.

Report of the executive committee. Report of the standing committee on passenger and freight accounts. Report of the clearing house committee.

Adjournment for lunch.

Afternoon Session.

Address: "Proper Classification for Light and Power Accounting"—A. E. Dedrick, auditor of the Youngstown and Sharon Street Railway, Youngstown, Ohio.

Report of the committee on electric light and power accounting.

Address: "Work Order Systems, Railway and Light and Power"—A. C. Vandrieck, chief accountant of the Toledo Railway and Light company, Toledo, Ohio.

Saturday, June 9.

(9:30 a. m.)

Address: "Maintaining a Light and Power Construction Department"—Karl A. George, auditor of the Indiana Railway and Light company, Kokomo, Ind.

Address: "Need of Raising the Standard of Men Employed in the So-Called Minor Positions of Railway Organizations"—R. H. Jacobs, assistant auditor of the Cleveland Railway, Cleveland, Ohio.

General business.

IN THE CHURCHES

REV. KRATZ SPEAKS

AT CLASSIS SESSION

Convention to Be Held at

Magley Church Beginning

Thursday Evening.

Rev. F. W. Kratz, D. D., pastor of the Salem Reformed church, of this city, and Rev. F. Diehm, of Huntington, will be the speakers at the celebration of the 400th anniversary of the Reformation at the Magley, Ind., church Sunday afternoon. The celebration is part of the program of the convention of the Reformed churches of the United States, which begins at Magley Thursday evening.

Rev. O. Engelman, president of the classis, will open the convention with a sermon. Friday preparatory service for holy communion will be held and Rev. H. Kattman, of Berne, Ind., will preach. Sunday morning Rev. W. H. Schroder, of Gary, Cruz, and Rev. O. H. Scherry, of Garrett, Ind., will address the Sunday school. Rev. L. W. Stoltz, of Decatur, will conduct the morning communion service.

On Sunday evening Rev. Kratz will speak again, this time on the subject, "Our Publications." Rev. John Winter, superintendent of the Fort Wayne orphans' home, will tell about the work done in the institution. Monday morning the final business session will be held and adjournment will take place.

Church Notes.

Loyal Women's Bible class of the West Creighton Avenue Church of Christ will hold its monthly business and social meeting Friday afternoon at the home of Mrs. Anna Coblentz, 1505 Hale avenue.

Married ladies of St. Peter's church will entertain at cards Friday afternoon in the school hall.

The Ladies' society of the South Wayne Baptist church will meet with Mrs. Will Bovine, 816 Home avenue, Friday afternoon.

Crescent branch of the W. C. T. U. meets Friday afternoon at the home of Mrs. D. A. Christopher, 2519 North Anthony boulevard.

The Altruists of the First Evangelical church will meet Monday evening at the home of Mrs. N. J. Batchelder, 1330 North Harrison street.

The regular meeting of the W. I. C. Bible class of the First Baptist church will be held at the home of Mrs. Leech, 122 East Sutherland street, Friday evening, June 1.

BROTHER DEAD IN MONTICELLO.

Charles L. Biederwolf, secretary of the Commercial club, left Wednesday for Monticello, in response to a telegram stating that his brother was at the point of death. A telegram received here Wednesday night announced that his brother had died an hour before Mr. Biederwolf's arrival in Monticello.

RUSH MADE
FOR PAPERS

Nearly Seventy-Five Men Crowd Into Clerk's Office Thursday.

FOUR MORE DAYS TO
QUALIFY FOR HEARING

Many Have Waited Too Long and Must Take Out Declarations Again.

Unnaturalized German citizens took the county clerk's office by storm Thursday.

There was a big rush made to secure the second papers upon the announcement that the time was getting limited in which to qualify for the hearing next September 4. An announcement was made that this would be the last day, but according to the law men who wish to have a hearing before the commissioner next September will have Friday and Saturday and Monday and Tuesday in which to file their second papers.

From early Thursday morning shortly after the office was opened the men began to pour in with their witnesses. At 11 o'clock by actual count there were seventy-two men in the clerk's office. It was estimated late Thursday afternoon that before the office closes seventy-five second papers will have been handed out.

Nearly Fifty Years Ago.

In the majority of cases, failure to take out the second papers has been an oversight, as the men after taking out declaration of intentions enjoyed the full rights of full-fledged citizens and consequently forgot that actually they were not as yet real citizens under the Stars and Stripes.

One man who came for his second papers Thursday morning had taken out the declaration on October 5, 1868, nearly fifty years ago. He, however, presented himself and paid the required four dollars for the writ.

First Papers Invalid. Several men who came to the office to get their second papers were informed that their declaration papers were invalid. On June 29, 1906, and since that time the clause has been inserted on the first papers announcing that the papers shall be considered null and void and shall not be used for any purpose, seven years after date of issuance.

Men who therefore took out their first papers between June 28, 1906 and May 31, 1910, cannot secure the second papers, but must take out their declaration of intentions again. Men who took out the papers previous to this date, however, are safe and can secure the writ which makes them eligible to a hearing next September.

Will Come Next Monday.

Definite word has been received that Mark Storen or another representative of the government from Indianapolis will arrive in Fort Wayne next Monday morning. He will establish his office on the second floor of the federal building.

All Fort Wayne residents who were born in an alien enemy's country and who have not as yet completed their citizenship will have to appear before this magistrate and receive permits to work in any factory which is manufacturing anything for the government and who resides within a radius of half a mile of any such factory.

RENDER APPROPRIATE
PROGRAM AT C. C. H. S.

Deputy Marshal Will Arrive

Monday to Examine

Alien Enemies.

The time for alien enemies to secure permits to work in factories engaged in the making of supplies for the government and to live within one-half mile of such institutions in accordance with a proclamation by the president has been extended to June 9, according to word received in this city, Thursday.

Mark Storen, a deputy from the United States marshal's office at Indianapolis, who was to have arrived Thursday, sends word that it will be impossible for him to get here before Monday, but he will be here on that date without fail. He will start examining those who come under the president's proclamation at once on the second floor of the federal building.

It is estimated that there are more than 1,000 alien enemies in Fort Wayne. By alien enemies is meant those who are not fully naturalized. Many have the impression that those having taken out their first naturalization papers will not have to secure permits. This is a mistake.

GET RID OF MAJOR RAY.

Washington, May 31.—Army orders today show that Major Becher B. Ray, quartermaster corps, has been retired for disability, with the rank of lieutenant-colonel. His withdrawal from active service clears the way for promotions in the corps, held up for a long period as the result of a controversy which attained the proportions of a special congressional inquiry in which Ray was the central figure.

TO MUSTER CAVALRY TROOP.

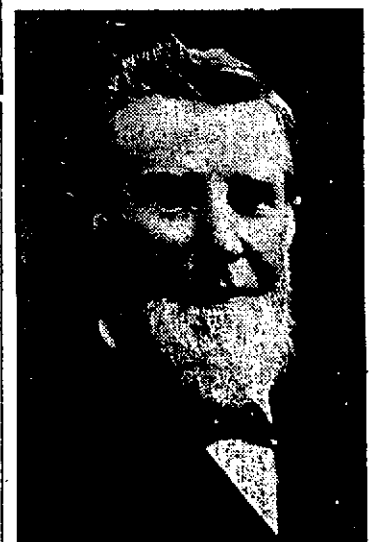
Elkhart, Ind., May 31.—Arrangements have been completed for mustering into the national guard of the troop of cavalry recently organized here. The local troop is under command of Lieut. H. A. Hoffman.

PIONEER BUSINESS
MAN ANSWERS CALL

Michael Baltes Had Been Prominent Resident Here Since 1861.

Michael Baltes, 81 years old, pioneer business man and owner of the Baltes hotel building, died at his home, 221 West Berry street, Wednesday noon. Death came from a complication of diseases and followed an illness of ten days' duration.

Mr. Baltes was born in Oberkirchen, Germany, February 16, 1836. He came to the United States when a young man, locating in New York when about eighteen years of age. He remained



MICHAEL BALTES.

there, however, only two months before he started west. He settled in Whitley county and then went to Huntington, where he learned the marble cutters trade. He soon entered into the lime business, and that had been his chief occupation most of his life, although he had been interested in many other business enterprises. He was founder of the Ohio and Western Lime company, and as proprietor of such built many buildings of note, among which are the Chester, Ill., penitentiary, the local Pennsylvania shops and the Episcopal church.

As an active business man in Fort Wayne since 1861, Mr. Baltes had become well known not only in business circles, but among nearly all the residents of the city. He had not confined his business enterprises to contracting and building, but had become interested in many other business projects, and at the time of his death was stockholder in a large number of Fort Wayne concerns. During the pioneer days of Fort Wayne's history Mr. Baltes operated three large tow boats on the old canal, and brought stone and lime from his quarries in Huntington in this manner. Not only had he been interested in business affairs, but he had always taken a keen interest in politics. He served at one time as councilman.

The loss of Mr. Baltes will be felt by the entire city. He was admired by business associates as a man of sterling integrity and loved by friends for his cheery disposition and open-hearted generosity.

Surviving relatives are the widow, one daughter, Mrs. H. T. Swegman; one son, Edward M. Baltes, and one grandchild, Beatrice Baltes.

TIME IS EXTENDED
HERE TO JUNE 9

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WANTS ORGANIZATION
FORMED SOON LOCALLY

County Superintendent Gets Instructions from State Committee Secretary.

County Superintendent D. O. McComb has received a communication from J. J. Pettijohn, secretary of the state committee, in which it is asked that an organization be formed in this county as soon as possible. The letter, which is self explanatory, follows:

"Recently County Superintendent Martin sent you a copy of the program for mobilizing the educational forces of Indiana. That program as you have noted was approved by the governor and the state board of education. The next step is then to complete the local organization. It is upon that subject that I am writing you."

"The state committee on the mobilization of the educational forces of Indiana instructed me, their secretary, to ask each county superintendent to call a meeting of all the city superintendents in his county to form a county council on the mobilization of the educational forces of the county for war service."

"The personnel of the permanent county council should consist of the county superintendent and all of the city superintendents in the county. The work of the council is to organize local committees (city, town and township) which are to initiate and direct some of the war service suggested in the state program. The county council should co-ordinate the work of the local committees they organize and should exercise other necessary supervisory influence throughout the county. Each county council should appoint a secretary who will have whatever local secretarial duties the council may assign to him, and who should also make a bi-weekly report to the secretary of the state committee, the report to give a brief record of the war service activities in the county and the results of these activities."

"You will understand that the state committee knows that many of the counties, cities and rural committees have already inaugurated much that is suggested in the state program. However, all, not many, should be active. Will you therefore organize at once your county and instruct your county council secretary to report to the state committee secretary? The state committee should be of service to the county councils. It cannot be until the councils are organized and the secretaries are reporting to the state secretary. Let's begin."

ARGUING FOR WRIT
TO ENJOIN DRAFT

Suit Against Officials in

Kansas City to Prevent

Action is Heard.

Kansas City, Mo., May 31.—Arguments on petitions to enjoin Governor Gardner, Mayor Edwards and other state, county and city officials from enforcing the draft registration next Tuesday, were opened in the circuit court here today. The state was represented by F. W. McAllister, attorney general of Missouri. The argument to be presented by J. D. Sheveller, attorney for the petitioners, was that the registration and draft was illegal, as it violated amendments of the federal constitution.

Jacob Harzfeld, attorney for Mayor Edwards, was prepared to assert that the supreme court of the United States had held the draft to be legal. He had quotations from a supreme court decision which said that a man "may be compelled by force, against his will, without regard to his personal liberty or even his religious or political belief to take his place in the ranks of the army."

The injunction proceedings were filed in the names of Raymond L. Moore and Thomas Sullivan, representing an organization known as the Federation for Democratic Control.

BATTERY D ELECTS
OFFICERS MONDAY

Resignation of Lieutenant

Luther Mertz is Accepted

by War Department.

Battery D, the artillery organization of Fort Wayne, will hold its election of officers next Monday evening immediately after the registration day parade. Several of the officers have been transferred to the new battery unit and consequently new officers must be named.

Captain John Schoffer Thursday morning received word from the war department that the resignation of First Lieutenant Luther Mertz was being accepted. The entire company of men will be grieved to learn of this announcement as Lieutenant Mertz was an old officer who stood by his men while on the border last summer.

Gets High Rating.

Word has been received by the commissioned officer of Company B, signal corps that the Fort Wayne company has been rated the highest in the state. It is given a rating of 98 per cent, or nearly perfect.

MAKE REPLY
TO MANAGER

Linemen Insist Telephone Company Has Much Work to Be Done.

THEY ARE ASKING

45 CENTS AN HOUR

Strike is Endorsed by Fort

Wayne Federation of Labor.

Twelve linemen of the Home Telephone & Telegraph company are still on strike demanding 45 cents an hour, nine-hour day and one-half day's work when weather will not permit outside work.

In a statement issued by William L. Moellering, general manager of the company, it is stated that the walk-out was a matter of surprise for the reason that no grievances on the part of the men had ever been voiced to the management. The statement follows:

"The company's policy at all times has been to lend a hearing to any man in its employ, but in this instance not a word of complaint had been brought to the office. It is true that two of the men were laid off, solely on the ground that the volume of work was less than usual, and, in fact, instructions had been given by the manager to the foreman in charge that all new construction and such repair work as not absolutely necessary would be stopped for the present year because of the prevailing exorbitant prices and difficulty in obtaining materials. The situation in the telephone business is perhaps worse than in many other lines. It is now necessary to place orders for material from six months to one year ahead. And the prices for materials are from 10 to 500 per cent higher than two or three years ago. For instance, the company now pays for copper wire 41 cents a pound, for which it formerly paid 12 cents a pound. Cables formerly bought for 32 cents a foot now cost from 65 to 85 cents and more a foot. And this condition applies to practically every item entering into the construction work of the company. When you take into consideration that the company receives no more for its service than it did when conditions were normal, it will readily be seen that with enormously increased cost of both material and labor great care must be observed in the conduct of the business. Every line of business except the public utilities has been able to meet the rising costs by increasing the price of the selling products, and a condition like the present, by reason of the inability of public utilities to meet the rising costs by obtaining more for their products, is bound to cause embarrassment. The wages paid to the linemen are on a par with those paid by other telephone companies, and are practically the same as paid by the traction company, and if any discrepancy existed it could readily have been adjusted if the men had submitted their complaint to the management. The work of telephone linemen is much less hazardous than the work of linemen employed in the stringing and construction work of electric light wire lines, and the Home Telephone company has at all times sought to consider the welfare of its men by keeping them constantly employed, either indoors or outdoors, regardless of weather conditions, so that a full month's pay could at all times be counted upon."

"Prevailing high living expenses are now largely curtailing contracts for new lines, and the company at this time does not have over a dozen contracts for new subscribers on its files, and the company is in a condition to maintain the service lines now up and to take care of any new business that develops."

Linemen Make Answer. Arthur Bennett, Springfield, Ill., general organizer of the linemen's union, made the following answer in behalf of the striking linemen Thursday.

"Mr. Moellering is mistaken when he says that the linemen are receiving the same wages as those in the employ of other companies and as one example we wish to cite the linemen in the employ of the city, who are receiving \$3.60, while the telephone company's linemen receive but \$3.10. On rainy days the telephone linemen are laid off and not given inside work."

"The reason those desiring telephone cannot get them is due to the fact that both the main and south side cables are full and the company refuses to make the necessary changes, although the company has wages of cable strung away."

"We know to a certainty that the company now has forty contracts and changes on file in its office awaiting to be attended to. Besides, there are eighty new lines to be moved to the Ohio state line and four miles of toll line to be rebuilt on the Huntington line, blown down by the recent storm. Those wishing private lines cannot get them for the reason the company refuses to put up the necessary cable to take care of them."

"It has been the experience of the linemen that when one of the men does have a grievance and states it to the proper authority, a few days later he is laid off. This has happened frequently."

The strike of the linemen has been endorsed by the Fort Wayne Federation of Labor.

File Clerk V. W. Dawson, of the Pennsylvania motive power offices, took a swing around the circle of towns southwest and west of Fort Wayne yesterday in his automobile, covering 102 miles. "Weather and roads were fine," Mr. Dawson said, "and we had a pleasant time."



AMERICAN FOREIGN

W. M. HUGHES . PREMIER OF AUSTRALIA.

Australia has led the world in labor organization. Over a territory as large as the United States has been scattered a population less than that of New York. A country where only about 100,000 inhabitants yet these people, conscious of the dignity of labor and its rights, have so legislated that the worker of Australia is probably the happiest physical toiler on the face of the earth. W. M. Hughes, the prime minister, is at once the biggest and the smallest figure in Australian politics. He combines tremendous dynamic mental force with a wasted, emaciated physique. It is said that he is a chronic dyspeptic; it is certain that on the scales he can hardly hold down 100 pounds. He is partly deaf. These seem to be a measure of disabilities, but in spite of them see what this man has accomplished. From being an ill-paid school teacher in England he drifted into manual work for which his delicate frame was so unfitted, that of a wharf laborer. Yet it was from the Waterside Workers' union that he made his first jump off into the political maelstrom. Premier Hughes has all the qualities an American admires—force, drive, initiative, courage, eloquence, personality.

with LOCAL APPLICATIONS, as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. Catarrh cannot be cured, greatly improved by constitutional conditions, and in order to cure it you must take an internal remedy. Hall's Catarrh Medicine is taken into the mucous surfaces of the system. Hall's Catarrh Medicine was prescribed by one of the best physicians in this country for years. It is composed of the best of the long known ingredients combined with some of the best blood purifiers. The perfect combination of the ingredients in Hall's Catarrh Medicine is what produces the cures in all the most critical conditions. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O.
All druggists, **50c**
Hall's Catarrh Medicine for constipation.

Woodburn will have a flag raising on Saturday, June 2nd. It will be held at the intersection of Main and

For the ten months ending with April, 1917, the imports amounted to 2,072 millions against 1,723 millions in 1916 and 1,374 millions in 1915.

The excess of exports over imports amounted to 3,560 million in the twelve

2 SATTERFIELD D-2

Sentinel Want Ads Bring Results.

The Rebekahs initiated Mrs. Minnie Black and daughter, Inez, and Miss Ernie Dull. The semi-annual election of officers was also held. Mrs. Waldo

5-2-tf Shoaff Bldg.
Sentinel Want Ads. Pay.

Phone 298
1025 Calhoun St.

time loans.
**WAYNE MORTGAGE
LOAN CO.,**
LINCOLN LIFE BUILDING.

Indiana Furniture Co.
121-123 East Main Street.

SENTINEL WANT
ADS. ALWAYS
GET RESULTS

1¢

A WORD

PHONE 173

Leg Sore

A huge new—very deep—full of foal discharge. Apply all day; no rest at night. Then just a few drops of the cooling liquid, D. D. D. Irritating and cooling. Sweet, refreshing deep at night. In due time, complete cure. We guarantee D. D. D. 50c, 100c and \$1.00.

D. D. D.
The Liquid Wash
DREIER DRUG CO.

Of the four Reformed denominations in the United States, the Reformed church in America (Dutch Reformed) is the oldest; it has more than 700 churches. The Reformed church in the United States (German Reformed) is the largest, with about 1,800 churches. The Hungarian Reformed church, organized in 1904, is the youngest; it has seventy-four churches. The Christian Reformed church in North America is third in age and size. It has 231 churches and 35,000 members.

They Look White But Kill the Light

Meigs Neutro Lenses in glasses or goggles make outing a pleasure.

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NEUTRO LENSES

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Lyric Theater Bldg.

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Hay Fever and Catarrh—New Method
Developed on western coast. Completely relieves all symptoms. Not an experiment but a scientifically proven cure.
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We grind lens in
our own factory.
MFG OPTICIAN ROOM 201
ARCADE.

PICKARD'S
for all
kinds of
Chairs

IF YOU WANT
THE BIG WAR NEWS
TODAY BUY
The Evening Sentinel

THE COAST LINE TO MACKINAC
The Coast Line to Mackinac affords a vacation trip not only pleasurable but restful and healthful. The delightful coolness of the lake breezes, the luxurious appointments of the commodious steamers, the excellent cuisine of the dining service—all these combine to make the D. & C. Mackinac trip a favorite with all those who combine vacation with business.
Among the special features of this trip are the "Dove-Boat" dining room, the "Great Lakes" wireless service, and the "Great Lakes" wireless service.
STEAMER SCHEDULES
Mackinac Island steamers leave Detroit—Mondays and Saturdays, 6:00 p. m.; Wednesdays and Fridays, 8:00 a. m. Steamers leave Toledo for Mackinac and vice versa—Mondays and Saturdays, 6:00 p. m.; Wednesdays and Fridays, 8:00 a. m. Daily service between Detroit and Mackinac—Two trips daily between Detroit and Mackinac. Send for illustrated pamphlet and Great Lakes Map. Address: L. H. Lewis, Detroit, Mich.
Detroit & Cleveland Navigation Company
Philip H. McMillan, President.
A. A. Schantz, V. Pres. & Gen. Mgr.



MAKING A GARDEN.

SWEET POTATOES.

(Another of a series of articles edited by the committee on publicity and information of the National Food Relief committee, Fort Wayne branch. This one by Norma Ert.)
The cultivation of the sweet potato is discussed in an excellent manner in farmers' bulletin No. 255, United States department of agriculture, as follows:
"The sweet potato is of a tropical nature and succeeds best in the warm, sandy loam soil of the southern states. Sweet potatoes are, however, grown commercially as far north as the southern line of the state of Pennsylvania, and for family use even in southern New York and Michigan. A warm, loose sandy soil is best adapted to the production of sweet potatoes, and good drainage is essential. In order to improve the drainage condition, it is customary to set the plants on top of ridges which are thrown up by means of a plow. Two furrows being turned together. For best results the soil should be well fertilized throughout, but in commercial sweet potato culture the plan is frequently adopted of placing the fertilizer or manure in a furrow and then turning the ridge up over it. The manure should be evenly distributed, and it is advisable to run a cultivator once or twice in the furrow to mix the manure with the soil. Too much manure in one spot under a hill will produce a large growth of vine at the expense of the potatoes.
"Toward the northern part of the area over which sweet potatoes are grown it is necessary to start the plants in a hotbed in order that the length of season may be sufficient to mature the crop. The roots that are too small for marketing are used for seed, and these are bedded close together in the hotbed and covered with about 2 inches of sand or fine soil, such as loam. The seed should be bedded about five or six weeks before it will be safe to set the plants in the open ground, which is usually about May 15 or May 20. Toward the last the hotbed should be ventilated very freely in order to harden off the plants.

"The ridges for planting sweet potatoes should be 3 to 5 feet apart and the plants about 14 inches apart in the row. Cultivate sufficiently to keep the surface soil loose and free from weeds, and the vines will soon cover the ground, after which no cultivation will be necessary. In the warmer parts of the country the seed is not bedded, but is cut in small pieces and planted in the ridges instead of plants. After the plants come up and begin to make vines freely, pieces of the vines are removed and used as cuttings for planting additional areas, the cuttings taking root and growing the same as plants grown from seed. In this manner 3 or 4 plantings are made, the last being as late as the middle of July. If a rainy spell be selected for making and planting the cuttings, very few will fail to grow, and an excellent crop may be produced.
"To the north, sweet potatoes are dug as soon as the vines are nipped by frost. In the south the potatoes are allowed to remain in the ground until a convenient time for handling them, and in Florida or Texas they

are frequently left until required for use. Sweet potatoes should be dug on a bright drying day when the soil is not too wet. On a small scale they may be dug with a spading fork, and great care should be taken that the roots do not become bruised or injured in the process of handling. It is desirable that the roots should be exposed for two or three hours to dry thoroughly, after which they may be placed in a warm, well ventilated room to cure for several days. The proper temperature for curing sweet potatoes is from 80 degrees to 90 degrees Fahrenheit and 45 or 55 degrees Fahrenheit afterwards. A small crop may be cured around the kitchen stove, and later stored in a dry room where there will be no danger of their becoming too cold. Sweet potatoes should be handled as little as possible, especially after they have been cured.
"Sweet potatoes are used the same as Irish potatoes, and may also be employed in making pies the same as squash. For further information the reader should obtain farmers' bulletin No. 123, entitled 'Sweet Potatoes.'

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NEWS OF FORT WAYNE'S NEIGHBORS

BEES, FIRE AND ELECTRICITY.
Wabash, Ind., May 31.—Wabash firemen have battled fires under difficulties for two days. Called to a garage which was burning the men stirred up several hundred bees which were lodging between two floors. The bees at once settled on the firemen and ladders and several of the men were stung. Later, the men were called to extinguish flames on top of a traction pole carrying 94,000 volts of electricity. Despite the fact that the flames threatened a large horse barn nearby, the men found it impossible to throw water after one fireman had been hurled from his feet when the current followed the stream to the nozzle.

BLOW AT POOL ROOMS.
Portland, Ind., May 31.—The city council has aimed a blow at the pool rooms of the city when that body proposed passing an ordinance fixing closing hours, removal of screens, license fees and a penalty of \$50 for disobeying this ordinance. The hours fixed for closing will be 11 o'clock on week days and 12 o'clock on Saturday nights, when they must remain closed until 8 o'clock Monday morning.

NOTIFIED TO VACATE.
Kendallville, Ind., May 31.—Postmaster Hart has notified E. A. Hirsch, who, with his tenants, occupy the site of the proposed new building, to vacate the premises within thirty days. This is taken to mean that work on the new postoffice building to be erected here will be started within the next few weeks.

DEATH AT VAN WERT.
Van Wert, Ohio, May 31.—Theophilus Hammer, son of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Hammer, is dead, following a lingering illness of many months. Death due to tuberculosis. He was thirty-one years old and was born in Van Wert.

DRAFT BOARD ORGANIZES.
Van Wert, Ohio, May 31.—The Van Wert county selective conscription board, or, as it is more generally known, as the draft board, has organized and is ready for its work as soon as instructions on how to proceed are received. At present the board is forced to mark time and wait until directions are received.

MAX INCREASE GAS RATES.
Kendallville, Ind., May 31.—An approximate increase of twenty-five percent will probably be put into effect soon by the Indiana Fuel & Light company. The company has asked for permission to increase its rates for the public service commission. The reason for asking for an increase, according to the petition, is because of the increased cost of coal and labor.

CONDUCTS EXAMINATION.
Kendallville, Ind., May 31.—Major Henry Humphrey gave the new recruits of Company D, I. N. G., a physical examination Tuesday night. It was stated by Captain Snyder that if enough volunteer recruits can be secured to fill the two companies in Noble county to war strength it is possible that conscription will not be in evidence in this county.

JAIL CONTRACT AWARDED.
Auburn, Ind., May 31.—The contract for the erection of a new county jail has been awarded to Harry H. Achamer, of Auburn, whose bid was \$87,650, with several alternate bids, making the net bid \$52,915 for which the contract was let. The bond was fixed at \$70,000. The new jail building will be of brick and stone trimming.

NEW RED CROSS CHAPTER.
Warsaw, Ind., May 31.—A Red Cross chapter has been organized in Kosciusko county with the election of the following officers: President, Judge F. E. Bower; vice president, Rev. M. H. Lyon; secretary, Dr. P. E. Zartmann; treasurer, J. F. Shoup; executive committee, W. W. Reed, W. H. Kingery, C. T. Frazier, L. H. Williams, E. A. Gast, William Felker, Rev. L. J. Nafziger.

DEATH AT CHURUBUSCO.
Churubusco, Ind., May 31.—Following an illness of several months due to

a complication of diseases, Albert O. Nease, forty-five years old, died at the home of his mother, Mrs. Julia Nease. Surviving relatives are besides the mother, two brothers, Simpson Nease, of this city; one sister, Mrs. Celestia Halferty, of Richmond.

ENGAGEMENTS ANNOUNCED.
Avilla, Ind., May 31.—The approaching marriage of two young couples was announced in St. Mary's Catholic church last Sunday morning for the first time. They are: Miss Tillie Blotkamp, of southeast of town, and Mr. Emmet Traxler, of Garrett; Miss Alice Lash and Mr. Sidney Bush, both of this township.

RECRUITS ARE EXAMINED.
Decatur, Ind., May 31.—Medical Examiner Stout has conducted a physical examination this week of the men who have enlisted in Company A, Indiana national guard, who have not been previously examined.

WILL HAVE FLAG RAISING.
Van Wert, Ohio, May 31.—There will be a flag raising ceremony here in connection with registration day.

HON. J. W. HANAN AT WATERLOO.
Waterloo, Ind., May 31.—The Decoration day address was delivered here by Hon. John W. Hanan, of Lagrange.

A tornado policy is not expensive. Order at once from Clint Willson. Phone 893.

SPENCERVILLE NEWS.
Spencerville, Ind., May 31.—Relatives and friends of over fifty gathered on Sunday at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Edward Billman near Wise's Corners and surprised them in honor of their thirty-sixth birthday anniversary.

Mr. and Mrs. Tracy Gratz and family, of Tecumseh, Mich.; Mrs. Florence Hursh, of Fort Wayne; Mr. and Mrs. H. L. Tomlin and daughter; Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Holt and grandson, of Harlan; Mrs. Trimble and children; Mrs. Arnold and children, and Mrs. Mary Sander and family met at the home of Mrs. Luella Smith on Saturday in honor of her daughter, Little Rosa Smith's fifth birthday anniversary.

Mr. and Mrs. R. U. Bower were Tuesday evening guests of Mrs. Dan Hock and family.

Miss Lilla Ferguson, of Cleveland, who has been visiting her friend, Miss Elma Willmot several weeks, returned

home, Tuesday. She was accompanied as far as Fort Wayne by Mrs. Frank House and Mrs. Vern Willmot. Mr. and Mrs. Robert Duval spent Tuesday with relatives at Auburn.

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SOLID COMFORT

Clean through, from the shape of the last to the "feel" of the leather.

STACY ADAMS SHOE

"None but the best."

M. A P P

916 CALHOUN STREET.

HARVARD BOYS LEARN TO DIG TRENCHES



Harvard university recruits are here shown learning to dig trenches under direction of French army officers. They are learning the arts of modern warfare in the open plain near the university at Cambridge, Mass.

LARWILL NEWS.
Larwill, Ind., May 31.—The W. C. T. U. will meet with Mrs. Jake Halderman Tuesday afternoon.

Paul Smith, principal of the schools here, went to Valparaiso to take up a summer course.

R. R. Whisman, ticket agent here, is taking a vacation, and W. C. White-leather is taking his place for the time.

Mrs. Anna King, of Bourbon, is visiting at the J. F. Patterson home.

Mrs. Pat Simonson, south of town, is quite ill.

Mrs. Aaron Stickler is spending a few days at Warsaw with friends.

Mrs. Herbert King, of Syracuse, is visiting her sister, Mrs. A. D. Haines, for a few days.

Mrs. Roy King went to Warsaw Tuesday.

Melvin and Irvin Blanchard, sons of Mr. and Mrs. Irvin Blanchard,

south of town, celebrated their fourteenth and twelfth birthdays Saturday by entertaining a number of their friends.

Scratch tablets—just the thing for school children, 2 for 5c and 5c each, at Sentinel office. 5-14-17

Sentinel Want Ads. Bring Results.

DR. J. A. CHAPMAN
OSTEOPATHIC PHYSICIAN
Specializing in Acute Diseases.
Shoaff Bldg.—Fifth Floor.
2722—PHONES—2614 Blue.

Paul E. Wolf Bedding Co.
619 and 621 Clinton St. Phone 404.
Renovating Mattresses, Upholstery, Packing and Crating Furniture, Carpet Cleaning.

HAVE you ever considered your plumbing equipment from the standpoint of home health? There is no feature about the house that tends to maintain the health of yourself and family more than a sanitary plumbing equipment.

Standard Plumbing Fixtures and our high-grade workmanship provide every requisite of a sanitary and efficient plumbing equipment and insure permanent satisfaction.

M. F. NOLL,
Plumbing and Heating Contractor
333 E. Jefferson St.

A. W. Littlefield, J. Wade Pitcher
"We Keep 'Em Rolling"
Harrison Garage Co.,
Repairing and Storage.
Ford Repair Service.
EDW. J. JORDAN, Mgr.
Phone 958. 506-08 Harrison St.

ROUGH ON RATS
Unbeatable Extremator
of Rats, Mice and Bugs
Used the World Over—Used by U.S. Government
The Old Reliable That Never Fails—15c, 25c, 50c, 1.00
THE RECOGNIZED STANDARD—AVOID SUBSTITUTES

CITY TRUCKING CO.
Storage of Household Goods, Pianos, Etc.
Hauling and Moving of Every Description
OFFICE—CORNER CALHOUN AND SUPERIOR.
Phone 122-1429.

OUT OF THE FIRST LINE TRENCHES FOR A TRIP TO GOD'S COUNTRY

Fight Until Death, Never Go Back, Is Rule of Modern War, Says French Hero

A FRONT line trench," said Joseph Heligon. "Think of a gash in the earth, flanked by irregular piles of sandbags, a red-rusted field of barbed wire in front, and the zig-zag of communicating channels behind."

"Think of mud underfoot and a clean sky above, clean except for the puff balls of shrapnel from the 'Archies' chasing the drifting speck of an aeroplane across the blue."

"Think of the stench of men who live too close together in the rabbit warrens of bomb-proofs, and of that more terrible stench from the huddled heaps out there in 'no man's' land."

"Imagine the ghastly stare of star shells in the night, the death-like pallor of observation rockets roaring up from the enemies' trenches a few rods away; the throb of the big guns in the distance, the sharper note of nearer field pieces, the blasting shock of bursting shells—all the mud and the blood, the terror and the quake-like tremors, the courage and the cringing, the false cowardice of the brave and that kind of bravery of men who are afraid to show fear."

"All that you see in a first-line trench."

B

ACK from 'hell'."

That is the way Joseph Heligon, former French instructor of St. Louis, expressed his opinion, after spending two years and five months fighting in the first-line trenches

of the great war in which the United States has decided to take a hand.

Listening to the whir of the deadly shrapnel, feeling the terrific concussion following the bursting of the largest shells manufactured by the greatest munitions plants in the world, was depicted by him as a "living, breathing, gasping bell"—the kind only heard of before from the religious fanatic.

Heligon came to the United States in 1910, after serving three years in the French army. At that time he was on the reserve list, to be called out when his country needed him. He was in St. Louis, enjoying the peace and quiet found only in this country, when the first news of the great world war swept the United States.

Not waiting to be called back to do his "duty," he severed his St. Louis connections and departed for Bordeaux, France, where, with thousands of other men equally as well trained in military tactics, he reported for active service.

His first placement was with an armored automobile, operating a machine gun. He had experience in that branch of fighting. But not for long was he to be allowed to enjoy such light war measures, for soon came orders commanding him to report to another gun squad and be detailed to the terrible Champagne country, where the fighting was the fiercest.

The task allotted to him on the automobile was anything but an easy one, but when compared to that of fighting in the trenches, often hand to hand with the enemy, it was not regarded as dangerous.

Unused to Conditions.

The regiment he was with began the first winter of the war in the trenches along the front lines, backing the incessant attacks of the Germans. The men were in most part unused to the conditions of privation and severe cold that had to be endured, and many of them were sent back to the base hospitals total wrecks after a month of fighting.

Several weeks of the winter had passed when a severe attack of fever, brought on by the cold and exposure, sent Heligon back to the interior hospital to die or to be made well enough to again enter the battle.

As soon as he was able to sit up and be on his feet for more than an hour at a time he was put in the Postal Control Department, helping censor mail coming to and from the soldiers at the front. This job was given him because of his ability to read and write five different languages.

When able to be on his feet all day he was pronounced "well" by the officials and ordered to report to a regiment that was to relieve some of the men fighting at the great battle of Verdun.

Again he was one of the men placed in the first-line trenches and dugouts, generally considered as "suicide" or a "sacrifice to the country" by the soldiers, because of the fact that few men were able to escape death after a few weeks of fighting there. Two weeks in the front lines and the men were withdrawn and others took their places.

From Verdun Heligon was again ordered to accompany the regiments to relieve the situation back in the Champagne country. There the fighting continued month after month, described by him as a hideous "nightmare."

Suffering from several injuries and nervous condition, he was granted a thirty-one day furlough, and left the battle-swept country on March 10 last.

Heligon's story of some of his experiences and the things to be endured by the soldier in the French army follow:

"My work in the gun squad was that of 'range-finding.' I would figure the angles and



Joseph Heligon

some standing erect as though alive. They could not be reached by their comrades because to make the attempt meant certain death. Some of the men, it could be seen, were not killed outright, but died from the lack of food, water and attention. One stretch of 'no man's land' was not cleared away for seven months, the bodies in plain view all the time.

"Gradually the men in our regiments began to get used to the mode of warfare, and did not mind the sound of the bursting shells of continuous bombardment. When night would cover the battlefields, the men would gather in small groups and spend a few hours telling stories, singing and playing cards.

"The food furnished the men at the beginning of the war was far superior to that to be had later on, for no one believed that the war could last for more than a year.

"For the men in the front trenches and in the reserve dugouts the worst retreat is not known, for should a sudden advance be made by the enemy, all left for them to do was in fight to the last, either stopping the advance or dying in the attempt. When a man in the front trench was killed, a man from the reserve dugout, located just in the rear of the trench, crawled over his dead body and took up the gun he had dropped, the barrel of which would often be so hot that one could almost light a cigarette on it. When the men were killed they would lie in the trenches in plain view and in a hand's reach for several days if the fighting was fierce.

Deadly Gas Comes Suddenly.

"It was at Verdun that I first came in contact with the Germans' deadly use of asphyxiating gases. On entering the trenches there I was given a mask that covered the entire head. This I was told to always keep with me. I also was given a small compressed air pump, that was to be carried on the back as a knapsack.

"When we least expected it we would suddenly be met with a rush of the gas forced forward by the bursting shells, the gas bags being attached to the shells. Our orders were to stop when the attack began and to clear the space around us by the use of the compressed air pumps. We were helped in this by the men in the rear lines forcing the gas back with a strong pressure of air, often driving the poison gas back on to the Germans.

"Although the masks we wore were supposed to protect us from the gas, it was very hard to breathe, and because we could not keep the masks on for any great length of time the eyesight was often injured to a great extent, some of the men being made totally blind.

"Often when one line of men in a front trench was ordered to advance, some of the poor fel-

lows, already so weak they could hardly stand up, would fall to the ground from utter exhaustion on account of the rough traveling over muddy, slushy ground.

"The two weeks I put in on the front line at Verdun left me almost a nervous wreck, and I was glad when we were ordered to drop back to the rear lines and let a relieving regiment take our place.

"A week later we were ordered back to the Champagne country, and there again took up the fight, often hand to hand, that I had left many months before.

"After fighting several weeks around the small villages in the Champagne country, the regiment—what was left of it—that I was in, was sent to participate in the battle at Somme. There the fighting was a simile to that at Verdun, the same hardships to be encountered, the same terrible scenes to be burned into the memory to live with you in dreams as long as life lasted.

"It was at Somme that I thought my worries were over. I had been fighting in the trench for several days; in fact, I had lost all account of time. In the middle of the night I was awakened by a terrible explosion that seemed to be right under me. That was the last I remembered until I was conscious of being carried to the rear lines.

"After a few days in the field hospital recovering from the shock, I learned that a large shell had exploded in my section of trench, and that I and my comrades had been buried alive by the upheaval of dirt. The reserve men in the dugout had come to our assistance at just that time, and they were the ones who rescued us. There were sixteen men in the trench at the time, and twelve of them were killed by the one explosion.

"Now I have been granted a short leave of absence, to once again taste of those things so good in this life but so often not appreciated by us. On my word of honor that I would return when my time was up and once again take up the duty of every Frenchman, I was allowed to visit my friends in the great, glorious and peaceful United States. For the first time in a year I knew what a clean bed and clean clothes felt like. As a result I am almost insane with ecstasy."

Heligon has almost lost the sight in one eye from the Germans' deadly gases and has received several painful injuries on the head and body. He said that when the boys at the French front first heard of the United States joining the forces of the allies they were both happy and sad—happy because of the possibility of the war's quick termination, and because of the sorrow that would come to the many happy families in this country.

Right to Left, Robert J. Roth, Corporal, General Recruiting Service, St. Louis; Joseph Heligon and First-Class Private Montgomery, Co. M, First Missouri Infantry.

distances of the targets, call them off to the men actually operating the gun, and they would do the rest.

"My first battle experience was terrible, for we were under fire for several days without being relieved by new troops. The sight of men, some of whom I had become acquainted with, being killed within a few feet of me almost drove me insane.

Men Sad at First.

"The men at first were very quiet, with sad faces, for they were just beginning to under-

stand the meaning of the word 'war' in the twentieth century. The fighting then was the fiercest because the soldiers on both sides were all trained.

"The government was unable to take proper care of the men wounded, or those taken sick from exposure, and, as a result, many died when otherwise, with the proper care, they could have been saved. This later was to be remedied.

"Around Soissons we fought for months, often in hand-to-hand battle with the German forces. Daily orders came for some regiment

to storm some building in the village both forces occupied, and when night would fall some of the men would go to sleep with only a concrete wall separating the two forces.

"It was in the Champagne country that I learned what was meant by 'no man's land.' After a period of fighting lasting several days, the lines would undergo a change, and a strip of land criss-crossed by barbed-wire fences, would stretch between the opposing lines. In plain view of both sides were the bodies of the hundreds of men that had been killed during the fight. These bodies would be tangled in the wires,



For 10-Cents an Advertisement in
The Sentinel Want Columns
Talks to Everybody in Ft. Wayne and Vicinity

Classified Ads 1c a Word Phone 173

EX-PRESIDENT TAFT SEES SOLDIER SON



Former President Taft is here shown talking things over with his son, Robert, who has joined the officers' reserve corps in training at Fort Myer, Va. Young Taft enlisted at his father's request.

Homes On Easy Payments

6-room home on Horace street near Thomas; large lot. Price \$1,850. Small payment down will buy it.
5-room home on Miner St. This is modern; lot 35x150; price \$2,300. On payments.
6-room home on Boone St.; modern. Lot 35x155. Price, \$2,250.
5-room home on Fox Ave., near Home. Modern. Price, \$1,950. Easy terms.

See DRULEY

With MONROE W. FITCH & SONS. Phones 1360-1361.

THE MARKETS

THREATENING WEATHER PUTS BLINK ON MARKS

Receipts Are Light and Prices Remain Steady With Few Exceptions.

Due to the threatening weather conditions of Thursday, receipts on the markets and among wholesale dealers were very light. Prices, however, remained the same as they have been with few exceptions. Wheat continued at \$2.68@2.70, and there were no further changes in flour quotations. On the retail market figures on eggs and butter were unchanged. Sixteen loads of hay, corn and oats were weighed at the city scales during the morning, and of these eleven were hay. The bottom price in hay advanced 50c, making the figures \$16.00@17.00. Two loads of corn were handled at the scales, one selling at \$1.61 per bushel, while the owner of the other received \$1.67. Three loads of oats sold at 64, 65 and 70c per bushel.

RETAIL STREET MARKET.

Eggs—Strictly fresh (condensed), 38c doz. Butter—Country, 35c (34c) lb. Potatoes—42c@45c lb. Potatoes—35c per bu.

Wholesale East Street Market.

Eggs—34c doz. Chickens—22@23c lb. Lard—20@22c lb. Butter—32@34c lb. Hogs—\$12.75@13.00. Wheat—\$2.68@2.70 bu. Oats—64@70c. Corn—\$1.61@1.67 bu. Hay—\$16.00@17.00 ton. Potatoes—\$3.00 bu. Wool—55c.

GRAIN AND PROVISIONS.

Wheat—\$2.68 bu. Rye—\$1.65 bu. Oats—70c bu. Corn—\$1.65 bu. Barley—\$1.00 bu. Flour—Winter wheat straight (Hungarian), \$15.00@15.50 per bbl; winter wheat, patent (Silver Dollar), \$15.80@16.20. Little Turkey Flour, \$14.80@15.40. Rye—Pure rye flour, \$13.20@13.60. Bran—\$42.00@44.00 ton. Shorts—\$44.00@46.00 ton. Middlings—\$46.00@48.00 ton. Chopfeed—\$48.00@50.00 ton. Cornmeal—Bolted, \$4.00@4.10 per cwt; coarse, \$3.80@4.00 per cwt. Cracked corn—\$3.80@4.00 per cwt. Screenings—\$4.00@4.10 per ton. Small Wheat—\$3.80 per cwt.

MAYFLOWER MILLS.

Wheat—\$2.70 bu. Corn—\$1.50 bu. Oats—65c bu. Rye—\$1.80 bu. Barley—\$1.00 bu. Flour—Winter (straight), \$15.40@16.20 bbl; New York flour, \$16.20@17.00 per bbl; Silver Dust flour, \$15.80@16.40 bbl; rye, flour, \$12.50@13.00 bbl. Bran—\$40.00 ton. Middlings—\$42.00 ton.

GLOBE MILLS QUOTATIONS.

Wheat—\$2.68 bu; corn, \$1.65 bu; oats, 70c bu; rye, \$1.65 bu; barley, \$1.00 bu; Jumbo poultry feed, \$60.00@70.00 ton; salt, per bbl, \$1.75. Straight winter wheat—\$15.40@16.40 bbl; Gold Lace, \$15.80@16.20 per bbl; Graham flour, \$12.00; bran \$12.00@14.00 ton; cornmeal (bolted), \$4.00@4.10 cwt; corn meal (coarse), \$3.80@4.00 cwt.

HIDES, WOOL, ROOTS, ETC.

(Well Bros. & Co.) Hides—Green, 18@20, per lb; cured light and heavy, 22@24, per lb; green calfskins, 25c per lb. Tallow—9 1/2@11c per lb. Greases—8 1/2@10, per lb. Beeswax—35c per lb. Sheep Pelts—50c@55.00. Unwashed Wool—55c.

MAIER HIDE AND FUR CO.

No. 1 green hides—18c per lb. No. 1 calfskin, cured—28@30c lb. No. 1 calfskin, cured—32c lb. No. 1 calfskin, green—30c lb. No. 1 horsehide—\$9.00 and down. Pelts, according to quality, \$2.00@3.50. Wild Ginseng—\$8.00@9.00. Golden Seal Root—\$4.50@5.00. Wool—48@55c lb.

Fort Wayne & Northern Indiana Trains

"WABASH VALLEY LINES." Effective August 27, 1916. WEST-BOUND TRAINS LEAVE: 6:00 A.M. 1:20 P.M. 7:20 A.M. 2:30 P.M. 9:00 A.M. 4:00 P.M. 9:20 A.M. 4:25 P.M. 11:15 A.M. 6:00 P.M. 12:00 Noon 8:30 P.M. SOUTH-BOUND TRAINS LEAVE: 6:00 A.M. 1:00 P.M. 7:00 A.M. 2:00 P.M. 8:00 A.M. 3:00 P.M. 9:00 A.M. 4:00 P.M. 10:00 A.M. 6:00 P.M. 11:00 A.M. 8:00 P.M. 10:00 P.M. Trains leaving here at 7:20 A. M., 9:20 A. M., 11:15 A. M., 1:20 P. M., 4:25 P. M. make connections at Peru for Indianapolis. —Limited trains. —To Boyd park only. —To Huntington only. —Local trains between Fort Wayne and Elkhart on Sundays only. —Daily except Sunday.

FEED QUOTATIONS.

(Corrected by W. D. Henderson & Co.) Timothy—\$14.00@16.00. Oats—73@75c bu. Corn—\$1.60@1.65 bu. Barley—\$1.00@1.10 bu.

PRODUCE QUOTATIONS.

(Ackerman-Welner Co.—Corrected by C. M. Welner.) Butter—Packing stock, 22c lb. Fresh eggs—33@34c doz. Potatoes—Michigan, 2 1/2-bu bags, \$8.50. Apples—Baldwin, bbl, \$5.00; fancy Ben Davis, per bbl, \$4.25; Rome Beauty (88), per box, \$2.50. Chickens—22c lb.

BEYER BROTHERS' QUOTATIONS.

(Corrected Daily by George Crouse. Subject to change without notice.) Michigan potatoes, per 10-peck bag, \$7.00. Apples—Fancy No. 1 Michigan, \$5.50 bbl. Onions—No. 1 yellow, per cwt., \$6.50. No. 2 yellow, per cwt., \$6.00. Lemons—300, California, per box, \$4.50. Oranges—\$3.25 box.

CITY SCALES.

Hay—Receipts, 11 loads; \$16.00@17 ton. Corn—Receipts, two loads; \$1.61@1.67 bu. Oats—Receipts, three loads; 64@70c bu.

POULTRY PRICES.

(Sherman White Co.) Hens—4 lbs and over, 13@19c. Broilers—1 1/2 to 2 lbs, 30c. Old Roosters—3c. Ducks—Fat and full feathered, 12c lb. Geese—Fat and full feathered, 10c lb.

KRAUS & APPELBAUM.

Jobbers' Prices— "AA" medium clover seed, \$11 bu. "A" medium clover seed, \$10.75 bu. "BB" medium clover seed, \$10.50 bu. "AA" mammoth clover seed, \$11.25 bu. "A" mammoth clover seed, \$11 bu. "BB" mammoth clover seed, \$10.75 bu. "KK" alfalfa, \$11.50 bu. "K" alfalfa, \$11 bu. "AA" alfalfa, \$10 bu. "A" alfalfa, \$9.75 bu. "AA" timothy seed, \$2.75 bu. "A" timothy seed, \$2.70 bu. Canada field peas, \$4 bu. Whippoorwill cow peas, \$4 bu. Dwarf Essex rape, 1 1/2c lb. White blossom sweet clover, \$12 bu. Millet seed, \$5.00 per 100 lbs. Paying Prices— Medium and mammoth clover seed, \$9 to \$9.50 bu. Alfalfa, \$9 to \$9.50 bu. Timothy seed, \$3 to \$3.50 bu. Wool—55c lb.

FORT WAYNE HOG MARKET.

Hogs, 160 to 250 lbs \$15.00 cwt. Hogs, 140 to 160 lbs 14.50 cwt. Pigs 12.75 cwt.

GOOD CROP REPORTS BRING DOWN WHEAT

Reaction from Bottom Figures Has Steady Influence.

Chicago, May 31.—Excellent crop reports had a decided bearish effect today on the wheat market. Opening prices, which ranged from 1 1/2c to 1 3/4c lower, with July at \$1.94 to \$2.00, were followed by reactions from the extreme bottom figures and comparative steadiness at 2 1/2c to 3c under Tuesday's close. The close was unsettled, 3 1/2c to 3c net lower, with July at \$1.94 and September at \$1.80.

Corn developed notable strength as a result of reports that the growing crop was being adversely influenced by too much rain and too little warmth. After opening 3 1/2c off to 1c advance prices rose sharply all around. The close was nervous at 1 1/2c@1 3/4c net decline. Oats hardened in value with corn. Higher quotations on hogs and corn gave some firmness to provisions.

Range of Prices for the Day.

Wheat: Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
July 1.94	2.00	1.93 1/2	1.94
Sept. 1.81	1.83	1.79	1.80
Corn:			
July 1.20 1/2	1.24 1/2	1.25 1/2	1.26 1/2
Sept. 1.16	1.28 1/2	1.22 1/2	1.23 1/2
Oats:			
July 57 1/2	.58 1/2	.56 1/2	.56 1/2
Sept. 51 1/2	.52	.49 1/2	.49 1/2
Pork:			
July 37.85	38.05	37.75	37.85
Sept. 37.60	37.90	37.55	37.65
Lard:			
July 21.65	21.75	21.52	21.55
Sept. 21.85	21.95	21.67	21.72
Ribs:			
July 20.52	20.75	20.47	20.65
Sept. 20.72	20.92	20.67	20.80

Toledo Cash Grain.

Toledo, O., May 31.—Wheat: Cash, \$2.70; July, \$1.97; September, \$1.82. Cloverseed—Prime cash, \$11.25; October, \$11.85; December, \$11.75. Alfalfa—Prime cash, \$11.50; September, \$11.50. Timothy—Prime cash, \$3.75; September, \$4.05. Toledo Closing Prices. Toledo, O., May 31.—Wheat: Cash, \$2.70, nominal; July, \$1.97; September, \$1.82. Corn—Cash, \$1.55; July, \$1.41; September, \$1.30. Oats—Cash, 65c; July, 58c; September, 51 1/2c. Rye—Cash, \$2.17.

LIVE STOCK MARKET.

East Buffalo, N. Y., May 31.—Hogs: Receipts today, 2,400 head; shipments, 750 head; official shipments to New York yesterday were 570 head; hogs closing slow; medium and heavies, \$16.20@16.40; one

Chicago Market.

Chicago, May 31.—Hogs: Receipts, 14,000 head; market was strong; bulk, \$15.35@15.85; light, \$14.60@15.75; mixed, \$15.15@15.30; heavy, \$15.15@15.35; rough, \$15.15@15.25; pigs, \$10.25@10.45. Cattle—Receipts, 4,000 head; market was firm; cattle, \$9.20@10.70; stockers and feeders, \$7.35@10.25; cows and heifers, \$6.25@11.50; calves, \$9.50@13.75. Sheep—Receipts, 5,000 head; market was weak; wethers, \$10.50@13.40; lambs, \$11.50@15.50; springs, \$13.00@16.00.

Pittsburg Market.

Pittsburg, May 31.—Hogs: Receipts, 2,000 head; market was lower; heavies, \$15.90@16.00; heavy Yorkers, \$15.25@15.90; light Yorkers, \$14.25@14.75; pigs, \$13.35@14.00. Sheep and lambs—Receipts, 300 head; market was lower; top sheep, \$11.50; top lambs, \$14.00. Calves—Receipts, 200 head; market was higher; top, \$14.25.

PRODUCE AND POULTRY.

Chicago Market. Chicago, May 31.—Butter market was unsettled; creamery, 31 1/2@42c. Eggs—Market higher; receipts, 25,136 cases; firsts, 34@35c; ordinary firsts, 32 1/2@33c; at mark, cases included, 32@34 1/2c. Potatoes—Market unsettled; new receipts, 60 cars; Texas and Alabama Triumphs, \$3.00@3.30; Louisiana Triumphs, \$3.00@3.25; Louisiana white, \$3.00@3.10; old, \$2.50@2.85; receipts, 15 cars. Poultry—Alive, higher; fowls, 13c.

New York Market.

New York, May 31.—Butter weak; receipts, 15,398 tubs. Eggs—Market irregular; receipts, 35,117 cases; fresh gathered extras, 35 1/2@36c; fresh gathered firsts, 36 1/2@37c. Poultry—Live, firm; chickens, broilers, 4 1/2@45c; fowls, 25c; turkeys, 18@20c; dressed, quiet; chickens, 23@30c; fowls, 19 1/2@25c; turkeys, 18@22c.

BUYING ORDERS GIVE WALL STREET GINGER

United States Steel is Moved Up and Other Issues Look Up.

New York, May 31.—Resumption of market operations over the holiday indicated a further accumulation of buying orders. Leaders opened at gains of 1 to 2 points, rails again displaying some hesitation. United States Steel was the overshadowing feature on its initial transactions of 12,000 shares at 134 1/2 to 135 1/2, an extreme advance of 1 1/2 points and a fraction above its previous maximum. Independent Steel shares registered equal advances, also Marine preferred, American Smelting and several specialties. Sugars were again conspicuously active and strong. Steel extended its rise to 1 1/2c in the first half hour, other industrials keeping pace with this movement. Steel touched 136 just before noon on further absorption in single lots up to 12,000 shares. Other active issues, rails and motors excepted, continued to improve. The more notable gains included American Cuba cane and South Porto Rico sugars at advances of 3 to 9 points, American Tobacco 4, Tobacco Products 2 1/2, Baldwin Locomotive 3 1/2, American 2 1/2, Harvester 2 and Marine preferred 2 1/2. Industrial Alcohol, Federal Smelting, Superior and Gulf States Steels, Barrett company and oils and papers were among the varied stocks included in the broad upward sweep of the morning at gains of 2 to 5 points. Bonds were steady.

THE WEATHER

LOCAL OFFICE UNITED STATES WEATHER BUREAU.

Fort Wayne, Ind., May 31, 1917. Local data for the 24 hours ending at noon today. Temperature at the End of Each Hour: 1:00 P.M. 63 1:00 A.M. 61 2:00 P.M. 70 2:00 A.M. 63 3:00 P.M. 71 3:00 A.M. 63 4:00 P.M. 70 4:00 A.M. 63 5:00 P.M. 68 5:00 A.M. 63 6:00 P.M. 65 6:00 A.M. 65 7:00 P.M. 65 7:00 A.M. 64 8:00 P.M. 65 8:00 A.M. 63 9:00 P.M. 65 9:00 A.M. 63 10:00 P.M. 65 10:00 A.M. 67 11:00 P.M. 62 11:00 A.M. 64 Midnight 60 Noon 70 Highest temperature yesterday, 71. Lowest temperature this morning, 61. Highest since the first of the month, 85 degrees on the 18th. Lowest since the first of the month, 33 degrees on the 9th. Precipitation for the 24 hours ending at noon today, .18 of an inch. Precipitation since the first of the month 2.94 inches. Maumee river stage at 7:00 A. M. today, 6.2 feet. Relative Humidity— 7:00 P. M. yesterday, 61 per cent. 7:00 A. M. today, 73 per cent. Noon today, 64 per cent. Barometer, Reduced to Sea-Level— 7:00 P. M. yesterday, 29.90 inches. 7:00 A. M. today, 29.76 inches. Sun sets today 7:06 P. M. Sun rises tomorrow 4:11 A. M. Forecasts till 7:00 P. M. Friday: For Fort Wayne and vicinity (radius 20 miles): Fair and cooler tonight and Friday. For Indiana: Generally fair and cooler tonight and Friday. For Ohio: Thunder showers this afternoon or tonight, cooler west portion; Friday cooler and generally fair. For Lower Michigan: Rain and cooler tonight; Friday partly cloudy; cooler east portion.

WEATHER CONDITIONS.

During the last 24 hours the storm moved from Kansas northeastward to Wisconsin, causing rains in the lake region, Ohio valley, Tennessee and in the central and upper Mississippi and lower Missouri valleys. Rain occurred also in the central Rocky mountain district, and rain or snow in Montana and in the western portion of North Dakota. The temperature is somewhat higher in the east Gulf states, and thence northeastward over the Ohio and St. Lawrence valleys. Lower temperatures prevail in the central and northern Rocky mountain states and thence eastward in the Mississippi river. While mild temperatures obtain on the Pacific coast and in the eastern half of the country, the weather is unseasonably cold in the western part of the plains states and in the Rocky mountain region. P. McDONOUGH, Local Forecaster.

KARENSKY NAPOLEON OF THE NEW RUSSIA

Dashing Young War Minister May Build Military Autocracy.

(By BASIL M. MANLY.) Washington, May 31.—That Alexander Kerensky, Russia's new war minister, will become the Russian Napoleon and lead her disorganized armies to victory under a dictatorship like that which Bonaparte created in



France 118 years ago, is the growing conviction of students of Russian affairs in Washington who are alive to the lessons of history. Conviction that Kerensky will be the Russian Napoleon is no fanciful surmise, but the reasoned conclusion of scholars who believe the development of leaders is shaped by the in-

escapable current of great events.

They see in Russia precisely the conditions that existed in France following the revolution and reason its outcome must be at least similar. In 1799 the French directory, which occupied a position analogous to the Russian provisional government, had lost the power which it once possessed over the French people. France was surrounded by enemies. The French treasury had run dry. The army was starving and disorganized. Like the Russian army it had thrown off the old discipline and soldiers were deserting by thousands. Peace agitation filled the air. Weary with long struggle and feeling its independence was safely guarded by the Rhine and the Alps, the nation longed for peace. The directory knew peace would be suicidal but was powerless to continue aggressive warfare until as a last resort Napoleon was placed in charge of the armies of France just as Kerensky was last week named to command the armies of Russia. So much for similarity of national conditions. Let us look now at the men.

Like Kerensky, Napoleon had been one of the most ardent of revolutionists and strong anti-monarchist. A follower of Rousseau, his pro-republican essays were written in the same temper and with as great earnestness as the fiery speeches of Kerensky in the duma. When Napoleon took charge of the armies to save France he had no more idea of becoming emperor than Kerensky has.

Kerensky's great speech announcing re-establishment of iron discipline in the Russian army sounds almost like an echo of Napoleon's speeches to the French armies of 1793. Even in features there is a marked resemblance between the two. It is true Kerensky lacks military training, but today victory requires organization and consolidation of entire nations, not mere groups of soldiers.

This is a task for a statesman, not for a soldier. It was Lloyd George, not a member of the British military staff, who reorganized Great Britain for victory. For this task the training of Kerensky admirably fits him. And above all he has caught the imagination and captured the confidence of the Russian soldiers and peasants to the same degree as the Little Corporal held the French people and its army enthralled by his courage and daring. Out of the volcanic upheaval of every revolution some leader of overwhelming greatness has appeared. It is not reasonable to expect that the Russian revolution will run true to form and develop its Napoleon or its Cromwell, in the person of some such genius as Kerensky, who today holds in his hands the fate of Russia and perhaps the fate of the entire world?

To remain beautiful eat an onion, half a pound of cabbage or spinach, half a grated turnip and a handful of cranberries daily. Mrs. Anna Peterson, domestic science lecturer, told club women in St. Paul.

Because ordinary ladders frequently slip when used against the walls of cylindrical silos an inventor has patented a metal one, the upper end of which is on wheels from a permanent track. Miss Adah Clays, of Bingham, Utah, is a girl who can pitch with either arm and can hold her own against the best boys teams of the state.



The production of fuel briquettes in the United States last year exceeded 235,000 tons and was the greatest on record, being an increase of 33 per cent from the year before.

House movers rolled Max Brodsky's dwelling out in the street in Minneapolis and struck for more money. Brodsky appealed for police protection until the movers came back to work.

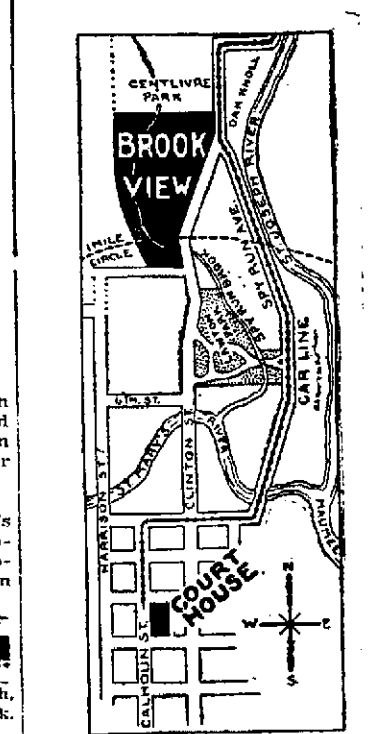
TOO LATE for CLASSIFICATION

LOST—Merschaum pipe. Telephone Booth, Pennsylvania station. Phone 6201 black. Reward.

FOR RENT—For four months or longer, completely furnished six-room modern house, garage, large garden, 3306 Broadway.

WANTED—Man with some experience in insurance. 601 Shoaff Bldg. 31-3t

BROOK VIEW

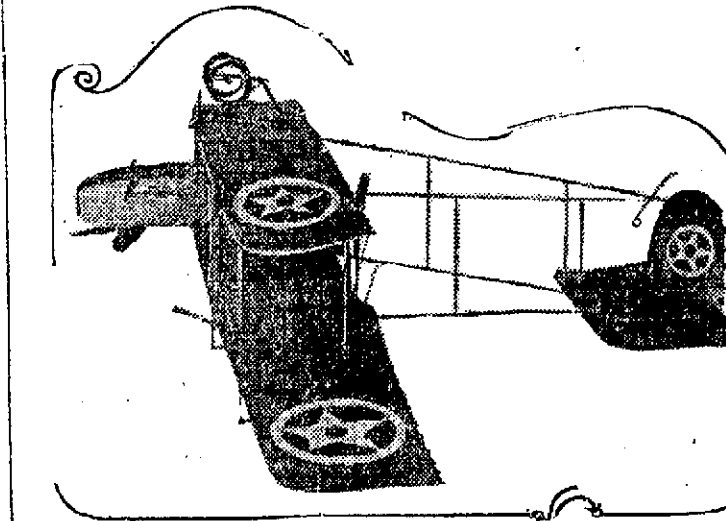


The map shows you how to go to this beautiful New Wildwood Development.

OUTBURSTS OF EVERETT TRUE



STAR IS EMBLEM ON U. S. WAR AIR PLANES



Secretary of the Navy Daniels has prescribed an official insignia on the aeroplanes, dirigibles and balloons of the navy to consist of a five-pointed white star inside a blue circular field with a red circle in the center of the star. It will be painted on the bot-toms of the aeroplane wings. The army will follow this example.

TIRE SALE

3,500-MILE GUARANTEED TIRES			
	Non-Skid		Non-Skid
28x3	\$ 8.75	31x4	\$18.65
30x3	\$ 9.75	32x4	\$19.50
30x3 1/2	\$12.05	33x4	\$19.75
32x3 1/2	\$14.15	34x4	\$20.10

Balance of Sizes Accordingly.

OUR 5,000-MILE TIRE with most liberal guarantee, including free repair against all accidents, will bear investigation. Price lower than other 3,500-mile tires.

We Make Our Own Adjustments. We have a Fully Equipped Vulcanizing Plant.

ROUSSEY AUTO TIRE CO.
Wholesale and Retail.
129 E. Main St. Phone 3043. Court House Square.

Try Sentinel Want Ads.

IF you need competent help—
you are looking for a position—
you own real estate and want to sell it—
you have a vacant apartment or room that you want to rent—
you have an automobile that you want cash for—
you want to sell some of your household effects—
you have anything to sell or want—

START A SENTINEL "WANT AD"
1c A WORD

Working for You Tomorrow.
Don't Put it Off—
PLACE YOUR AD. TODAY—
Phone 173

Help Wanted—Female.

WANTED—If you would like to have an excellent position this fall, begin to prepare for it now. A special class is being organized for your benefit. Office positions are of the most desirable kind, good pay—easy hours—splendid environment—excellent chances for advancement. A satisfactory position is secured for you by our Employment Department. Write or phone 504 for particulars.
INTERNATIONAL BUSINESS COLLEGE
5-29-31

WANTED—Ladies, learn hair dressing, beauty, culture or chiropody in few weeks. Good pay. Write for catalogue. Moler College, 105 South Fifth avenue, Chicago.
5-26-31

WANTED—Ladies to pump comfortable slippers or sport pumps, \$1.25 to \$3. Barefoot sandals that wear. Martin, 1303 Calhoun street.
5-22-tues-thur-sat-1m

WANTED—A good maid for general housework; no washing; good wages. 301 West Cresham.
5-17-1f

WANTED—Girls to sew on power machines. Inquire Anthony Waist Co., 131 West Columbia, third floor.
31-31

WANTED—Woman to do small family wash at her home. Address box 1, Sentinel.
5-31-1f

WANTED—Night cook at Wellington restaurant.
5-28-1f

EITHER SEX.

WANTED—Men, women to copy mailing sheets; \$2 day or evening guaranteed any energetic person; enclose dime for home file registered contract. Great Western Publishing Co., box 144, South Bend, Ind.
23-31

MISCELLANEOUS.

WANTED—Old false teeth. Don't matter if broken. I pay \$2.00 to \$15 per full set. Single and partial plates in proportion. Send by parcel post and receive check by return mail. L. Mazer, 2007 South Fifth street, Philadelphia, Pa.
5-26-131

H. GOLDSTEIN—Umbrellas and parasols repaired and recovered. Fancy parasols made to order. Work called for and delivered. Telephone 2456, 230 East Main street, Fort Wayne, Ind.
2-1-1f

WANTED—Watch, clock and jewelry repairing at reduced prices. Wayne L. H. Green, 208 West Berry street.
5-3-1f

WANTED—Old false teeth; don't matter if broken. I pay \$1.00 to \$10 per set. Send by parcel post and receive check by return mail. L. Mazer, 2007 South Fifth street, Philadelphia, Pa.
5-12-151

LOANS at reduced rates for a limited time on furniture, pianos, live stock, real estate equities, vacant lots or second mortgages. 201 Noll bldg. Phone 74.
3-19-60d-1f

WANTED—Second-hand pianos in exchange for Columbia Gramophones. Jacobs Music House, 1021-1023 Calhoun street.
7-17-1f

MUSIC TO BUY—Have cash customer for five or six-room all-modern home, within ten blocks of Bowser's. Phone 605. Ask for W. H. North.
30-21

LAWN MOWERS sharpened, work guaranteed to give satisfaction or no pay. Phone 6789 black and I will call. Frank Ueber, 2523 Oliver street.
4-20-1f

WANTED—General trucking and long distance moving. Phone 7398. H. W. Stute.
5-9-1m

REPAIR furniture, pack and crate household goods. George Mariotte. Phone 6283 red.
5-7-1m

A. C. BIERBERG, 309 Bass Block. Public Notary and Notary Public.
31-31

RAJETER'S telephone number has been changed from 366 to 826.
31-31

COLLECTIONS.

NO CHARGE unless money is paid to you or ourselves. Bills, notes, rent, wages, board bills, labor claims, etc. National Adjustment Co., 132 East Berry street, Phone 693.
4-24-1f

STRAYED.

STRAYED—Black and white pointer dog with stub tail. Reward. Phone 6320.
5-23-1f

NOTICE.

The Hamilton National Bank of Fort Wayne, located at Fort Wayne, in the State of Indiana, is closing up its affairs. All note holders and others, creditors of said association, are therefore hereby notified to present the notes and other claims against the association for payment.
F. H. POOLE, Cashier.
May 2, 1917.
5-2-2m

Try Sentinel Want Ads.

For Sale.

FOR SALE—HOMES.

FOR SALE—Beautiful little home on South Calhoun, near Wildwood. Six rooms and bath and reception hall; hardwood floors, double garage, motor plumbing. \$4,500. \$900 cash, \$40 per month.
W. E. DOUD. Phone 253.
209-10 Shoaff Bldg.
5-9-1f

FOR SALE—Seven-room modern home in Williams grove; hardwood floors and finish; soft water bath, walk up and down stairs oil painted; beautiful shrubbery. Price, \$5,350.
W. E. DOUD. Phone 253.
209-10 Shoaff Bldg.
5-9-1f

FOR SALE—Six-room home just being completed, facing Willwood avenue; lights, both water, toilet in house; corner lot. Price, \$3,000; \$300 cash, balance monthly.
W. E. DOUD. Phone 253.
209-10 Shoaff Bldg.
5-9-1f

FOR SALE—Seven-room home on Anthony boulevard; lot 44x150, north of Pontiac; was \$2,550; sacrificing at \$2,550 cash.
W. E. DOUD. Phone 253.
209-10 Shoaff Bldg.
5-9-1f

FOR SALE—A real snap in all-modern six-room home on paved street, south side, one block from car line. \$2,950 cash.
W. E. DOUD. Phone 253.
209-10 Shoaff Bldg.
5-9-1f

FOR SALE—Six-room home with acre of ground, on Anthony boulevard, opposite Pontiac place; 126½ feet; east frontage on boulevard. Price, \$3,850.
W. E. DOUD. Phone 253.
209-10 Shoaff Bldg.
5-9-1f

FOR SALE—Six-room home on Cottage avenue, just off South Wayne, with lights, both water, furnace and double garage; \$3,000; \$250 down, \$27.50 per month.
W. E. DOUD. Phone 253.
209-10 Shoaff Bldg.
5-9-1f

FOR SALE—Hoagland avenue, near Shawnee, substantial modern home; fireplace, soft water bath; lot 40x175, on west side. Priced only \$4,100. Terms given. Call 2105. Mr. Smithley.
5-9-1f

ACRES.

FOR SALE—Fourteen acres good land, near intersection stop 20, north. Call third house east of stop.
30-121

LOTS.

FOR SALE—Two-acre lots, pavement, water and sewers join them. Will make twelve nice lots, near ground recently purchased for new school; fine neighborhood. Just the place for gardening or to build houses on. Price, \$2,500. R. F. Corcoran, 131 Emond. Phone 7735 black.
31-31

RUDILL BOULEVARD lots, near Calhoun; priced low for quick sale; will make two nice lots, near ground recently purchased for new school; fine neighborhood. Just the place for gardening or to build houses on. Price, \$2,500. R. F. Corcoran, 131 Emond. Phone 7735 black.
31-31

FOR SALE—Lot on Hoagland avenue, Fox addition. Telephone 3948.
4-24-1f

Rooms for Rent.

FOR RENT—Two furnished houseskeeping rooms with gas (no children); one extra room on first floor, with use of kitchen; low rent. 807 Hugh street.
28-31

FOR RENT—215 Melita street, two rooms. SCHRAMMER & WILSON, Main and City.
3-1-1yf

FOR RENT—Furnished rooms, close to Electric works. 1437½ Broadway.
5-25-1f

FOR RENT—Office rooms. People's Trust and Savings Co. building, 913-915 Calhoun street.
5-23-1m

WANTED TO RENT—Three furnished rooms for light housekeeping, near General Electric works. 1729 Lindley avenue.
30-31

FOR HACKS, PHONE 95—IF YOU WANT a nice clean hack and driver for funerals or weddings, call phone 95. CHARLES E. RIPPE.
5-19-1m

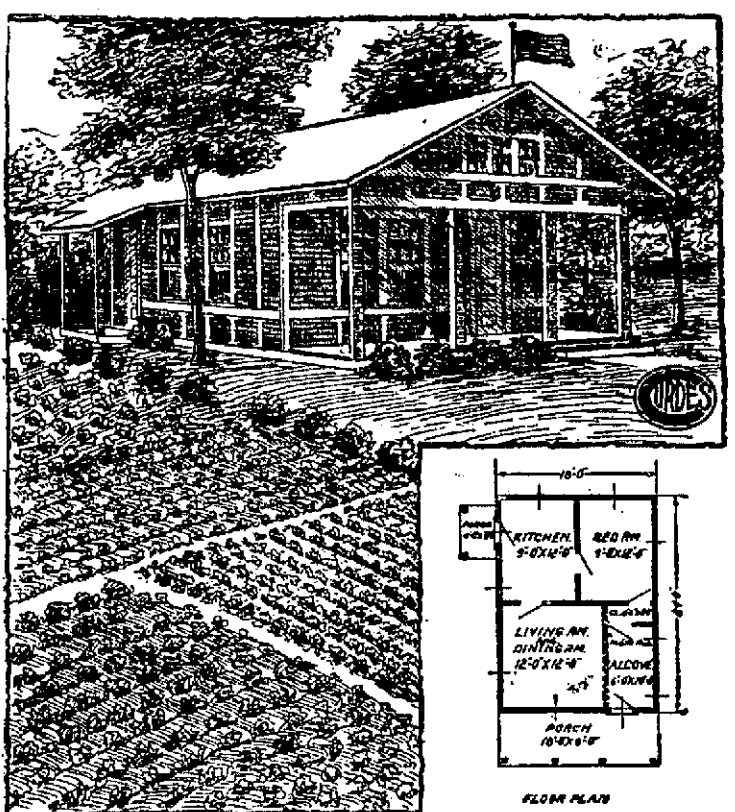
BUILDING MATERIAL SCARCE.

Delay in the receipt of lumber and other building material is holding up several contemplated buildings in the city, particularly residence buildings. A lumber dealer said this morning that material which should have been here a week or two ago had not arrived yet, and much of it is wanted for immediate use in house building.

American automobiles made large sales in the farming districts of South Africa in 1916. Motor plows and tractors are also coming into general use in that district.

Real Estate.

\$285.00 Cash, \$15.00 Per



Price \$1,385.00

This price includes this house and one acre of finest sandy loam, garden soil. Easiest ground to work in or near Fort Wayne. Three miles east of Court House. In

CURDES' HOME-WOOD ACRES

L. F. CURDES REALTY CO.
Phones 622 and 274. 125 E. Berry St.

For Sale.

HORSES AND VEHICLES.

FOR SALE—Two wagons for single driving, in good condition, cheap. John C. Kneid Co., 215 West Berry, rear. Phone 642.
4-20-1f

FOR SALE—Good driving horse. 1610 Spy Run avenue. Phone 1872.
5-15-1f

HOUSEHOLD GOODS.

FOR SALE—Quartered oak dining room table and large sideboard (buffet style). Telephone 7475 green.
5-24-1f

MISCELLANEOUS.

I HAVE the agency for Majestic furnaces. August Kruckeberg. Phone 6693 red.
4-5-1f

FOR SALE—Scratch pads; just the thing for school children; two pads for 5c, at Sentinel office.
5-15-1f

FOR SALE—Dr. Sanchez "Oxydonor," \$10. Regular price \$25. Address Oxydonor, care Sentinel.
28-31

FOR SALE—8x12 wool American flag; practically new. Address box 4, Sentinel.
30-31

FOR SALE—Letter press and stand; sale cheap. Apply Sentinel office.
1-29-1f

FOR SALE—2 push carts at 1.20. Apply at Sentinel office.
5-8-1f

Lost and Found.

LOST—Somewhere on south side, two steel rods addressed to "Taylor & Knover." Reward. Return to Wells-Fargo Express Co.
5-26-1f

FORT WAYNE & ZANESVILLE TRANSIT LINE.
Leaves Esplanade Restaurant
Leaves Anthony Hotel
8 A.M. Monday 4 P.M.
8 A.M. Tuesday 4 P.M.
8 A.M. Wednesday 4 P.M.
8 A.M. Thursday 4 P.M.
8 A.M. Friday 4 P.M.
8 A.M. Saturday 4 P.M.
8:30 P.M. Saturday 11 P.M.
Special Trips Sundays. Marley Feighner.

Real Estate.

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KNIGHTS OF COLUMBUS INITIATE LARGE CLASS

Take in Eighty-Nine from Ft. Wayne, Decatur, Garrett and Huntington.

In the presence of between six and seven hundred members of the Knights of Columbus, eighty-nine men were initiated into the order Wednesday afternoon in the law building. The initiation was a joint session between the councils of Fort Wayne, Decatur, Huntington and Decatur, and hundreds of visitors were present for the ceremonies. The third degree was conferred on the class by Justin N. McCarthy and staff of Chicago. Following the initiation ceremony a banquet was held at the Elks temple. Rev. M. J. Aichinger, of Auburn, responded to the toast, "Where We Stand," and addresses were also given by Thomas H. Hoey, of Chicago, and Justin N. McCarthy. William B. Sheahan, also of Chicago, sang several solos.

An important meeting of the local council will be held Monday night. It was announced Wednesday night that District Deputy Stephen Callahan would go to Indianapolis next Sunday to exemplify the third degree.

The knights who were initiated Wednesday are:

Huntington.
Leo J. Ehinger, Paul M. Martin, Emmet J. McGreevy, Paul J. Pfeiffer, Rudolph N. Scheer, Paul Gorman Truxter, Edward J. Gill, Thomas J. Landrigan, Louis Francis Mahern, A. Henry Reagan, George L. Schaefer, Louis G. Trizler, Edwin P. McCarty.

Decatur.
John Wehnhoff, George Apteman, Tony Newwald, Paul Reed, Ralph Mougey, Richard Ehinger, Carl Steigmeyer, T. S. Coffey, C. Sether.

Garrett.
Fred C. Moses, Frank Rothwell, Thomas Rogers, S. A. Johnson, Edward Blotkamp, Jonathan Shuttleworth, Clarence Bapst, Thomas Janowski, Anthony Biederski, Stephen Jankowski, B. A. Johnson, Ferdinand Fischer, Frank Yankowski, Germaine Loth, J. E. Baker, Anthony Steinmetz, Gustave A. Stockley, August Voketung, John Ueber, Herman Vanderbosh, Ignatius Schiffl, Julius Cortaux.

Fort Wayne.
Joseph Grosh, George Jansen, Gregory Zern, Frank Herr, Rev. William Gelsdorf, Harry M. Brady, Virgil Sullivan, Howard Fleckenstein, John E. Rodermund, Charles A. Donort, Edward Ernst, Rev. George Hasser, Lawrence L. Minster, Arthur Rosenberger, Harold Conroy, Evert C. Litchfield, Edward J. Hissins, J. Rev. Otto A. Peters, Charles Frankovich, William L. Roffelsen, Bernard Minnick, Vincent D'Aestima, Rev. John A. Dappi, Rev. John G. Bennett, Edward Schreck, Ralph Elford, S. A. Swetz, Louis H. Kappell, John J. Schneider, Oscar G. Schlemmer, Herman B. Petrilli, Allen Ward, William P. Wyss, Louis R. Grime, Dr. R. J. Berghoff, Clem P. Eckrich, Bryan Martin, Myron J. Parrott, H. F. Nichter, Leland J. Parrott, Herman Bir.

Makes Appeal for the Boy Scouts

Editor Sentinel: Some time ago the Fort Wayne high school cadet corps (Ft. W. H. S. C.) was organized. In the course of time it broke up and has been reorganized in the last few months. This was a good movement on the part of the high school for two reasons. First, it showed the public that the high school was not dead as some people had thought it to be. Second, it takes the place of more strenuous athletics.

The boy scouts were organized over seven years ago. It is a national organization. It, too, is a good movement. It has done more to improve the character of the youth of America than any other organization, including the Y. M. C. A.

Now any city can be proud of a cadet corps, but cannot the same city be still more proud to contain a branch of a national organization like the boy scouts? Certainly. Cannot the same city, however, be still more proud of both?

Fort Wayne has both the cadet corps (H. S. C. C.) and the boy scouts of America (B. S. A.). She can be proud of either one, but, as I stated before, she can be still more proud of both. The high school, however, wants only the cadet corps. This you will readily see is not the broadest view. The high school should desire fame for Fort Wayne, not for itself.

When the cadet corps was organized nothing was said about missing drill. Now 10 per cent is taken off a pupil's monthly grades for non-attendance at one drill. This means that a pupil who would have passed with a grade of 75 per cent will now flunk with a grade of 65 per cent. This punishment is too severe.

Many, or in fact, most of the scouts in the high school at the present time were in the boy scouts before entering the high school. Is it not loyal therefore for these boys to march with the scouts? Are the various teachers who oppose the scouts marching separate and in uniform but wanting them to march with the H. S. C. C. and not in uniform, showing much loyalty to Fort Wayne? Are they trying to help Fort Wayne make a good showing in any parade? Do they want Fort Wayne to have both the cadet corps and the scouts? No. They despise the scouts and want to get rid of them. And yet the boys who are now showing loyalty to the scouts by marching with them would be the first to go with the cadet corps when for any reason the scouts did not march. This is proven by the oath these boys have taken upon becoming scouts. If the rules now in effect (taking 10 per cent of the pupil's monthly grades for non-attendance at drill for instance) had been given when the cadet corps was organized, nearly all the scouts in the high school would not have signed up. Excuses to march with the scouts are now granted with the wrong spirit on the part of the high school, and as it is no one is allowed to withdraw from the cadet corps after once signing up. What are the scouts to do? Surely this is unjust!

It is evident that this method of managing the cadet corps is unjust and wrong; but we can only hope that in the future excuses permitting the boy

FOR THE HEART 50 CENT BOTTLE FREE

Thousands of people have made the mistake of buying stomach and liver medicine because of palpitation and irregular action of the heart. Treat the heart first, is a wise rule.

The heart is the "engine" of the body. Build up the heart, make it strong and regular in its action if you want to feel well. Keep a strong stream of pure blood circulating through every organ, every part of the body. Feel younger, stronger, more active.

We want all who suffer from irregular heart action or poor circulation of blood, weak and overtaxed hearts, palpitation, heart pains, nervous disorders, "Tobacco Heart," Nervous Exhaustion or failure of the heart functions, to test CARDIANI. You need only send your name and address to THE CARDIANI COMPANY, Dept. 342 A, East Hampton, Conn., with 35 cents in stamps to help pay part of the shipping expense. You will receive by return Parcel Post a regular 50c bottle of CARDIANI (30 doses) free from all further expense or obligation on your part. Guaranteed not to injure the most delicate system. Absolutely free from any habit-forming or dangerous drugs.

Try it. Find how quickly had symptoms disappear and how much stronger one can feel. Do not neglect your heart—don't take chances—Advertisement.

scouts to march with their various troops will be granted, more readily and with a better spirit on the part of the high school.

ISAAC LUCIUS BATTIN, Senior Patrol Leader of Troop No. 3, Fort Wayne, Ind., May 31, 1917.

THREE ARE ARRESTED AS PARADE PASSES

Child Neglector Was Watching "Boys in Drab" When Nabbed.

When the impressive Memorial day parade had passed there were three more men in the city jail. Frank S. Swan, contractor, who had a part in erecting two of the structures at the General Electric works, was intensely watching the filing line of new soldier boys when Detective Sergeant Immel laid a heavy hand on his shoulder. Swan is charged with child neglect. He is at liberty under \$300 bond for trial on June 15. The wife, who has been staying with friends on Park avenue, alleges that her husband has been traveling from town to town with another woman.

Albert Priest and Will Robinson, colored, came all the way from Crestline, Ohio, to view the Decoration day demonstration here. They were having difficulty in maintaining a definite equilibrium as the procession passed. They were locked up on a drunk charge. A fine of \$1 and costs was levied on the pair on Thursday morning.

Was Hungry.
Henry Cochran, 31, had not partaken of food for two days, he said, when Detective Sergeant Walter Immel arrested him, near the Transfer corner, Wednesday evening. Cochran had been drinking off his day, he told Immel. He was dirty and shabby. He knew he would be arrested if "spotted," he told. He was so hungry that he did not care finally, he admitted. Cochran says he is a deserter from the army. He fled from camp at Douglas, Arizona, he states. He is held under \$200 bond to await word from federal authorities.

Other Police Court Cases.
The case of wife neglect against Thomas Smith was dismissed, Thursday morning. He had been continued for two weeks after Mrs. Smith filed charges on May 15. Mrs. Smith asked that not be dropped as there is now peace at the "cabin" where the pair reside, near the Centerville brewery. There is a little garden patch, Mrs. Smith is taking in washings and Thomas is trying to pay the back rent, the wife told Judge Kerr.

The case of assault and battery against William Klinger was dismissed. Klinger was driving the truck against which a small child ran, at the corner of Superior and Ewing streets, two weeks ago.

Ray Taylor, supporting his child, was arrested, Judge Kerr was informed. The continued case against Yahnke was dropped. Charles Kraft was released after pleading guilty to an intoxication charge.

JUDGE HENCH AT WATERLOO.

Judge S. M. Hench was at Waterloo on Decoration day and made an address at memorial services at the cemetery in the afternoon and addressed the G. A. R. veterans at a patriotic meeting in the town hall in the evening.

Hawkins, the first English envoy from the East India company, arrived in India in the year 1609.

MONTGOMERY
CASH
GROCERY
CO.

NEW—POTATOES—NEW

Well, the new potatoes have pushed the old ones out of the market. New ones are cheaper and our stock is fancy, smooth, and clean; no waste.

New Potatoes, per pk. \$1.00
Flour, small sack, \$1.55
Cane Granulated Sugar, per lb., 10c
Eggs, former lots, per doz., 38c
Lard Compound, the best, lb., 23c
Milk, tall can, 1st small, 10c
Salmon, tall can, 1st small, 18c
Shredded Cod Fish, per pkg., 10c
New Pearl Barley, 10c; 3 lbs., 25c
Graham Wafers, per lb., 17c
Soda Crackers, per lb., 17c
Perfection Honor Cakes, per lb., 17c
Ginger Snaps, per lb., 12c
Shinola Shoe Blacking, 2 boxes 15c
Cigar Clippings, Union Packed, per pound, 35c
Cotton Glycerin, 3 pkgs., 25c
Barley for feed, per bushel, \$1.25
PHONE 174. PHONE 194.

SENTINEL WANT ADS ALWAYS GET RESULTS

MATTHEW ZAHN CALLED SUDDENLY BY DEATH

Had Been Resident of This City for the Past 46 Years.

Matthew Zahn, aged 78 years and a resident of Fort Wayne for the past forty-six years, died Thursday morning at his home, 713 East Jefferson street, at 9:30 o'clock. Death resulted from a complication of diseases and came rather unexpectedly. He had been in the employ of the city as a laborer for several years. Mr. Zahn was born in Germany, but came to America when he was 32 years old. He came almost directly to Fort Wayne and had lived here ever since. He was a devout member of St. Mary's Catholic church through all his residence in Fort Wayne. He was also a member of the St. Carolus Borromeus Relief society and the Holy Name society. He is survived by the widow, of this city, and three sisters in Germany.

Funeral services Saturday at 8:30 at the residence and at 9 o'clock at St. Mary's Catholic church.

Friends are asked to omit flowers; interment in the Catholic cemetery.

BEARMAN.

Mrs. Margaret Bearman, wife of Henry Bearman, of Madison township, died Wednesday afternoon at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Louis Bruot, 1423 Grant avenue. Death came at the age of 61 years and followed a long illness. Surviving relatives besides the husband are six daughters: Mrs. August Klenke, of Zanesville; Mrs. Henry Grodrian, of Madison township; Miss Matilda Bearman, of Madison township; Mrs. Maurice Grodrian, of Madison township; Mrs. Louise Bruot and Mrs. W. Hazelett, of Fort Wayne; two sons, Fred and Edward Bearman, both of Madison township; five brothers, John, Henry and Fred Trautman, of Fort Wayne; Jacob Trautman, of Abolt, and Edward Trautman, of Madison township. Fifteen grandchildren also survive.

GOWEN.

Mary K. Gowen, aged 40 years, died Wednesday night at her home on Florence avenue after an extended illness due to bowel trouble. Surviving relatives include the husband, three children, Grace and Chester Gowen and Mrs. G. Bauer. The body will be taken to the home of the daughter, Mrs. G. Bauer, 1908 St. Clair street.

FUNERAL NOTICES.

Beverford.—Funeral services for August Beverford will be held Friday afternoon at the residence of the sister, 2811 Broadway, at 2:30; private; interment in Concordia. Friends may view the remains until Friday noon.

COUNTY BOARD OF REVIEW TO MEET

Five Men Will Begin the Thirty Day Session Next Monday Morning.

The annual session of the county board of review will begin next Monday morning. This board will meet for thirty consecutive days and will pass on all revisions of taxation and assessment rates.

The board is composed of the county treasurer, county auditor, county assessor and two men appointed by the judge of the circuit court. The two men who served on the board last year were Paul P. Kinder and William Sible.

The next reappraisal of real estate will not be taken until 1919, so that this year's session, although expected to be a busy one, will not be one overtaxed with work.

COUNTY COUNCIL SESSION.

Special Meeting of This Body Will Be Held June 11.

A special meeting of the county council is being called for June 11, at which time the appropriation of \$50,000 for the Allen county Tuberculosis hospital will be considered. The first appropriation was for \$50,000 but when bids were opened it was found that this was not large enough to cover the expense.

Case Is Dismissed.

After calling in a jury and following the presentation of a portion of the evidence in the case of the State of Indiana against Albert Roth, charged with unlawful hunting, the game commissioner, through the prosecuting attorney, asked that the case be dismissed.

Seeking Assistance.

Asa W. Grosvenor, county surveyor, is looking for five or six experienced men who will assist in the work in the surveyor's office. He states that the work is very heavy and that it is absolutely necessary that help be secured at once.

Marriage Licenses.

Edward E. Doehrmann, real estate salesman, to Clara L. Rippa.

REALTY COMPANY MOVES.

The J. W. Miller Realty company moved into its new offices in the Utility building Thursday afternoon. They will occupy the rooms Nos. 432 and 433.

Birth Record.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. James Mudd, 226 Melton street—a boy.

To Mr. and Mrs. Roy. Paul Miller, 1120 Barr street—a girl.

To Mr. and Mrs. James Hay, 606 Huffman street—a boy.

Contagion.

New cases of contagion are: Marie Scheicher, 16, 1416 Fletcher avenue, diphtheria; Virginia Arnold, 8, 1919 Crescent avenue, scarlet fever, and Charles Grumert, 2002 Oliver street, diphtheria.

COMMITTEE FILES MAPS AND PROFILES

Complete Report in Regard Training Camp to Get to General Barry June 3.

A complete report, including maps and profiles of the proffered site for a military training camp near Fort Wayne, was filed by the local committee Thursday. The complete report was sent to the war board which inspected the site here last Monday.

Upon the receipt of the report of the local committee which includes all details, the war board will make its report and must submit it to General Barry at Chicago by June 3. General Barry will then review all the sites as offered by various cities in the central department after which he will make his decision.

Local men who are interested in the location of the training camp near this city are optimistic about the decision of General Barry and feel confident that Fort Wayne's offer will be given due consideration.

ADDITIONAL SPORTS CHEVROLET BROTHERS

1-2 IN AUTO CLASSIC

Louis Finishes First With Average of More Than a Hundred Miles Per Hour.

Cincinnati, O., May 31.—Driving at an average speed of 102.1 miles an hour, Louis Chevrolet in a Frontenac yesterday afternoon won the Memorial day 250 mile auto race in 2:26:47. Gaston Chevrolet, his brother, also at the wheel of a Frontenac, was second, and Ira Vail, in a Hudson, third. Twenty-eight racing drivers started after the \$28,000 prizes.

Chevrolet and De Palma had a battle royal for the first hundred miles, one of the other taking the lead at various times. But the Intrepid Frenchman sent his car at a faster clip during the last half of the race and kept up his dare-devil driving to the finish.

The only accident of any moment was when W. S. Hines' Mercer caught fire on the back stretch. The driver was not injured, but was forced out of the running. Other drivers were forced to quit on account of engine trouble.

Louis Chevrolet received \$12,500 of the purse, his brother, Gaston, \$5,000, and Vail \$2,000.

Winner Takes Lead.

Louis Chevrolet was in the lead at the end of fifty miles, having done this distance in 29 minutes and 52 seconds, for an average of 100.45 miles an hour. The Frenchman passed the seventy-mile mark with an average speed of 102.31 miles an hour. De Palma was second.

Before the eighty-mile score was hung up, Gaston Chevrolet captured second place. Louis Chevrolet's time for eighty miles was 47:29. At ninety miles the contest was between Gaston Chevrolet and De Palma for second place. The Italian passed young Chevrolet just before he registered ninety miles. Louis Chevrolet did this distance in 53:26, for an average of 101.08 miles an hour.

De Palma Slows Up.

Louis Chevrolet showed the way for the 100 miles. De Palma's Packard was pressing hard and Gaston Chevrolet was third. Louis Chevrolet's time was 59:27, an average of 101.92 miles per hour.

When the leaders had done 100 miles, Raines' Mercer was out. Ostewen's Stutz had quit with engine trouble before this. De Palma snatched the lead at 120 miles, having made this distance in 1:11:17. Louis Chevrolet was second and Gaston third. De Palma led to Louis Chevrolet before 150 miles. Chevrolet's time for 150 miles was 1:23:12.

Gaston Chevrolet had edged into second place at the end of 160 miles. De Palma was third, a few seconds behind the younger Chevrolet. De Palma was losing ground as a leaking radiator had slowed him up and threatened to put him out of the race.

At 200 miles the Chevrolet brothers were in first and second places, with Louis Chevrolet's time of 1:57:12 showing a greatly increased rate of speed. His average was 102:30 miles an hour. Hearne in a Duesenberg had pushed up into third place and Vail was running fourth.

RICKEY STILL SIGNS STARS OF COLLEGES

Transferring Branch Rickey to the Cardinals did not stop his operations designed to send young college stars to the major leagues.

Rickey has just signed Pitcher Edward Langdon, of Pittsburgh university, for the Cardinals, his first operation of this sort since he accepted the presidency of that club.

Rickey failed to sign LeGore, of Yale, for the Cards, because LeGore had joined an eastern military unit for service in France. It is said LeGore refused a record breaking offer to play baseball.

Rickey's last big deal was the signing of Scarpay Moore, Vanderbilt infielder, for the Browns before he went to the Cards. He was also responsible for the signing of George Slater and Ernie Koob.

COLORED CLUBS TO PLAY NEXT SUNDAY

Sunday is going to be one big day at League park. Two colored clubs, the Black Diamonds, piloted by Ocean City Duke Smith, and the Colored Giants under Dupes and Wilson, will settle a long dispute on the field. The winner of this contest will play Mart Cleary's Lincoln Life club.

The colored clubs have been staging a battle of words for some time and are now going to settle all arguments. Two colored umpires will serve as arbitrators in this game. Ocean City Duke is certain he is going to put the Jokers under the Giants.

RAIDS OF RHETORIC IN COLLEGE WRANGLE

Nine Orators to Discuss Needs of New State Constitution.

Shrapnel of science, raids of rhetoric and entrenchments of legal citations will be part of the intercollegiate word engagement at the high school building Friday evening. Object of the intellectual skirmish is to bring a clearer understanding of the benefits of a new constitution for Indiana.

Nine of the leading colleges and universities of Indiana will meet in the contest. The debate will start at 8 o'clock. The public is invited. The affair is now an annual event.

The final contest took place last year at Muncie, and the year before at Indianapolis. Both times the speakers represented exceptional talent, for the contestants are picked men all over 21 years of age.

All contestants will speak on subjects relating to constitutional reforms, hence the event will be educational and be a rare treat at the same time. Each speaker will be allowed twelve minutes to present his argument.

The cash prizes have, in every case, been donated by some prominent public spirited citizen, and this year are due to Samuel M. Foster, who is also largely responsible for bringing the contest to Fort Wayne.

MONROE DOCTRINE GREW FROM LOVE OF LIBERTY

Charles Niezer Talks to Rotarians on Principles of Document.

"The Monroe doctrine grew out of the same feeling that is in the country today, a love of liberty, a democracy, and a desire to spread that democracy to all parts of America," said Charles Niezer, in his talk to the Rotary club Thursday noon on the subject of the Monroe Doctrine.

"America has never proffered one bit, politically, commercially or any other way by the application of the principles of the Monroe doctrine, but she has steadfastly applied those principles for the benefit of her neighbors in South and Central America. Jefferson, Madison and Monroe are the greatest diplomats this country has known, because they are the men who established and put into a permanent form the principles of the Monroe doctrine. Theodore Roosevelt carried out the principles of the doctrine in his handling of the Venezuelan question."

Mr. Niezer went on to give some of the historical facts connected with the establishment of the doctrine and said in conclusion that the principles embodied in it must be extended to include, not only European countries, but Asiatic as well.

At the conclusion of the talk, all the Rotarians were asked to be on hand Wednesday night with hoses to do their part in the planting of the Rotarian potato patch.

Dr. M. F. Porter is in Washington, D. C., for a short trip.

Mr. and Mrs. D. S. Myers have moved from Home avenue to 2724 Broadway.

Dr. Charles Gruber went to Indianapolis, Thursday, to attend the meeting of the state board of veterinarians.

WOLFESSAUER

Women, Whose Favorite Color is Pink, Will Delight in This Exclusive Sale of Pink Silks

Lives there a woman who doesn't simply adore pink? Who hasn't, when a little girl longed for a pink parasol, or yearned for a fluttering sash of rosy hue? Pink is the most feminine and most appealing of all the colors, and particularly so this season, with so many exquisite shades and tones, each more alluring than the other.

STARTING TODAY
A Sale of Pink Chiffon Taffeta

At \$1.19

This week the silk aisle is a primrose path, featuring a sale of pink taffeta exclusively. It is an event of especial interest to June Brides and their Maids, Graduates and all Women who love daintiness generally. The silk is a beautiful quality of soft chiffon taffeta, one yard wide and comes in very lovely shades of pink.

Included are: Delicate Flesh Tint, Rose Pinks, Coral Pinks, Primrose Path, Old Rose, New Rose, Opalescent Pink and Changeable Pinks.

OFFICE IS MOVED.

The branch office of the New York Life Insurance company, which has jurisdiction over northern Indiana territory, has moved into its new quarters in the second floor of the Utilities building on East Wayne street and is now ready for business.

BABE IS KIDNAPED.

Springfield, Mo., May 31.—Lloyd, 14 months old son of B. H. Keet, vice president of the Holland Banking company, was kidnapped while his parents were attending a dance at the country club last night. Bloodhounds were placed on the trail of the kidnappers today.

LITTLE GIRL SPREADS ALARM AS BARN BURNS

Little Mildred Scott, daughter of S. D. Scott, 2014 Broadway, ran screaming to the house when she saw smoke rolling from the top of her papa's barn, Thursday morning. Her mother telephoned in the fire alarm. Neighbors led the horse from the frame building and rescued the buggy from the flames. The building was almost totally destroyed by the blaze, which is of unknown origin. The loss is estimated at \$150.

PIANO STUDENTS

Welcome daylight saving plan. Studies to continue through summer.

MAX R. MILLER, Teacher of the Piano

1717 ILLINOIS AVE. PHONE 2085 GREEN.

TERMS—1-3 Grade, \$1.00. 4th Grade up \$1.50.

CENTRAL CROCERY

119 W. WAYNE STREET, FT. WAYNE, INDIANA

462 BROWN

I. FREIBURGER CO.

FARMERS

Bring your Poultry, Butter and Eggs. We pay daily market prices—cash.

New Location Corner Harrison and Wayne.

We Deliver Promptly

Vegetables and Fruit

See our display—a real pleasure to select your fresh supplies at the Central. Everything in season.

Lettuce, 11c lb. S. S. Onions, 3 lbs. 19c.

Special---Cut Prices

TAKE ADVANTAGE OF THESE SPECIAL PRICES AND SAVE—A FEW REAL SNAPS.

Large Ripe Pineapples, \$1.35 Doz.

Finest New Potatoes, 95c Pk.

Fancy Large Wash. Potatoes, 90c Pk.

Oranges, 2 Doz. 25c; Butter, 35c lb.

Large 12c Pkgs. Mac. or Spaghetti; 3 for 25c

New Pack 15c Pkgs. Seeded Raisins, 11c

"Mothers" Rolled Oats, Special 3 Pkgs. 25c

Swifts White Laundry Soap, 10 Bars 43c

"Grandmas" Cookies, Reg. Pr. 18c; Sale, 14c

"Royalty" 30c Qual. Margarine 28c; 2lbs. 55c

Strictly Pure Lard, 26c Pd.

Flour

Our Special, sale, \$1.85-\$3.65

Hungarian \$1.90-\$3.75

Silver Dollar \$1.95-\$3.85

Newveno \$1.95-\$3.85

Silver Dollar \$1.95-\$3.85

Enterprise \$2.00-\$3.95

Central Baking Powder... 15c. lb. can

Canned Goods

25c Tomatoes.....20c can

20c Corn.....17c can

15c Peas, 2 for.....25c

15c Hominy.....12c can

15c Pumpkin.....10c can

30c Gage Plums.....22c can